

Macro Scouting Report Monthly

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Darius Dale, Founder & CEO



Tuesday, April 25, 2023

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Key Takeaways: Tuesday, April 25, 2023

- MEDIUM TERM (3-12mos): We have long expected risk assets to chop around between SPX ~3800 and SPX ~4200 until the Phase 2 Credit Cycle downturn begins sometime in 2H23. No change to that view.
 - MODAL OUTCOME (High Probability): Our "resilient US economy = resilient US inflation" theme continues to perpetuate the Phase 1 Liquidity Cycle downturn. As such, we believe the Fed is likely to continue tightening monetary policy despite mounting stress in the financial sector. We expect a final rate hike in May and QT extending through yearend 2023. Investors should expect no unencumbered liquidity provision from the Fed until 2024 at the earliest.
 - LEFT TAIL RISK (Middling Probability): Our analysis suggests the US economy is unlikely to enter recession until late-2023. Thus, a recession that develops much sooner than our expectation will likely cause risk assets to crash from elevated levels given that the Phase 2 Credit Cycle downturn has yet to be priced in.
 - RIGHT TAIL RISK (Low Probability): China's recovery from Zero COVID and Europe's recovery from the worst of its energy crisis are on track and supportive of global growth. Moreover, Debt Ceiling dynamics are likely to inflate @42Macro Adjusted Net Liquidity modestly through midyear into a likely "pause pivot" by the Fed. Each of these outcomes is bearish for the US\$ and may continue to inflate risk assets given bearish POSITIONING and trending cross-asset correlations.

• RISK MANAGEMENT:

- SELLS: n/a
- BUYS: n/a
- OVERBOUGHT: n/a
- OVERSOLD: n/a

• EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES:

- <u>https://42macro.com/walkthrough</u>
- <u>https://42macro.com/the-playbook/</u>
- <u>https://bit.ly/3DcrL21</u>

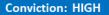


© 42 Macro LLC. Asterisk* denotes nearly overbought/oversold. Two asterisks** denotes overbought/oversold signal based on tenuous VAMS condition.

We Use The @42Macro Weather Model In Conjunction With Our GRID Model Framework To Anticipate Inflections In The Liquidity Cycle And Dispersion Within And Across Asset Markets

Ten Principal Co Real Econ	omponents o nomy Indicat				United Sta 4/25/20	Ten Principal Components of Macro: Financial Economy Indicators								
Growth	Previous Value	e Latest Value	Previous Sigr	nal Latest Signal			Latest Signal	Previous Sign	al Latest Value	Previous Value	Monetary Policy			
OECD Composite Leading Indicator	98.5 98.5 🤟			•	Stock Market		•	•	\$5,711	\$5,697	@42Macro Adjusted Net Liquidity \$bn			
Bloomberg Consensus NTM Real GDP Δ	-150bps -140bps 🌵 🦊			3-Month Outlook		•	🎍 🦊 \$		\$30,202	Global Central Bank Balance Sheet \$bn				
Inflation	Bond Market		Latest Signal	Previous Signa	al Latest Value	Liquidity								
Headline CPI YoY	6.0%	5.0%	Ψ		Dona warket				-8.3%	-3.3%	Domestic Narrow Money Supply YoY			
Bloomberg Consensus NTM Headline CPI Δ	-295bps	-170bps			3-Month Outlook		•		-1.3%	0.7%	Global PPP-Weighted Narrow Money Supply YoY			
Employment	Previous Value	e Latest Value	Previous Sigr	nal Latest Signal	US Dollar		Latest Signal	Previous Sign	al Latest Value	Previous Value	Interest Rates			
Unemployment Rate	3.6%	3.5%			US Dollar		1	1	5.00%	5.00%	Benchmark Policy Rate			
Bloomberg Consensus NTM Unemployment Rate Δ	110bps	100bps	1	•	3-Month Outlook		•		-108bps	-91bps	2yr Nominal Yield Spread vs. Benchmark Policy Rate			
Corporate Profits	Previous Value	e Latest Value	Previous Sigr	nal Latest Signal	Commodities		Latest Signal	Previous Sign	al Latest Value	Previous Value	Fear			
Bloomberg Consensus NTM Sales Growth Rate	1.5%	1.5%		•	Commodifies		8		10%	14%	Extreme Aggregated US Dollar POSITIONING			
Bloomberg Consensus NTM EPS Growth Rate	-2.2%	-2.2%	1	•	3-Month Outlook		0		-12%	-14%	Extreme Aggregated US Rates POSITIONING			
Fiscal Policy	Fiscal Policy Previous Value Latest Value Previous Signal Latest Signal						Latest Signal	Previous Sign	al Latest Value	Previous Value	Greed			
Sovereign Fiscal Balance/Nominal GDP	-5.5%	-6.9%	Ŷ	•	Bitcoin		0		5%	-3%	Extreme Aggregated Commodities POSITIONING			
Real Effective Exchange Rate	106.2	106.7	JL		3-Month Outlook		0	0	-5%	-5%	Extreme Aggregated US Equities POSITIONING			

GRID Regime: DEFLATION





© 42 Macro LLC. Data Source: Bloomberg. How the model works: Each of the 20 features representing the Ten Principal Components of Macro contributes independently to the independent Composite Signals for each asset class. Each Composite Signal is designed to predict whether observed macroeconomic conditions – aka the "Macro Weather" – support buying, holding, or selling the asset class today with a 3-month investment horizon.

K.I.S.S. Portfolio Construction Process = Keep It Simple & Systematic

I. Factor Selection Process: Start with a rigorously backtested understanding of market history via our GRID Asset Market Backtests.

- Step 1: Determine the Probability-Adjusted Annualized Expected Return for each asset in each GRID Regime. Use that figure to calculate Expected Sharpe Ratios for each asset in each GRID Regime.
- Step 2: Allocate a Target Exposure of 10% to three of the top five Expected Sharpe Ratios in each of the three asset classes (Equities, Fixed Income, and Macro) and the final 10% Target Exposure to a qualitative best idea – each according to the current GRID Regime as indicated by the @42Macro Weather Model.
- Step 3: If the @42Macro Weather Model indicates a HIGH-conviction GRID Regime, then all three exposures per asset class must correspond to
 that GRID Regime. If the @42Macro Weather Model indicates a MEDIUM-conviction GRID Regime, then two of the three exposures per asset
 class must correspond to that GRID Regime and the final one to the GRID Regime implied by consensus NTM growth and inflation expectations.
 If the @42Macro Weather Model indicates a LOW-conviction GRID Regime, then only one of the three exposures per asset class must
 correspond to that GRID Regime and the final two to the GRID Regime implied by consensus NTM growth and inflation expectations.
- II. Top-Down Risk Management Overlay: Systematically incorporate changing market conditions via Expected Volatility Targeting.
 - If the @42Macro Weather Model signal for the respective asset class (Equites, Fixed Income, and Macro = Currencies, [Gold = inverse of US Dollar], Commodities, Digital Assets, and [Volatility = inverse of Equities]) is BULLISH, then the Target Exposure per corresponding position = 10%.
 - If the @42Macro Weather Model signal for the respective asset class (Equites, Fixed Income, and Macro = Currencies, [Gold = inverse of US Dollar], Commodities, Digital Assets, and [Volatility = inverse of Equities]) is NEUTRAL, then the Target Exposure per corresponding position = 7.5%.
 - If the @42Macro Weather Model signal for the respective asset class (Equites, Fixed Income, and Macro = Currencies, [Gold = inverse of US Dollar], Commodities, Digital Assets, and [Volatility = inverse of Equities]) is BEARISH, then the Target Exposure per corresponding position = 5%.
- III. Bottom-Up Risk Management Overlay: Systematically incorporate "the wisdom of the crowd" via Dynamic Position Sizing.
 - If the exposure is Bullish VAMS, then the Actual Exposure = 100% of the Target Exposure
 - If the exposure is Neutral VAMS, then the Actual Exposure = 50% of the Target Exposure
 - If the exposure is **Bearish VAMS**, then the Actual Exposure = 0% of the Target Exposure



@42Macro GRID Asset Market Backtests: **DEFLATION**

	Annualized Expected Return			Percent Positive Ratio				Volatility			60	variance w/		*-	1	KICC E	reacted Sha	rpe Ratio Ra	okioar		
FACTOR (ETF)																					-
	GOLDILOCKS					REFLATION			GOLDILOCKS				GOLDILOCKS	REFLATION	INFLATION		FACTOR (ETF)		REFLATION	INFLATION	
S&P 500 (SPY)	24%	13%	-8%	-3%	72%	66%	44%	52%	11%	9%	15%	16%	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	S&P 500 (SPY)	24	4	21	20
S&P 100 (OEF)	25%	14%	-6%	-5%	73%	63%	45%	51%	11%	10%	14%	15%	0.99	0.98	0.99	0.99	S&P 100 (OEF)	18	7	14	24
NASDAQ 100 (QQQ)	36%	27%	-4%	-3%	72%	65%	52%	51%	13%	16%	23%	24%	0.83	0.79	0.81	0.86	NASDAQ 100 (QQQ)	9	2	6	14
S&P 400 (VO)	34%	18%	-7%	-1%	84%	66%	51%	53%	10%	10%	1496	20%	0.88	0.78	0.90	0.96	S&P 400 (VO)	2	1	24	12
Russell 2000 (IWM)	42%	16%	-8%	-3%	77%	67%	49%	53%	14%	12%	18%	21%	0.82	0.68	0.79	0.93	Russell 2000 (IWM)	6	5	16	15
High Beta (SPHB)	49%	22%	-15%	-11%	74%	59%	44%	52%	20%	15%	27%	30%	0.87	0.78	0.87	0.94	High Beta (SPHB)	13	14	22	26
Low Beta (SPLV)	19%	8%	-4%	4%	75%	57%	46%	52%	8%	8%	12%	12%	0.83	0.63	0.79	0.85	Low Beta (SPLV)	19	23	11	4
Dividend Compounders (SPHD)	25%	9%	-3%	3%	84%	58%	52%	56%	8%	8%	11%	15%	0.90	0.78	0.82	0.91	Dividend Compounders (SPHD)	3	19	9	5
Momentum (MTUM)	29%	19%	-4%	-1%	76%	63%	49%	53%	12%	11%	15%	16%	0.91	0.83	0.83	0.92	Momentum (MTUM)	16	3	10	11
Quality (QUAL)	26%	13%	-5%	0%	74%	64%	49%	50%	11%	9%	13%	15%	0.97	0.95	0.98	0.97	Quality (QUAL)	20	10	13	9
Growth (IWF)	26%	17%	-7%	-1%	71%	61%	48%	50%	12%	11%	15%	17%	0.96	0.92	0.96	0.96	Growth (IWF)	25	8	19	10
Value (IWD)	26%	11%	-6%	-4%	74%	61%	47%	54%	11%	8%	13%	16%	0.96	0.89	0.95	0.96	Value (IWD)	17	16	18	21
Consumer Discretionary (XLY)	34%	17%	-7%	-3%	80%	60%	45%	53%	11%	12%	17%	20%	0.89	0.85	0.87	0.93	Consumer Discretionary (XLY)	4	13	15	17
Consumer Staples (XLP)	17%	4%	-2%	6%	69%	54%	59%	53%	7%	9%	11%	13%	0.67	0.53	0.47	0.71	Consumer Staples (XLP)	21	31	8	2
Communications Services (XLC)	12%	9%	-9%	-7%	56%	52%	51%	53%	10%	15%	20%	17%	0.58	0.60	0.75	0.69	Communications Services (XLC)	30	29	17	28
Energy (XLE)	28%	13%	-8%	3%	70%	57%	43%	51%	15%	16%	19%	25%	0.53	0.42	0.56	0.71	Energy (XLE)	27	26	12	7
Financials (XLF)	33%	13%	-10%	-10%	75%	57%	44%	53%	13%	12%	18%	23%	0.88	0.66	0.83	0.87	Financials (XLF)	12	20	23	30
Health Care (XLV)	18%	10%	096	8%	74%	61%	51%	59%	9%	10%	12%	14%	0.76	0.56	0.60	0.78	Health Care (XLV)	26	22	3	1
Industrials (XLI)	30%	17%	-7%	-6%	82%	63%	45%	53%	11%	12%	1496	20%	0.86	0.87	0.88	0.94	Industrials (XLI)	7	11	20	22
Information Technology (XLK)	34%	25%	-496	-3%	72%	63%	51%	52%	13%	16%	24%	23%	0.81	0.79	0.86	0.87	Information Technology (XLK)	14	6	5	13
Materials (XLB)	33%	13%	-13%	0%	75%	63%	40%	49%	12%	14%	17%	22%	0.76	0.67	0.79	0.86	Materials (XLB)	8	21	25	8
Real Estate (XLRE)	18%	7%	0%	-5%	86%	53%	53%	64%	396	8%	1196	13%	0.94	0.49	0.81	0.87	Real Estate (XLRE)	1	24	2.5	29
Utilities (XLU)	8%	6%	8%	-2%	64%	60%	61%	56%	10%	12%	14%	14%	0.40	0.16	0.49	0.57	Utilities (XLU)	31	30		18
Int'l ex-US (ACWX)	31%	12%	-17%	-2%	75%	66%	37%	52%	12%	9%	13%	14%	0.78	0.18	0.45	0.90	Int'l ex-US (ACWX)	11	30	30	23
Emerging Markets (EEM)	43%	12%	-23%	-8%	79%	63%	3.9%	51%	14%	13%	13%	23%	0.63	0.50	0.68	0.83	Emerging Markets (EEM)	5	12	31	25
Brazil (EWZ)	45%	22%	-2.5.96	-17%	62%	57%	47%	49%	24%	28%	31%	33%	0.60	0.25	0.57	0.69	Brazil (EWZ)	29	27	51	31
China (FXI)	41%	17%	-/70	-1/%	77%	57%	4/70	49% 54%	17%	23%	23%	32%	0.60		0.42	0.65		15	27	29	6
	41%		-34%		74%	65%	49%	48%						0.24			China (FXI)			4	16
India (INDA)		22%	-196	-4%					17%	18%	20%	21%	0.33	0.26	0.39	0.66	India (INDA)	10	15		
Japan (DXJ)	30%	16%	-13%	-7%	71%	64%	42%	47%	13%	13%	13%	16%	0.42	0.18	0.43	0.69	Japan (DXJ)	23	17	26	27
United Kingdom (EWU)	25%	8%	-17%	8%	69%	63%	44%	54%	14%	10%	16%	22%	0.42	0.43	0.60	0.65	United Kingdom (EWU)	28	25	28	3
Eurozone (EZU)	26%	12%	-15%	-4%	72%	59%	47%	49%	11%	10%	16%	18%	0.84	0.65	0.82	0.86	Eurozone (EZU)	22	18	27	19
Barclays Agg (AGG)	6%	196	4%	8%	66%	55%	62%	70%	496	396	6%	5%	0.16	(0.00)	0.17	0.23	Barclays Agg (AGG)	10	13	7	3
EM Local Currency Bonds (EMLC)	8%	7%	-5%	1%	67%	63%	47%	55%	6%	6%	7%	10%	0.65	0.30	0.50	0.72	EM Local Currency Bonds (EMLC)	11	9	13	13
EM USD Bonds (EMB)	13%	7%	8%	3%	72%	65%	63%	64%	5%	5%	7%	13%	0.51	0.30	0.53	0.66	EM USD Bonds (EMB)	5	7	6	10
5-10yr TIPS (TIP)	4%	4%	8%	3%	61%	61%	65%	67%	4%	4%	5%	6%	0.07	0.08	(0.05)	0.47	5-10yr TIPS (TIP)	13	10	4	7
5-10yr Treasurys (IEF)	1%	-1%	8%	10%	57%	45%	64%	68%	4%	4%	5%	5%	(0.24)	(0.07)	(0.28)	(0.13)	5-10yr Treasurys (IEF)	14	14	3	2
1-3yr Treasurys (SHY)	1%	196	3%	4%	74%	60%	69%	79%	196	196	1%	2%	(0.33)	(0.07)	(0.20)	(0.25)	1-3yr Treasurys (SHY)	7	8	1	1
Convertibles (CWB)	27%	15%	-8%	3%	89%	69%	46%	59%	8%	6%	8%	13%	0.88	0.74	0.86	0.89	Convertibles (CWB)	1	2	15	8
High Yield Credit (HYG)	16%	8%	2%	1%	80%	72%	60%	62%	6%	4%	6%	11%	0.77	0.40	0.57	0.72	High Yield Credit (HYG)	3	3	10	12
Investment Grade Credit (LQD)	9%	2%	2%	9%	64%	60%	58%	69%	6%	3%	7%	7%	0.32	0.10	0.29	0.46	Investment Grade Credit (LQD)	8	12	11	5
MBS (MBB)	6%	2%	4%	8%	76%	55%	63%	79%	5%	2%	7%	7%	0.15	(0.01)	0.22	0.14	MBS (MBB)	9	11	9	4
25+ Year Treasurys (TLT)	-2%	-5%	15%	14%	56%	45%	61%	59%	8%	8%	10%	13%	(0.22)	(0.11)	(0.25)	(0.14)	25+ Year Treasurys (TLT)	15	15	5	6
0-5yr TIPS (STIP)	2%	4%	4%	1%	59%	69%	63%	56%	2.96	2.96	2%	3%	0.19	0.17	(0.08)	0.56	0-5yr TIPS (STIP)	12	4	2	9
BDCs (BIZD)	32%	20%	-9%	-3%	77%	69%	49%	51%	15%	10%	13%	29%	0.75	0.56	0.73	0.84	BDCs (BIZD)	6	5	14	14
Leveraged Loans (BKLN)	10%	7%	2%	1%	90%	88%	67%	67%	4%	2%	3%	8%	0.57	0.23	0.35	0.55	Leveraged Loans (BKLN)	2	1	8	11
Preferreds (PFF)	10%	9%	-2%	-5%	74%	68%	58%	57%	4%	5%	8%	11%	0.44	0.42	0.50	0.56	Preferreds (PFF)	4	6	12	15
US Dollar (UUP)	-3%	0%	4%	4%	45%	52%	53%	54%	5%	4%	5%	6%	(0.50)	(0.42)	(0.36)	(0.64)	US Dollar (UUP)	10	11	4	1
Inverse US Dollar (UDN)	4%	196	-3%	-4%	55%	48%	51%	44%	5%	4%	5%	6%	0.48	0.43	0.35	0.65	Inverse US Dollar (UDN)	4	9	10	10
Gold (GLD)	11%	8%	24%	7%	56%	51%	56%	55%	16%	13%	23%	14%	0.08	0.14	0.07	0.16	Gold (GLD)	5	5	2	2
Commodities (DBC)	7%	13%	-2%	-7%	60%	64%	46%	43%	6%	7%	7%	10%	0.23	0.34	0.09	0.39	Commodities (DBC)	3	2	9	9
Agriculture (DBA)	9%	196	12%	-10%	52%	46%	50%	44%	15%	14%	22%	17%	0.08	0.16	(0.01)	0.25	Agriculture (DBA)	6	10	6	6
Energy (USO)	-1%	24%	-5%	-16%	39%	65%	45%	49%	20%	21%	28%	29%	0.04	0.22	0.02	0.46	Energy (USO)	8	3	8	8
Industrial Metals (DBB)	33%	17%	-14%	-10%	67%	61%	43%	46%	17%	15%	16%	18%	0.49	0.38	0.30	0.60	Industrial Metals (DBB)	2	4	11	7
Precious Metals (DBP)	7%	6%	13%	1%	54%	47%	52%	51%	18%	15%	25%	15%	0.13	0.22	0.10	0.21	Precious Metals (DBP)	7	8	7	4
Bitcoin (BITO)	483%	77%	79%	-26%	100%	54%	53%	32%	29%	36%	26%	19%	0.05	0.05	0.16	0.25	Bitcoin (BITO)	1	1	1	11
Interest Rate Volatility (PFIX)	-10%	796	6%	-3%	33%	51%	52%	40%	12%	13%	11%	10%	(0.19)	(0.11)	(0.47)	(0.53)	Interest Rate Volatility (PFIX)	9	6	5	5
Equity Volatility (VIXM)	-26%	26%	82%	28%	3.5%	49%	56%	44%	45%	47%	87%	70%	(0.73)	(0.52)	(0.68)	(0.75)	Equity Volatility (VIXM)	11	7	3	3
Equity volatility (vixia)		2070	0270	20%	2070	4370	56%	4470	4376	4770	0770	702	(0.757	(0.55)	(0.00)	10.75	Equity volatility (viXM)	11	1		

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Sectors omitted from actual KISS Portfolio Construction process.

Highest Expected Sharpe Ratios By @42Macro GRID Regime

GOLDILOCKS

Top 5 Equity Factors

Mid Caps (VO) Dividend Compounders (SPHD) Emerging Markets (EEM) Small Caps (IWM) Mega Cap Growth (QQQ) Bottom 5 Equity Factors

> Brazil (EWZ) United Kingdom (EWU) Growth (IWF) United States (SPY) Japan (DXJ)

Top 5 Fixed Income Factors

Convertibles (CWB) Leveraged Loans (BKLN) High Yield Credit (HYG) Preferreds (PFF) Emerging Market US\$ Bonds (EMB)

Bottom 5 Fixed Income Factors

Long Bond (TLT) 5-10yr Treasurys (IEF) 5-10yr TIPS (TIP) 0-5yr TIPS (STIP) EM Local Currency Bonds (EMLC)

Top 5 Macro Factors

Bitcoin (BITO) Industrial Metals (DBB) Commodities (DBC) Inverse US Dollar (UDN) Gold (GLD)

Bottom 5 Macro Factors

Equity Volatility (VIXM) US Dollar (UUP) Interest Rate Volatility (PFIX) Energy (USO) Precious Metals (DBP)

REFLATION

Top 5 Equity Factors Mid Caps (VO) Mega Cap Growth (QQQ) Momentum (MTUM) United States (SPY) Small Caps (IWM) Bottom 5 Equity Factors

China (FXI) Brazil (EWZ) United Kingdom (EWU) Low Beta (SPLV) Dividend Compounders (SPHD) **Top 5 Fixed Income Factors**

Leveraged Loans (BKLN) Convertibles (CWB) High Yield Credit (HYG)

0-5yr TIPS (STIP) BDCs (BIZD) Bottom 5 Fixed Income Factors

Long Bond (TLT) 5-10yr Treasurys (IEF) Barclays Agg (AGG) Investment Grade Credit (LQD) MBS (MBB)

Top 5 Macro Factors

Bitcoin (BITO) Commodities (DBC) Energy (USO) Industrial Metals (DBB) Gold (GLD)

Bottom 5 Macro Factors

US Dollar (UUP) Agriculture (DBA) Inverse US Dollar (UDN) Precious Metals (DBP) Equity Volatility (VIXM)

INFLATION

Top 5 Equity Factors India (INDA) Mega Cap Growth (QQQ) Brazil (EWZ) Dividend Compounders (SPHD) Momentum (MTUM)

Bottom 5 Equity Factors

Emerging Markets (EEM) International ex-US (ACWX) China (FXI) United Kingdom (EWU) Eurozone (EZU)

Top 5 Fixed Income Factors

1-3yr Treasurys (SHY) 0-5yr TIPS (STIP) 5-10yr Treasurys (IEF) 5-10yr TIPS (TIP) Long Bond (TLT)

Bottom 5 Fixed Income Factors

Convertibles (CWB) BDCs (BIZD) EM Local Currency Bonds (EMLC) Preferreds (PFF) Investment Grade Credit (LQD)

Top 5 Macro Factors

Bitcoin (BITO) Gold (GLD) Equity Volatility (VIXM) US Dollar (UUP) Interest Rate Volatility (PFIX)

Bottom 5 Macro Factors

Industrial Metals (DBB) Inverse US Dollar (UDN) Commodities (DBC) Energy (USO) Precious Metals (DBP)

DEFLATION

Top 5 Equity Factors

United Kingdom (EWU) Low Beta (SPLV) Dividend Compounders (SPHD) China (FXI) Quality (QUAL) Bottom 5 Equity Factors

Brazil (EWZ)

Japan (DXJ) High Beta (SPHB) Emerging Markets (EEM) Size (OEF)

Top 5 Fixed Income Factors

1-3yr Treasurys (SHY) 5-10yr Treasurys (IEF) Barclays Agg (AGG) MBS (MBB) Investment Grade Credit (LQD)

Bottom 5 Fixed Income Factors

Preferreds (PFF) BDCs (BIZD) EM Local Currency Bonds (EMLC) High Yield Credit (HYG) Leveraged Loans (BKLN)

Top 5 Macro Factors

US Dollar (UUP) Gold (GLD) Equity Volatility (VIXM) Precious Metals (DBP) Interest Rate Volatility (PFIX)

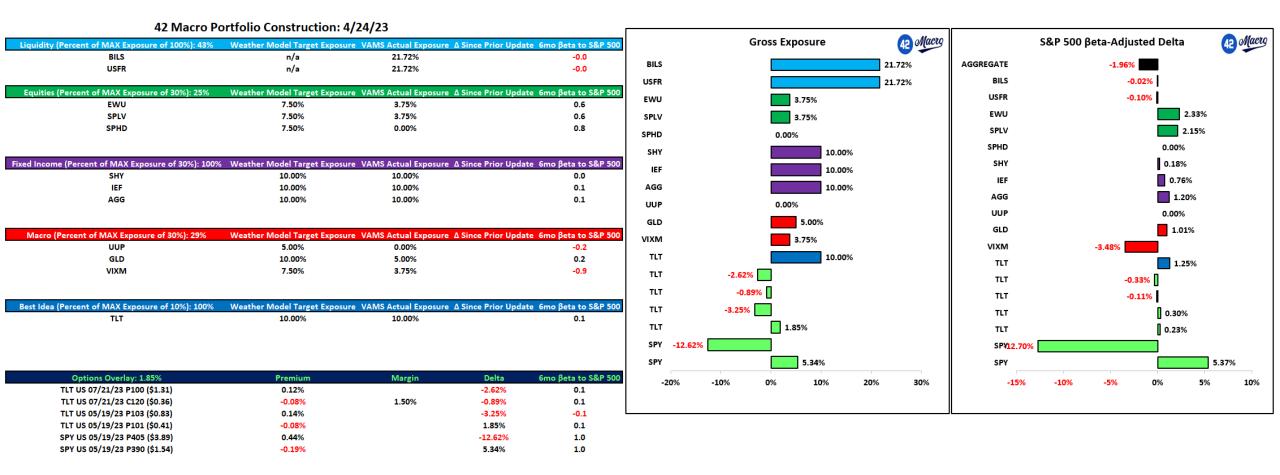
Bottom 5 Macro Factors

Bitcoin (BITO) Inverse US Dollar (UDN) Commodities (DBC) Energy (USO) Industrial Metals (DBB)



© 42 Macro LLC. Data Source: Bloomberg. GR D Asset Markets Backtest sample = [Jan-68 through Dec-82] + [Jan-98 through present].

Our Current Portfolio Construction







© 42 Macro LLC. Data Source: Bloomberg.

Why The **GRID**s Work

- "I knew which shifts in the environment caused asset classes to move around, and I knew that those relationships had remained essentially the same for hundreds of years. There were only two big forces to worry about: growth and inflation. Each could be rising or falling, so I saw that by finding four different investment strategies each one of which would do well in a particular environment (rising growth with rising inflation, rising growth with falling inflation, and so on) I could construct an asset allocation mix that was balanced to do well over time while being protected against unacceptable losses."

 —Ray Dalio, <u>Principles</u> pg. 70
- "Subjective confidence in a judgment is not a reasoned evaluation of the probability that this judgment is correct. Confidence is a feeling, which reflects the coherence of the information and the cognitive ease of processing it. It is wise to take admissions of uncertainty serious, but declarations of high confidence mainly tell you that an individual has constructed a coherent story in his mind, not necessarily that the story is true."

–Danny Kahneman & Amos Tversky, <u>Thinking</u>, Fast and Slow pg. 212

• "You cannot beat the market, says the standard market doctrine. Granted. But you can sidestep its worst punches."

–Benoit Mandelbrot, <u>The (Mis)Behavior of Markets</u> pg. 249

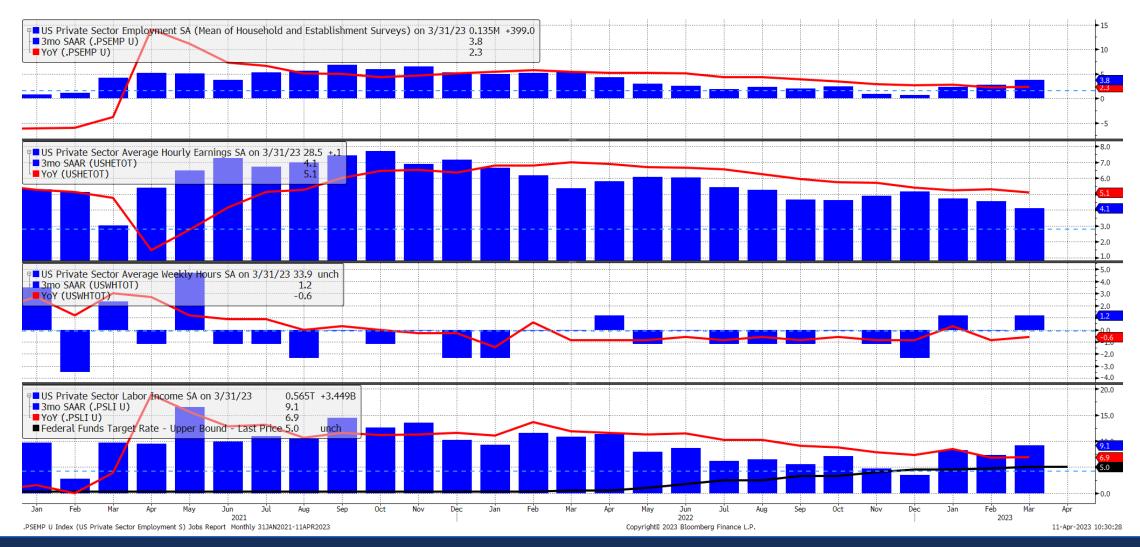


Modal Outcome





The US Economy Remains Resilient: Robust Labor Income





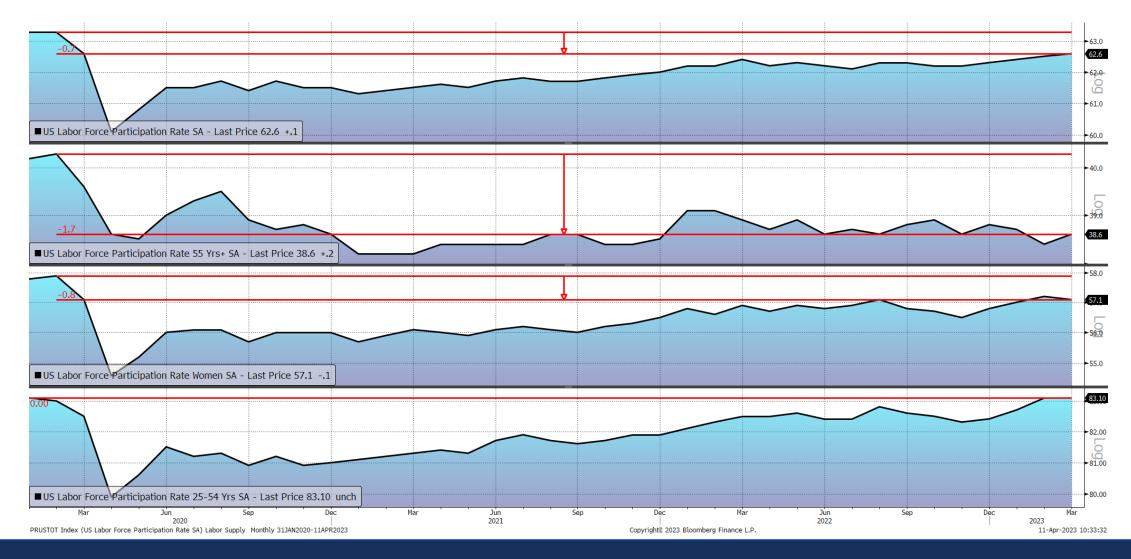
The US Economy Remains Resilient: Tight Labor Market





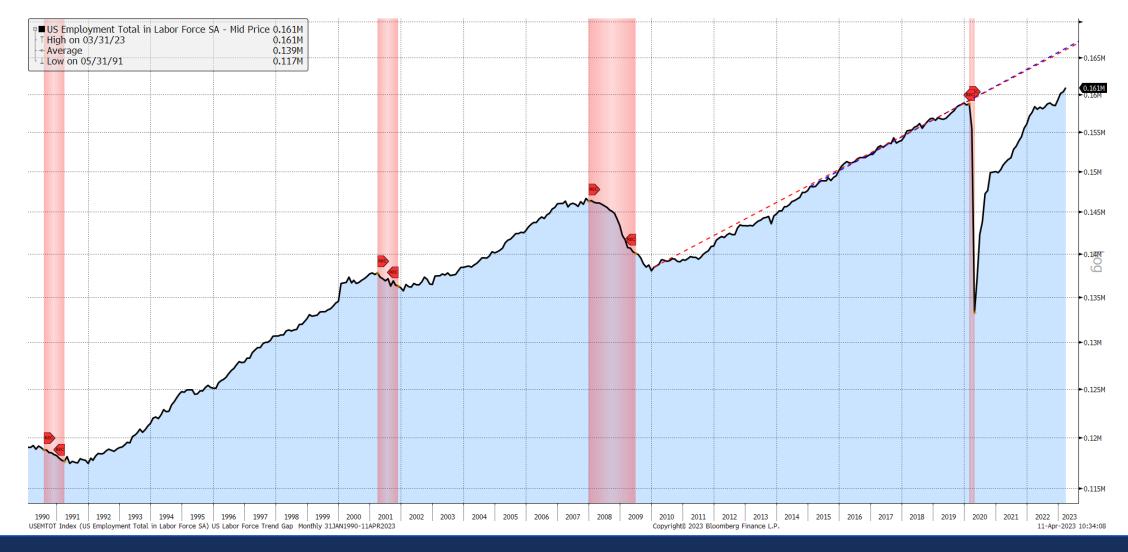
© 42 Macro LLC. Data Source: Bloomberg. Red dotted line = latest value. Green dotted line = 2015-19 trend.

The Post-COVID Reduction In Labor Supply Appears Permanent





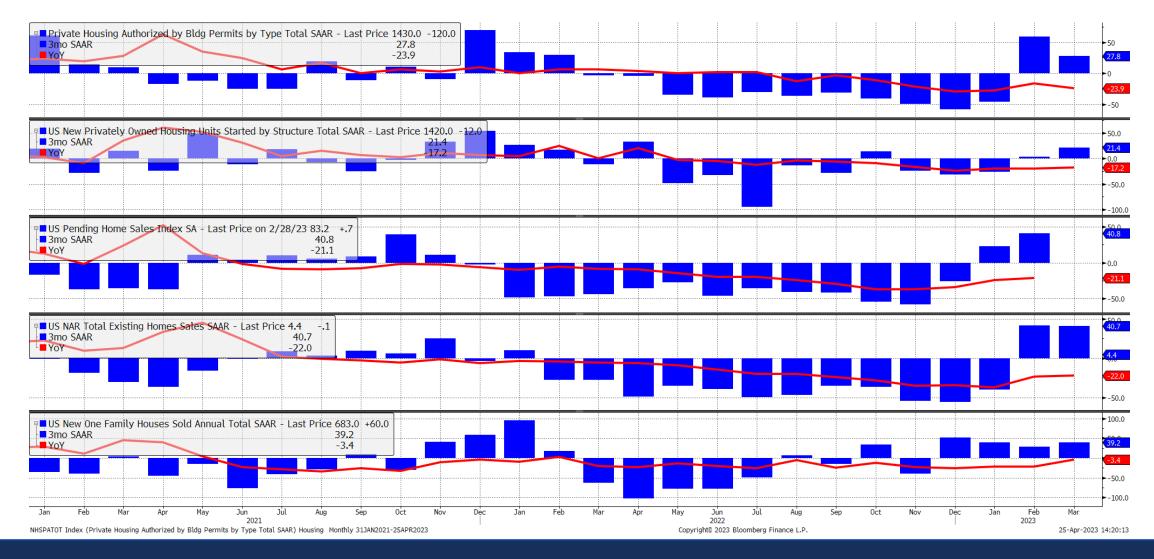
The Labor Market Is Still "Missing" ~5 Million Workers





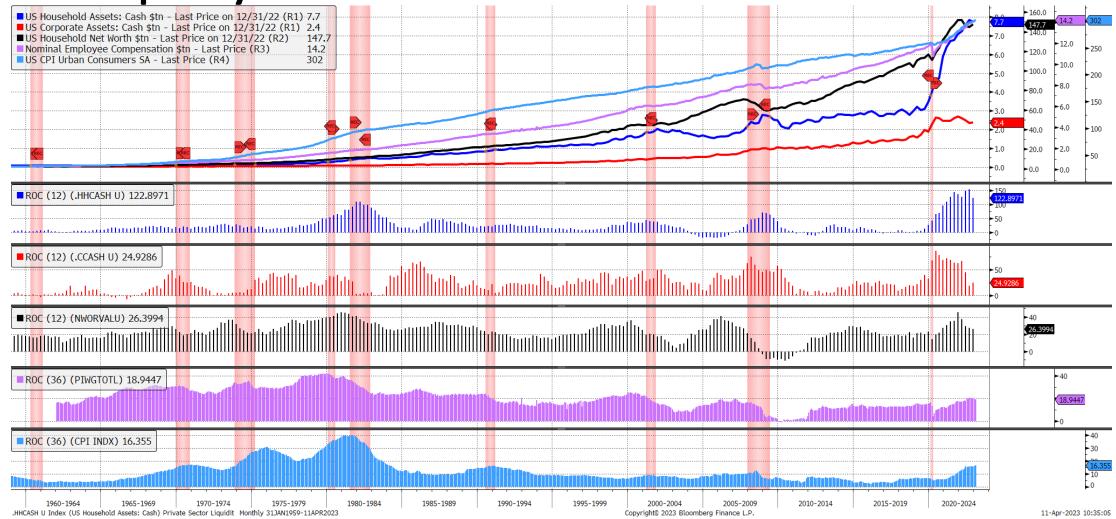
© 42 Macro LLC. Data Source: Bloomberg. Red dotted line = post-GFC trend. Blue dotted line = 2015-19 trend.

The US Economy Remains Resilient: Housing Reaccelerating



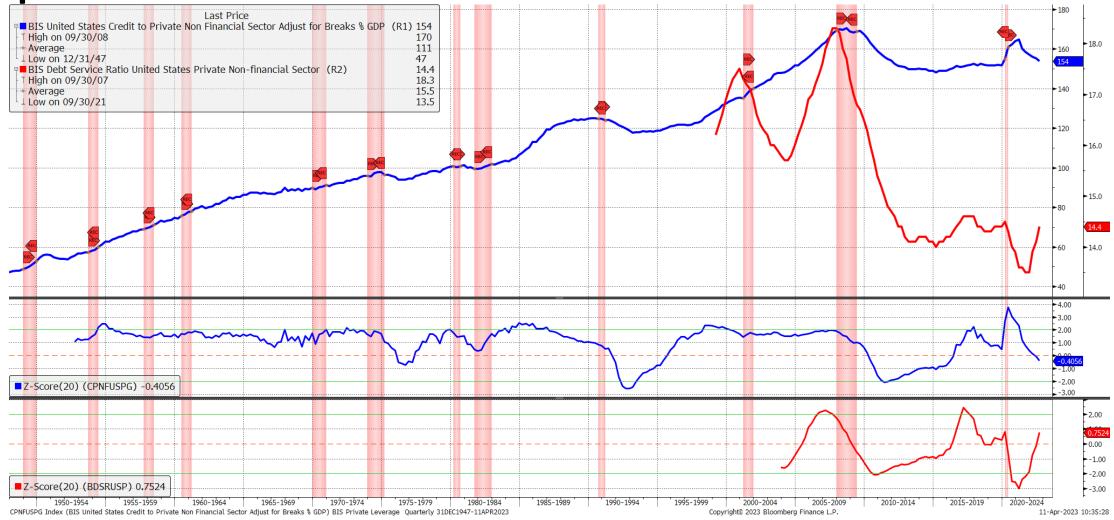


Why Has The US Economy Been So Resilient?: Record Private Sector Liquidity Growth



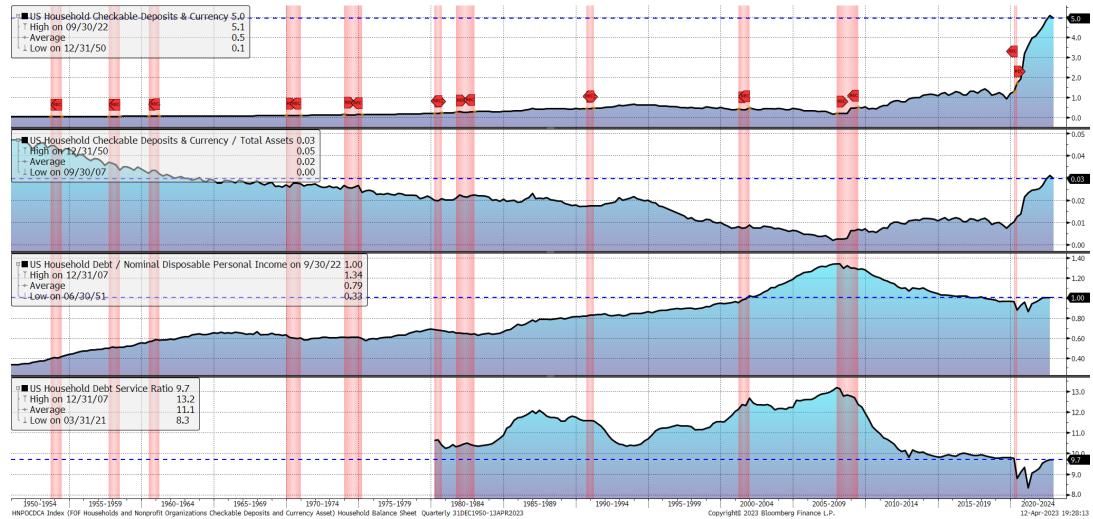


Why Has The US Economy Been So Resilient?: Scant Evidence Of Capital Misallocation



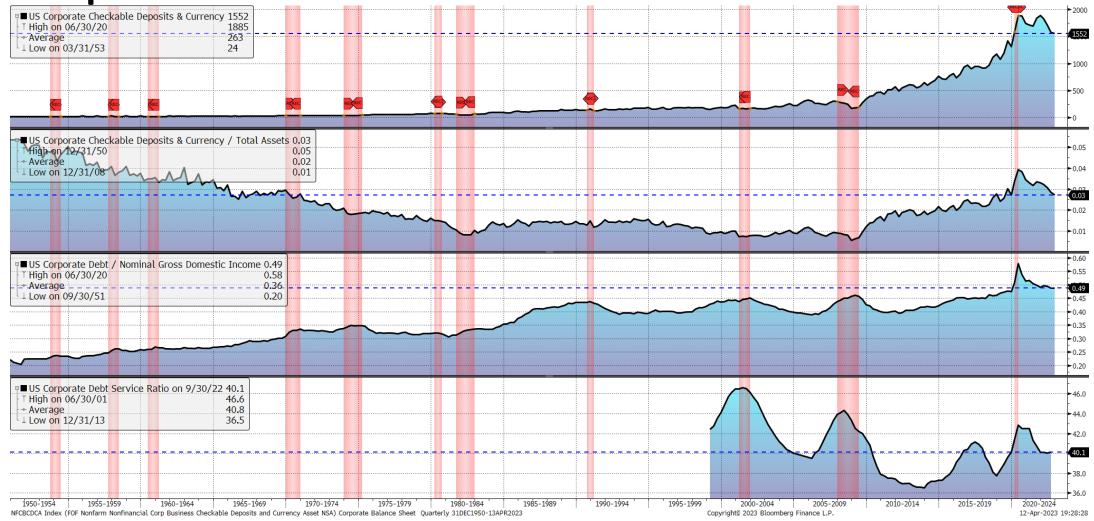


Why Has The US Economy Been So Resilient?: Record Cash On Household Balance Sheets



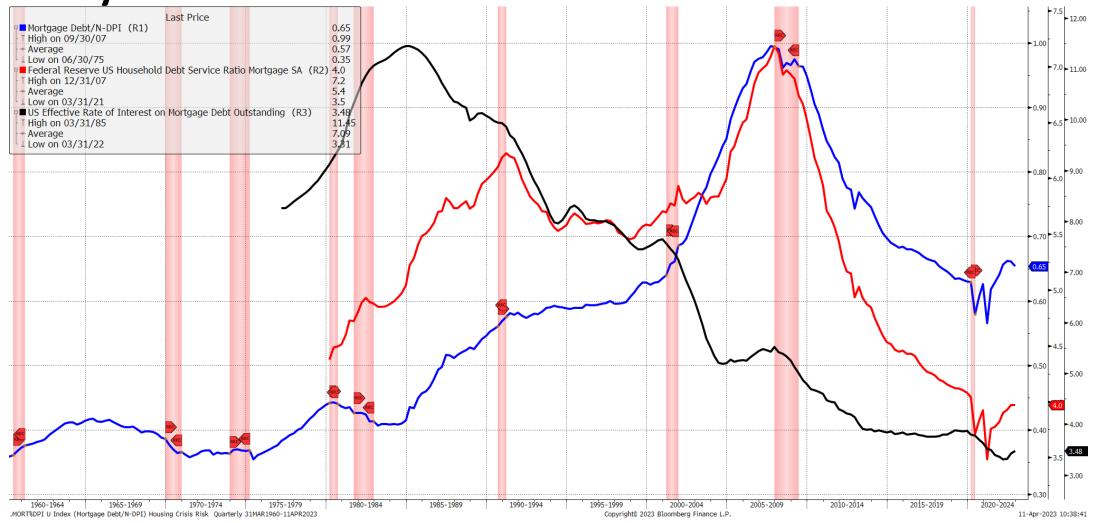


Why Has The US Economy Been So Resilient?: Near-Record Cash On Corporate Balance Sheets



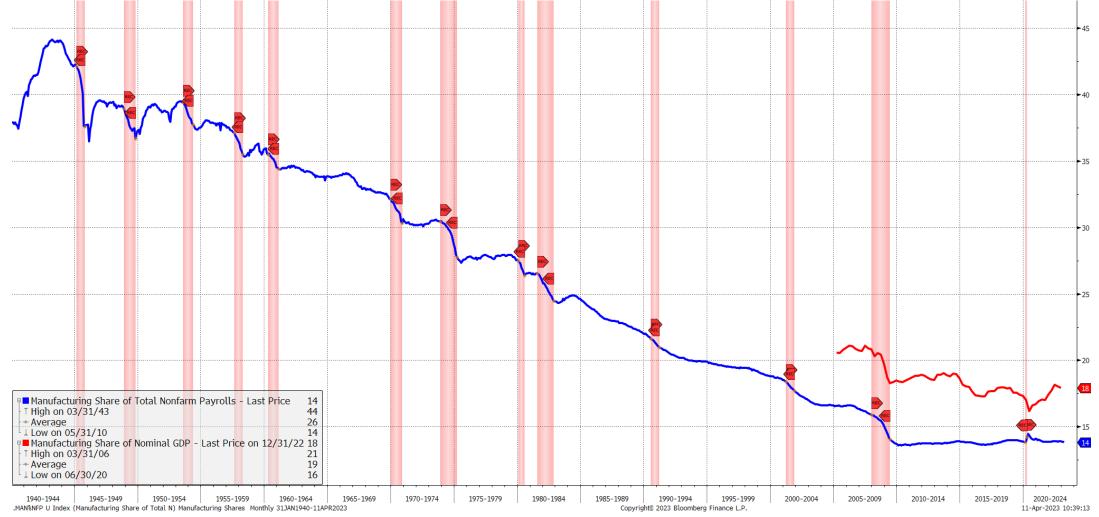


Why Has The US Economy Been So Resilient?: The Housing Market Is Hardly Sensitive To Rate Hikes





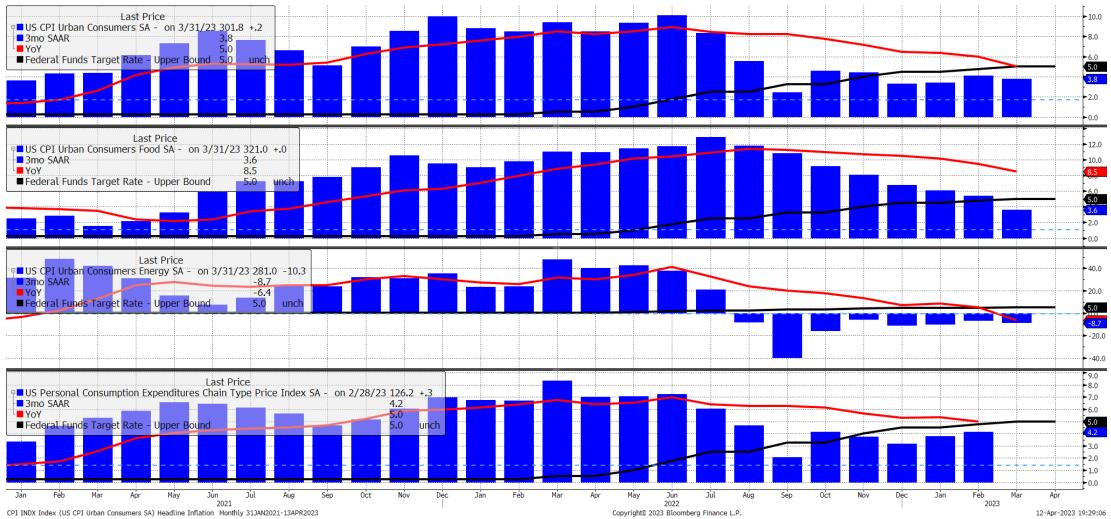
Why Has The US Economy Been So Resilient?: Limited Exposure To The Volatile Manufacturing Sector





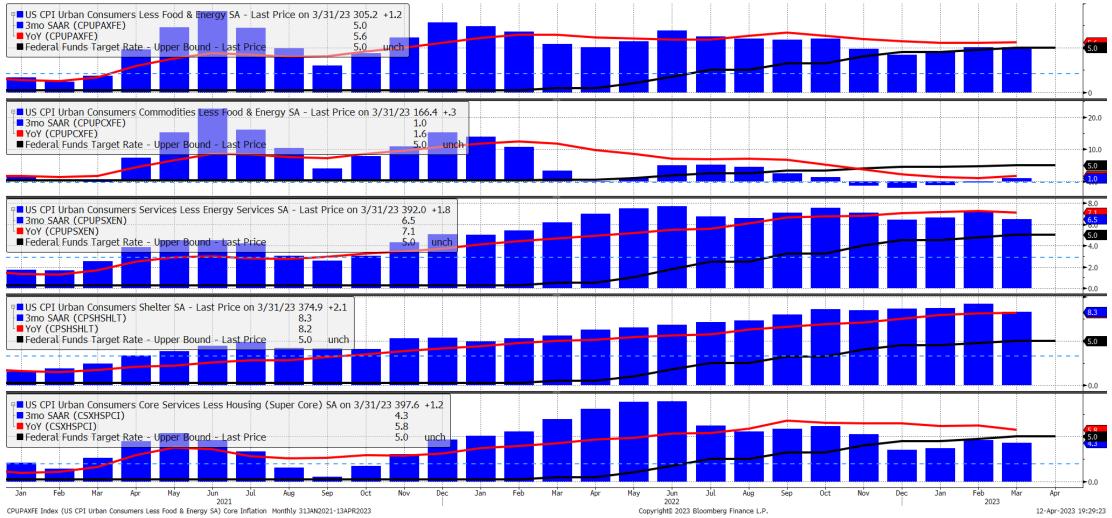
© 42 Macro LLC. Data Source: Bloomberg.

Unfortunately, Resilient US Economy = Resilient US Inflation: Headline Inflation



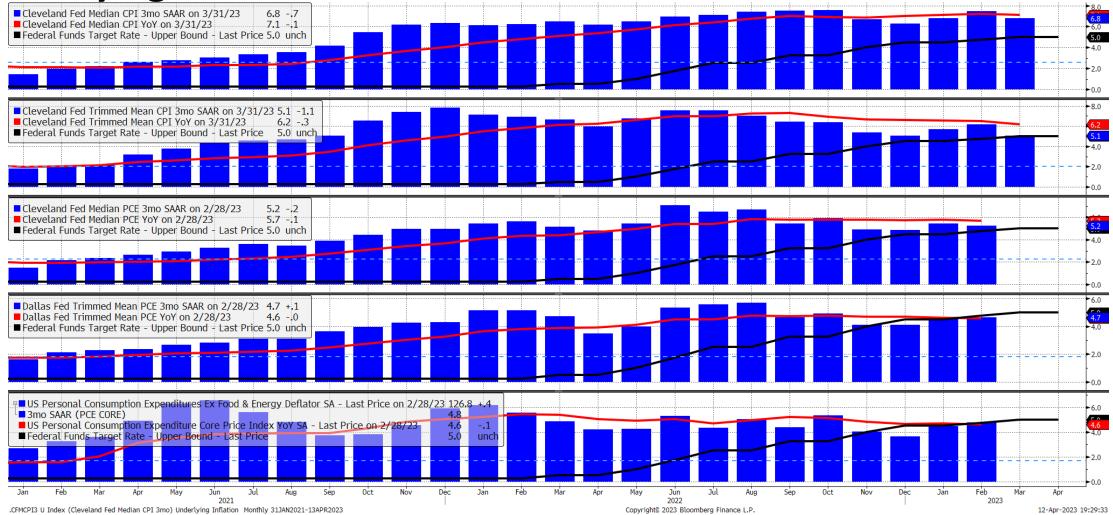


Unfortunately, Resilient US Economy = Resilient US Inflation: Core Inflation





Unfortunately, Resilient US Economy = Resilient US Inflation: Underlying Inflation





If The Fed Wants To Succeed On Its Price Stability Mandate, It Must Continue Tightening Until It Breaks The Economy

		D 1000				•	Manufacturing	000 500			0 005	0 005				e 16 1	Fed Fund			
Start End	Primary Trigger	Real GDP Contraction	Starting Private Non- inancial Sector Credit Gap*	Peak			Sector Share of			NIPA Corporate Profits Max Drawdown			bps Change t.	here Change	hne Change t	Fed Funds		hne Change t	han Change	hne Change t
Aug-29 Mar-33	Monetary Tightening	-26.7%	mancial Sector credit dap	24.9%	Wax Drawdown	Nomann Payron	s NFF Drawdown	-86%	I Wax Drawdown	Max Drawdown	TOT PEak	TOT HOUGH	bps change to	1 bps change	bps change tạ	Rate Feak	Kate Hough	bps change to	pps change	bps change ta
May-37 Jun-38	Fiscal Tightening	-18.2%		19.0%				-54%												
Feb-45 Oct-45	Fiscal Tightening	-12.7%		1.9%	-9%	42%	106%	-6%												
Nov-48 Oct-49	Monetary Tightening	-1.7%	0.9	7.9%	-5%	39%	85%	-21%		-16%										
Jul-53 May-54	Monetary Tightening	-2.6%	1.2	6.1%	-3%	39%	98%	-15%		-22%										
Aug-57 Apr-58	Pandemic	-3.7%	1.5	7.5%	-4%	37%	84%	-21%	-20%	-24%						3.51%	1.02%	84bps	-249bps	165bps
Apr-60 Feb-61	Monetary Tightening	-1.6%	1.5	7.1%	-2%	35%	95%	-14%	-11%	-15%	2.2%	1.2%		-94bps	10bps	4.68%	2.05%	19bps	-263bps	13bps
Dec-69 Nov-70	Monetary Tightening/Fiscal Tightening	-0.6%	1.7	6.1%	-1%	32%	212%	-35%	-18%	-20%	4.8%	4.5%	3bps	-23bps	-88bps	8.08%	4.80%	176bps	-328bps	-70bps
Nov-73 Mar-75	Energy Price Shock	-3.2%	1.8	9.0%	-2%	30%	188%	-48%	-4%	-12%	4.9%	4.9%	179bps	Obps	-387bps	11.00%	5.50%	350bps	-550bps	-75bps
	Monetary Tightening/Energy Price Shock	-2.2%	2.0	7.8%	-1%	27%	153%	-15%	-4%	-18%	8.2%	8.2%	144bps	Obps	-37bps	15.50%	9.50%	400bps	-600bps	600bps
Jul-81 Nov-82	Monetary Tightening	-2.7%	0.8	10.8%	-3%	26%	94%	-27%	-22%	-9%	9.8%	5.9%	-37bps	-389bps	-138bps	20.00%	9.00%	600bps	-1100bps	50bps
Jul-90 Mar-91	Energy Price Shock	-1.4%	0.9	7.8%	-1%	22%	121%	-20%	-43%	-6%	4.1%	3.7%	1bps	-42bps	-36bps	9.00%	6.00%	-100bps	-300bps	-200bps
Mar-01 Nov-01	Monetary Tightening	-0.3%	1.4	6.3%	-2%	18%	107%	-49%	-29%	-8%	2.0%	1.2%	3bps	-82bps	-12bps	6.50%	2.00%	-100bps	-450bps	-75bps
Dec-07 Jun-09	Monetary Tightening	-5.1%	1.9	10.0%	-6%	16%	55%	-57%	-35%	-37%	2.6%	0.7%	9bps	-184bps	84bps	5.25%	0.25%	-100bps	-500bps	Obps
Feb-20 Apr-20	Pandemic	-19.2%	0.5	14.7%	-14%	14%	12%	-34%	-16%	-18%	1.8%	0.9%	6bps	-92bps	221bps	2,50%	0.25%	-75bps	-225bps	Obps
	MEDIAN - All	-2.7%	1.4	7.8%	-3%	30%	98%	-27%	-19%	-17%	4.1%	3.7%	5bps	-82bps	-36bps	7.3%	3.4%	52bps	-389bps	Obps
	MEDIAN - Monetary Tightening	-2.2%	1.4	7.8%	-3%	30%	96%	-27%	-20%	-17%	3.7%	2.9%	3bps	-88bps	-24bps	7.3%	3.4%	98bps	-475bps	6bps
	MEDIAN - Fiscal Tightening	-12.7%	1.7	6.1%	-5%	37%	159%	-35%	-18%	-20%	4.8%	4.5%	3bps	-23bps	-88bps	8.1%	4.8%	176bps	-328bps	-70bps
	MEDIAN - Energy Price Shock	-2.2%	1.8	7.8%	-1%	27%	153%	-20%	-4%	-12%	4.9%	4.9%	144bps	Obps	-37bps	11.0%	6.0%	350bps	-550bps	-75bps
	MEDIAN - Pandemic	-11.5%	1.0	11.1%	-9%	25%	48%	-27%	-18%	-21%	1.8%	0.9%	6bps	-92bps	221bps	3.0%	0.6%	5bps	-237bps	83bps
	MILD Recession	-2.0%	1.3	7.0%	-2%	29%	124%	-28%	-25%	-13%	3.3%	2.7%	2bps	-60bps	-31bps	7.07%	3.71%	-1bps	-335bps	-83bps
	MODERATE Recession	-2.7%	1.5	8.2%	-3%	32%	123%	-25%	-13%	-17%	7.6%	6.3%	95bps	-130bps	-187bps	12.50%	6.26%	359bps	-625bps	185bps
	SEVERE Recession	-4.2%	1.2	14.1%	-10%	24%	58%	-48%	-25%	-28%	2.2%	0.8%	8bps	-138bps	152bps	3.88%	0.25%	-88bps	-363bps	Obps
	Correlation* to Real GDP Contraction	1.00	0.49	(0.79)	0.24	0.67	0.75	0.56	(0.01)	(0.45)	0.31	0.36	0.08	0.06	(0.57)	0.41	0.46	0.25	(0.26)	0.01
	۲²	1.00	0.24	0.63	0.06	0.45	0.56	0.31	0.00	0.20	0.10	0.13	0.01	0.00	0.33	0.17	0.21	0.06	0.07	0.00
				Data Source: NBER, E	loomberg. Intellectu	al Property of 42 Ma	cro LLC. Asterisk = 3m	o T-Bill Yield prior	to the 1973-75 recession	. Mild, Moderate, and Seve	ere recession	statistics are	averages.			•				

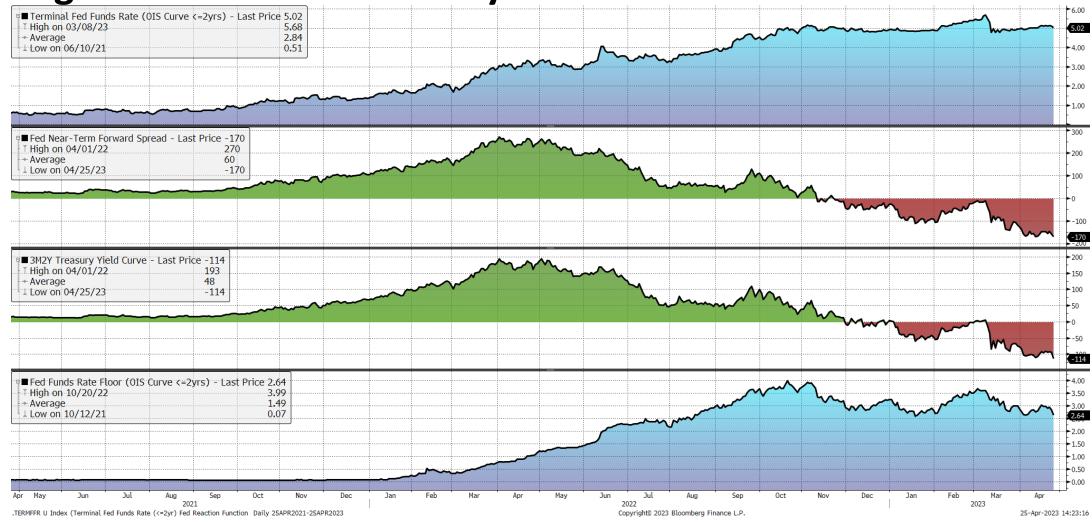


Left Tail Risk



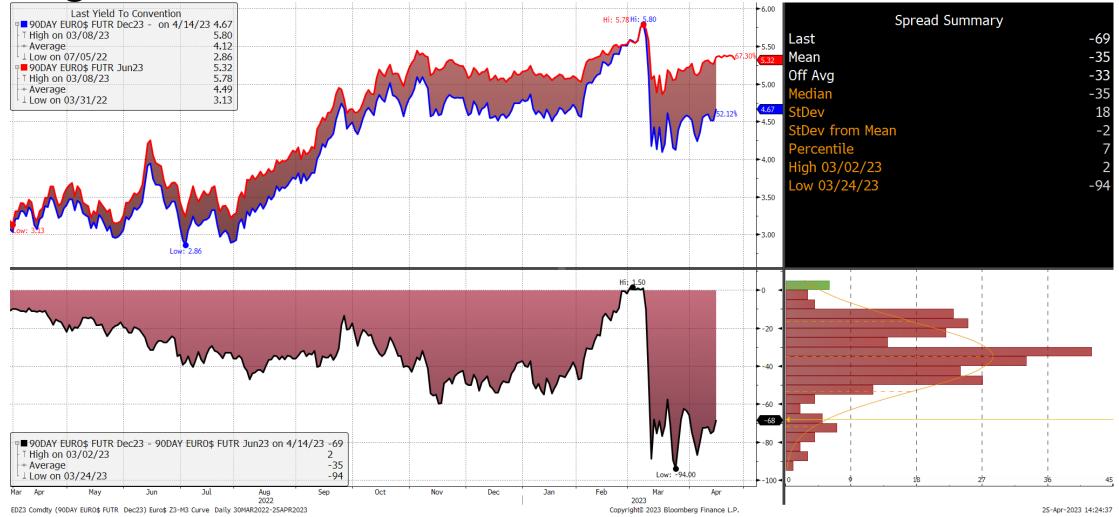


Money Market Participants Believe The Fed Has Already Done Enough To Break The Economy



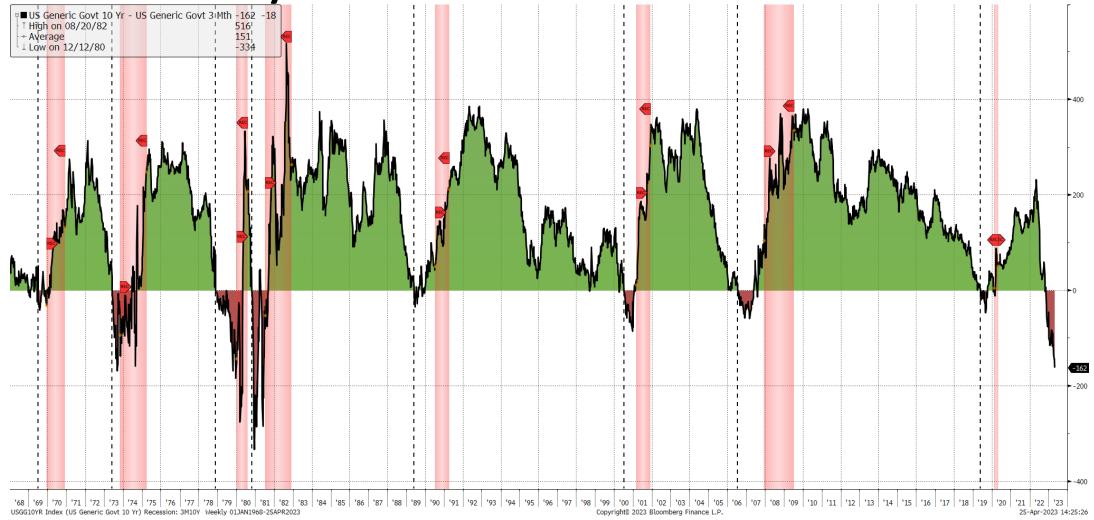


The Eurodollar Market Believes The Economy Will Break Quickly Enough For Panic Rate Cuts In 2H23





The Inversion In The 3M10Y Treasury Yield Curve Also Implies A Recession Is Likely



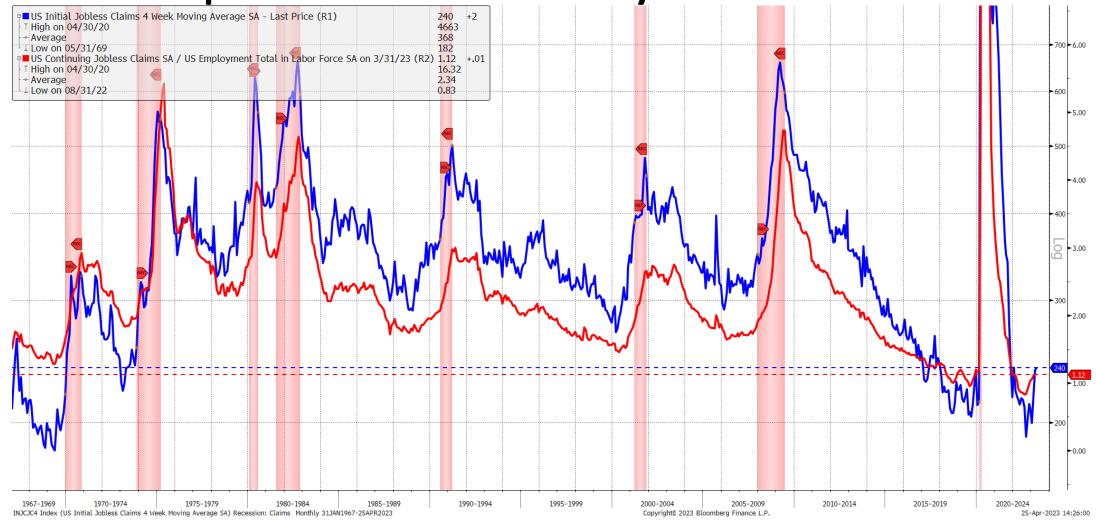


Our **#Math** On 3M10Y Yield Curve Inversions Suggests A Recession Is Most Likely To Commence In The Oct-23 Through Apr-24 Period

Date of 3M10Y	Real GDP	Real GDP	Real GDP									Unemployment Rate		Core PCE YoY	Core PCE YoY
Yield Curve Inversion	0-6mos Forward		12-18mos Forward	0-6mos Forward	6-12mos Forward	12-18mos Forward	0-6mos Forward	6-12mos Forward	12-18mos Forward		6-12mos Forward	12-18mos Forward	0-6mos Forward	6-12mos Forward	12-18mos Forward
12/17/1968	2.3%	0.2%	-0.0%	2.6%	-0.5%	-2.7%	2.4%	0.9%	-0.3%	10bps	Obps	140bps	-4bps	13bps	-13bps
6/1/1973	1.5%	-0.6%	-1.3%	2.1%	-0.6%	-7.9%	1.8%	0.7%	-1.2%	Obps	50bps	180bps	166bps	261bps	232bps
11/1/1978	1.5%	0.9%	0.6%	1.2%	-0.3%	-4.2%	2.1%	0.9%	-0.2%	-20bps	30bps	160bps	36bps	27bps	121bps
10/27/1980	3.9%	0.4%	-2.6%	2.6%	0.4%	-3.8%	1.2%	0.1%	-1.3%	-30bps	70bps	140bps	-30bps	-102bps	-149bps
5/22/1989	1.5%	1.3%	0.4%	-0.7%	1.5%	-1.3%	0.9%	1.0%	-0.6%	20bps	Obps	80bps	-70bps	22bps	24bps
7/7/2000	0.7%	0.3%	-0.1%	-1.2%	-2.9%	-0.9%	0.5%	-0.4%	-1.0%	20bps	40bps	110bps	26bps	12bps	-70bps
7/17/2006	1.0%	0.9%	1.2%	0.7%	1.7%	0.6%	0.8%	0.4%	0.3%	Obps	10bps	30bps	-10bps	-46bps	15bps
5/15/2019	1.6%	-0.7%	-1.3%	-0.1%	-15.8%	12.7%	0.7%	-12.3%	7.3%	Obps	960bps	-650bps	-20bps	-59bps	42bps
10/26/2022	0.6%			-0.5%			1.2%			Obps			-60bps		
MIN	0.7%	-0.7%	-2.6%	-1.2%	-15.8%	-7.9%	0.5%	-12.3%	-1.3%	-30bps	Obps	-650bps	-70bps	-102bps	-149bps
1st QUARTILE	1.4%	-0.0%	-1.3%	-0.2%	-1.2%	-3.9%	0.8%	-0.0%	-1.1%	-5bps	8bps	68bps	-23bps	-49bps	-27bps
MEDIAN	1.5%	0.4%	- 0.1 %	1.0%	-0.4%	-2.0%	1.0%	0.6%	-0.4%	Obps	35bps	125bps	-7bps	12bps	20bps
3rd QUARTILE	1.7%	0.9%	0.5%	2.3%	0.6%	-0.5%	1.9%	0.9%	-0.1%	13bps	55bps	145bps	29bps	23bps	62bps
MAX	3.9%	1.3%	1.2%	2.6%	1.7%	12.7%	2.4%	1.0%	7.3%	20bps	960bps	180bps	166bps	261bps	232bps
PERCENT POSITIVE	100%	75%	38%	63%	38%	25%	100%	75%	25%	38%	75%	88%	38%	63%	63%
PERCENT NEGATIVE	0%	25%	63%	38%	63%	75%	0%	25%	75%	25%	0%	13%	63%	38%	38%
FED STILL HIKING w/in 3mo (n=3)	1.5%	0.4%	-1.3%	2.1%	-0.3%	-4.2%	1.8%	0.7%	-1.2%	-20bps	50bps	160bps	36bps	27bps	121bps
FED PAUSE w/in 3mo (n=3)	1.0%	0.3%	-0.0%	0.7%	-0.5%	-0.9%	0.8%	0.4%	-0.3%	10bps	10bps	110bps	-4bps	12bps	-13bps
FED PIVOT w/in 3mo (n=2)	1.5%	0.3%	-0.4%	-0.4%	-7.2%	5.7%	0.8%	-5.6%	3.4%	10bps	480bps	-285bps	-45bps	-19bps	33bps
MEAN OF BOLDED SCENARIOS	1.5%	0.4%	-0.7 %	1.6%	-0.3%	-3.1%	1.4%	0.7%	-0.8%	-10bps	43bps	143bps	15bps	19bps	70bps
				Data Source: Bloombe	erg. All summary statistics	s featured in the bottom cl	usters of rows are Mi	DIAN values unless d	enoted otherwise. Intell	ectual Property of 42 Mac	ro LLC.				



The Inflection In Continuing Claims As A Percent Of The Labor Force Also Implies A Recession Is Likely



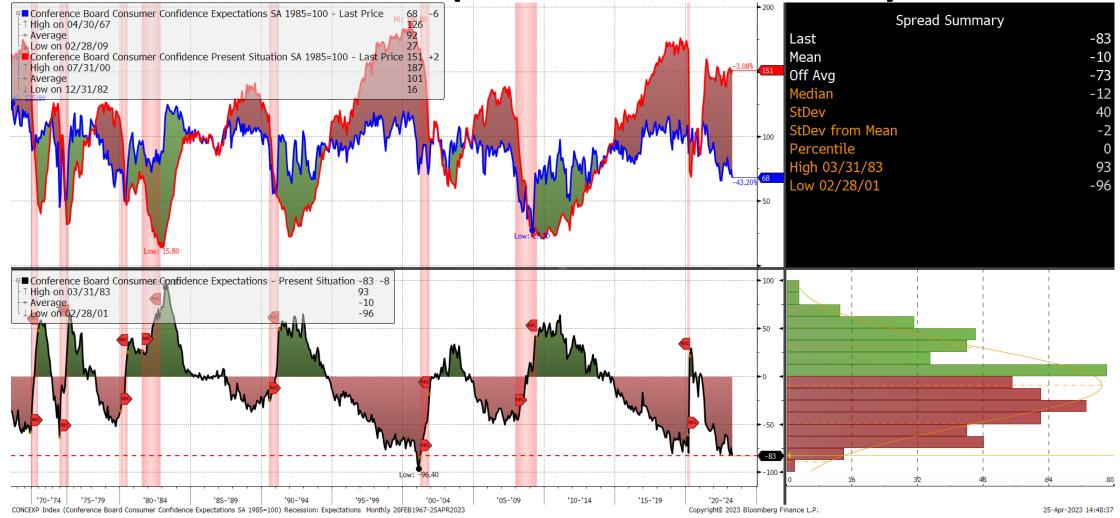


Our **#Math** On Continuing Claims Cycles Suggests A Recession Is Most Likely To Commence In The Sep-23 Through Feb-24 Period

Monthly Trough In Continuing	Real GDP	Real GDP	Real GDP	Industrial Production	Industrial Production	Industrial Production	Nonfarm Payrolls	Nonfarm Payrolls	Nonfarm Payrolls	Unemployment Rate	Unemployment Rate	Unemployment Rate	Core PCE YoY	Core PCE YoY	Core PCE YoY
Claims as a % of the Labor Force	0-6mos Forward	6-12mos Forward	12-18mos Forward	0-6mos Forward	6-12mos Forward	12-18mos Forward	0-6mos Forward	6-12mos Forward	12-18mos Forward	0-6mos Forward	6-12mos Forward	12-18mos Forward	0-6mos Forward	6-12mos Forward	12-18mos Forward
4/30/1969	1.0%	-0.6%	1.1%	1.4%	-3.5%	-3.0%	1.5%	0.3%	-1.2%	30bps	90bps	90bps	1bps	-2bps	3bps
3/31/1973	0.6%	0.1%	-0.7%	1.7%	-0.0%	-0.5%	1.3%	1.3%	0.4%	-10bps	30bps	80bps	134bps	202bps	288bps
5/31/1979	0.9%	0.6%	-2.2%	-0.3%	-4.2%	2.9%	0.9%	-0.2%	0.4%	30bps	160bps	0bps	27bps	121bps	94bps
7/31/1981	0.1%	-1.1%	-0.3%	-5.5%	-0.8%	-1.3%	-1.1%	-1.2%	-0.6%	140bps	120bps	60bps	-135bps	-85bps	-69bps
5/31/1989	1.5%	1.3%	0.4%	-0.1%	1.5%	-1.3%	0.8%	1.0%	-0.6%	20bps	Obps	80bps	-66bps	22bps	24bps
5/31/2000	1.9%	0.3%	0.2%	-0.3%	-2.6%	-2.6%	0.3%	-0.1%	-1.0%	-10bps	40bps	120bps	18bps	4bps	-13bps
4/30/2006	0.4%	1.1%	1.2%	0.5%	2.5%	0.0%	0.5%	0.7%	0.2%	-30bps	10bps	20bps	14bps	-29bps	-3bps
8/31/2019	1.3%	-9.6%	8.9%	-1.1%	-5.7%	-0.5%	0.8%	-7.6%	1.9%	-20bps	490bps	-220bps	-4bps	-45bps	22bps
8/31/2022	1.4%			-0.6%			1.3%			-10bps			-34bps		
MIN	0.1%	-9.6%	-2.2%	-5.5%	-5.7%	-3.0%	-1.1%	-7.6%	-1.2%	-30bps	Obps	-220bps	-135bps	-85bps	-69bps
1st QUARTILE	0.5%	-0.8%	-0.4%	-0.5%	-3.6%	-1.6%	0.4%	-0.4%	-0.7%	-13bps	25bps	15bps	-19bps	-33bps	-5bps
MEDIAN	0.9%	0.2%	0.3%	-0.2%	-1.7%	-0.9%	0.8%	0.1%	-0.2%	5bps	65bps	70bps	7bps	1bps	12bps
3rd QUARTILE	1.4%	0.7%	1.1%	0.7%	0.4%	-0.4%	1.0%	0.8%	0.4%	30bps	130bps	83bps	20bps	47bps	41bps
MAX	1.9%	1.3%	8.9%	1.7%	2.5%	2.9%	1.5%	1.3%	1.9%	140bps	490bps	120bps	134bps	202bps	288bps
PERCENT POSITIVE	100%	63%	63%	38%	25%	25%	88%	50%	50%	50%	88%	75%	63%	50%	63%
PERCENT NEGATIVE	0%	38%	38%	63%	75%	75%	13%	50%	50%	50%	0%	13%	38%	50%	38%
FED STILL HIKING w/in 3mo (n=3)	0.6%	0.6%	-0.7 %	0.5%	-0.0%	0.0%	0.9%	0.7%	0.4%	-10bps	30bps	20bps	27bps	121bps	94bps
FED PAUSE w/in 3mo (n=3)	1.0%	-0.6%	0.2%	-0.3%	-2.6%	-2.6%	0.3%	-0.1%	-1.0%	30bps	90bps	90bps	1bps	-2bps	-13bps
FED PIVOT w/in 3mo (n=2)	1.4%	-4.1%	4.7%	-0.6%	-2.1%	-0.9%	0.8%	-3.3%	0.7%	Obps	245bps	-70bps	-35bps	-11bps	23bps
MEAN OF BOLDED SCENARIOS	0.7%	0.4%	-0.2 %	0.1%	-0.9%	-0.4%	0.8%	0.4%	0.1%	-3bps	48bps	45bps	17bps	61bps	53bps
				Data Source: Bloombe	erg. All summary statistics	featured in the bottom c	lusters of rows are MI	DIAN values unless de	noted otherwise. Intel	lectual Property of 42 Mac	ro LLC.				



The Negative Spread Between Consumer Expectations And Current Conditions Also Implies A Recession Is Likely



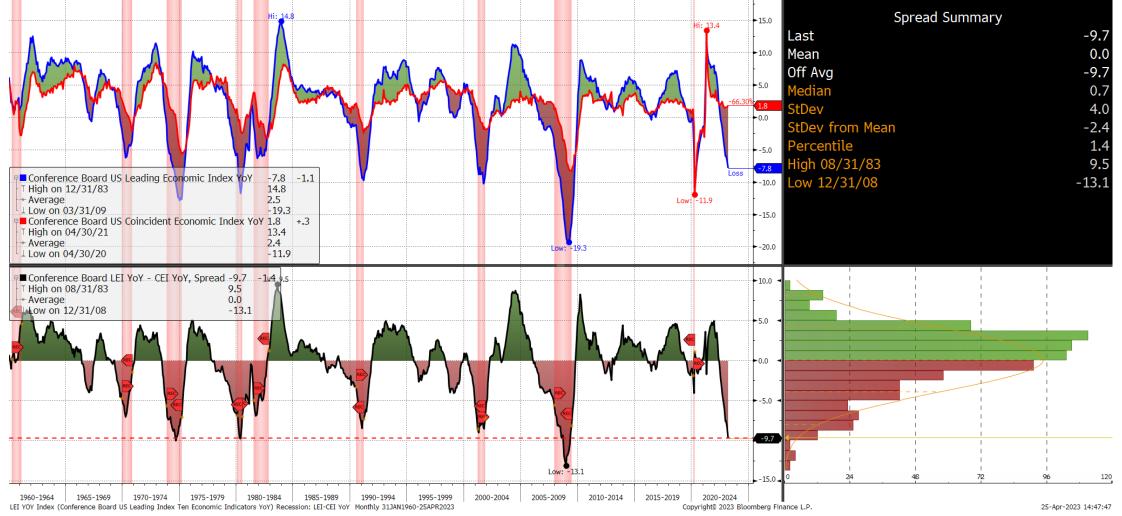


Our #Math On Consumer Confidence Cycles Suggests A Recession Is Most Likely To Commence In The Oct-23 Through Mar-24 Period

Date of Trough Spread b/tw the Conference Board's	Real GDP	Real GDP	Real GDP	Industrial Production	Industrial Production	Industrial Production	Nonfarm Payrolls	Nonfarm Payrolls	Nonfarm Payrolls	Unemployment Rate	Unemployment Rate	Unemployment Rate	Core PCE YoY	Core PCE YoY	Core PCE YoY
Consumer Expectations and Present Situation Indices	0-6mos Forward	6-12mos Forward	12-18mos Forward	0-6mos Forward	6-12mos Forward	12-18mos Forward	0-6mos Forward	6-12mos Forward	12-18mos Forward	0-6mos Forward	6-12mos Forward	12-18mos Forward	0-6mos Forward	6-12mos Forward	12-18mos Forwa
8/31/1968	1.2%	1.9%	0.2%	3.5%	1.8%	-3.1%	2.0%	1.9%	0.4%	-10bps	10bps	70bps	5bps	9bps	9bps
12/31/1973	-0.6%	-1.3%	-0.5%	-0.6%	-7.9%	-4.2%	0.7%	-1.2%	-1.5%	50bps	180bps	160bps	261bps	232bps	-156bps
9/30/1979	0.6%	-2.2%	3.9%	0.7%	-4.4%	3.1%	0.7%	-0.9%	1.1%	40bps	120bps	-10bps	183bps	16bps	-44bps
9/30/1981	-2.6%	0.1%	1.4%	-3.7%	-3.3%	0.1%	-1.1%	-1.4%	-0.1%	140bps	110bps	20bps	-148bps	-88bps	-51bps
4/30/1989	1.5%	1.3%	0.4%	-1.0%	1.5%	0.2%	0.6%	1.1%	-0.3%	10bps	10bps	50bps	-69bps	21bps	40bps
2/28/2001	0.3%	-0.1%	1.4%	-2.4%	-0.7%	2.4%	-0.6%	-1.0%	-0.1%	70bps	80bps	Obps	1bps	-61bps	26bps
3/31/2007	1.2%	0.2%	0.0%	1.0%	-0.5%	-7.8%	0.2%	0.1%	-1.1%	30bps	40bps	100bps	-28bps	7bps	-12bps
1/31/2019	1.2%	1.3%	-9.6%	-1.3%	-0.6%	-6.3%	0.5%	0.8%	-8.6%	-30bps	-20bps	670bps	-12bps	-7bps	-56bps
3/31/2023															
MIN	-2.6%	-2.2%	-9.6%	-3.7%	-7.9%	-7.8%	-1.1%	-1.4%	-8.6%	-30bps	-20bps	-10bps	-148bps	-88bps	-156bps
1st QUARTILE	0.1%	-0.4%	-0.1%	-1.6%	-3.6%	-4.7%	0.0%	-1.0%	-1.2%	5bps	10bps	15bps	-38bps	-21bps	-52bps
MEDIAN	0.9%	0.1%	0.3%	-0.8%	-0.7%	-1.5%	0.6%	-0.4%	-0.2%	35bps	60bps	60bps	-6bps	8bps	-28bps
3rd QUARTILE	1.2%	1.3%	1.4%	0.8%	0.0%	0.8%	0.7%	0.9%	0.0%	55bps	113bps	115bps	49bps	17bps	13bps
MAX	1.5%	1.9%	3.9%	3.5%	1.8%	3.1%	2.0%	1.9%	1.1%	140bps	180bps	670bps	261bps	232bps	40bps
PERCENT POSITIVE	75%	63%	75%	38%	25%	50%	75%	50%	25%	75%	88%	75%	50%	63%	38%
PERCENT NEGATIVE	25%	38%	25%	63%	75%	50%	25%	50%	75%	25%	13%	13%	50%	38%	63%
FED STILL HIKING w/in 3mo (n=3)	0.6%	-1.3%	0.2%	0.7%	-4.4%	-3.1%	0.7%	-0.9 %	0.4%	40bps	120bps	70bps	183bps	16bps	-44bps
FED PAUSE w/in 3mo (n=2)	1.2%	0.8%	-4.8%	-0.1%	-0.6%	-7.0%	0.4%	0.5%	-4.8%	Obps	10bps	385bps	-20bps	-Obps	-34bps
FED PIVOT w/in 3mo (n=3)	0.3%	0.1%	1.4%	-2.4%	-0.7%	0.2%	-0.6%	-1.0%	-0.1%	70bps	80bps	20bps	-69bps	-61bps	26bps
MEAN OF BOLDED SCENARIOS	0.7%	-0.6%	0.2%	-0.0%	-2.6%	-2.3%	0.7%	-0.6 %	0.1%	38bps	90bps	65bps	88bps	12bps	-36bps
			Data So	ource: Bloomberg. All sum	nmary statistics featured in	n the bottom clusters of ro	ws are MEDIAN value	s unless denoted other	wise. Intellectual Prop	erty of 42 Macro LLC.					



The Negative Spread Between Leading And Coincident Economic Indicators Also Implies A Recession Is Likely



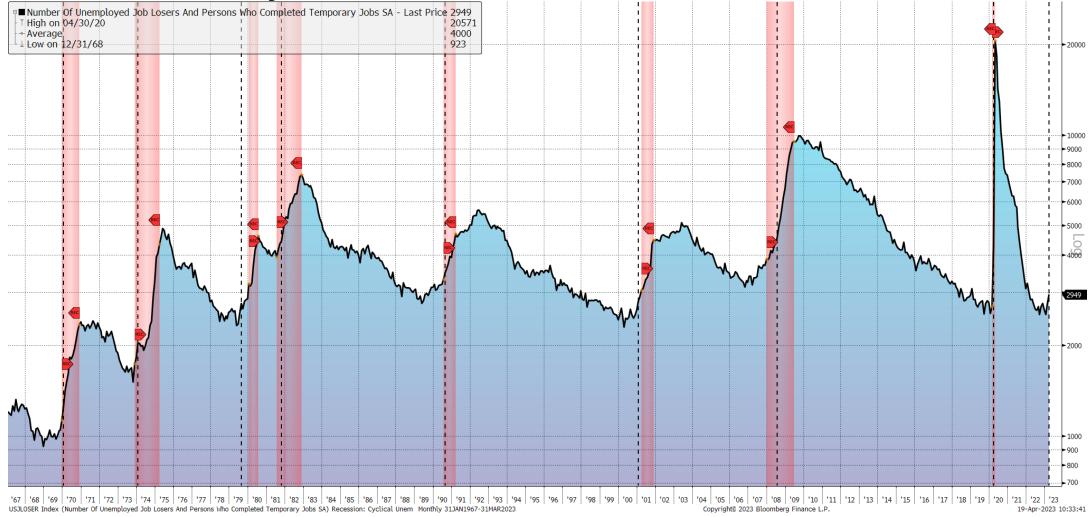


Our **#Math** On LEI Inversions Suggests A Recession Is Most Likely To Commence Sometime In 2H23

Date LEI YoY Growth	Real GDP	Real GDP	Real GDP	Industrial Production	Industrial Production	Industrial Production	Nonfarm Payrolls	Nonfarm Payrolls	Nonfarm Payrolls	Unemployment Rate	Unemployment Rate	Unemployment Rate	Core PCE YoY	Core PCE YoY	Core PCE YoY
Rate Inflects Below 0%	0-6mos Forward	6-12mos Forward	12-18mos Forward	0-6mos Forward	6-12mos Forward	12-18mos Forward	0-6mos Forward	6-12mos Forward	12-18mos Forward	0-6mos Forward	6-12mos Forward	12-18mos Forward	0-6mos Forward	6-12mos Forward	12-18mos Forward
2/28/1967	0.9%	1.7%	3.7%	1.2%	3.4%	2.1%	1.1%	1.6%	1.7%	Obps	Obps	-30bps	Obps	72bps	74bps
10/31/1969	-0.6%	1.1%	1.6%	-3.5%	-3.0%	2.7%	0.3%	-1.2%	0.7%	90bps	90bps	40bps	-2bps	3bps	27bps
11/30/1973	0.1%	-0.7%	-1.6%	-0.7%	-4.6%	-8.2%	0.8%	-0.4%	-2.1%	30bps	150bps	240bps	224bps	279bps	-81bps
4/30/1979	0.9%	0.6%	-2.2%	0.8%	-1.9%	-1.3%	1.2%	0.4%	-0.4%	20bps	90bps	60bps	45bps	139bps	71bps
7/31/1981	0.1%	-1.1%	-0.3%	-5.5%	-0.8%	-1.3%	-1.1%	-1.2%	-0.6%	140bps	120bps	60bps	-135bps	-85bps	-69bps
10/31/1989	1.3%	0.4%	-1.4%	1.5%	0.2%	-3.3%	1.1%	-0.3%	-0.9%	10bps	50bps	80bps	21bps	40bps	-79bps
1/31/1996	2.4%	1.9%	2.3%	3.8%	2.8%	3.8%	1.4%	1.1%	1.4%	-10bps	-20bps	-40bps	-12bps	-3bps	-1bps
3/31/1999	2.2%	2.0%	1.9%	1.4%	3.3%	0.9%	1.2%	1.4%	0.6%	Obps	-20bps	-10bps	29bps	47bps	-5bps
11/30/2000	0.3%	0.2%	1.1%	-2.6%	-2.6%	2.3%	-0.1%	-1.0%	-0.4%	40bps	120bps	30bps	4bps	-13bps	-15bps
8/31/2006	1.0%	0.9%	1.2%	1.3%	1.0%	0.1%	0.6%	0.3%	0.2%	-20bps	10bps	30bps	-11bps	-57bps	9bps
6/30/2016	1.1%	0.9%	1.8%	0.3%	1.3%	1.1%	0.9%	0.8%	0.6%	-20bps	-40bps	-20bps	33bps	-13bps	-Obps
10/31/2019	-0.7%	-1.3%	2.5%	-16.7%	14.0%	1.9%	-13.9%	9.2%	1.5%	1110bps	-780bps	-80bps	-78bps	44bps	177bps
6/30/2022	1.4%	1.4%		-1.2%	0.3%		1.4%	2.1%		-10bps	-10bps		-42bps	-44bps	
MIN	-0.7%	-1.3%	-2.2%	-16.7%	-4.6%	-8.2%	-13.9%	-1.2%	-2.1%	-20bps	-780bps	-80bps	-135bps	-85bps	-81bps
1st QUARTILE	0.1%	-0.0%	-0.6%	-2.8%	-2.1%	-1.3%	0.2%	-0.5%	-0.4%	-2bps	-20bps	-23bps	-12bps	-13bps	-29bps
MEDIAN	0.9%	0.7%	1.4%	0.5%	0.6%	1.0%	0.8%	0.4%	0.4%	15bps	30bps	30bps	2bps	21bps	-Obps
3rd QUARTILE	1.1%	1.2%	2.0%	1.3%	3.0%	2.1%	1.1%	1.2%	0.9%	53bps	98bps	60bps	30bps	53bps	38bps
MAX	2.4%	2.0%	3.7%	3.8%	14.0%	3.8%	1.4%	9.2%	1.7%	1110bps	150bps	240bps	224bps	279bps	177bps
PERCENT POSITIVE	83%	75%	67%	58%	58%	67%	75%	58%	58%	58%	58%	58%	58%	58%	42%
PERCENT NEGATIVE	17%	25%	33%	42%	42%	33%	25%	42%	42%	25%	33%	42%	42%	42%	58%
FED STILL HIKING w/in 3mo (n=3)	0.9%	1.1%	1.6%	0.8%	-1.9%	0.9%	1.2%	0.4%	0.6%	20bps	90bps	40bps	29bps	47bps	27bps
FED PAUSE w/in 3mo (n=6)	0.5%	0.1%	1.5%	-0.2%	1.1%	0.6%	0.7%	0.6%	0.4%	10bps	-5bps	5bps	-12bps	-8bps	-Obps
FED PIVOT w/in 3mo (n=3)	0.9%	0.4%	1.1%	1.2%	0.2%	2.1%	1.1%	-0.3%	-0.4%	10bps	50bps	30bps	4bps	40bps	-15bps
MEAN OF BOLDED SCENARIOS	0.9%	0.9%	1.5%	0.7%	-0.7 %	1.0%	1.0%	0.4%	0.5%	18bps	60bps	35bps	15bps	34bps	13bps
				Data Source: Bloombe	erg. All summary statistics	featured in the bottom c	lusters of rows are MI	DIAN values unless de	noted otherwise. Intel	lectual Property of 42 Mac	O LLC.				



The Sharp Rise In Cyclical Unemployment Also Implies A Recession Is Likely



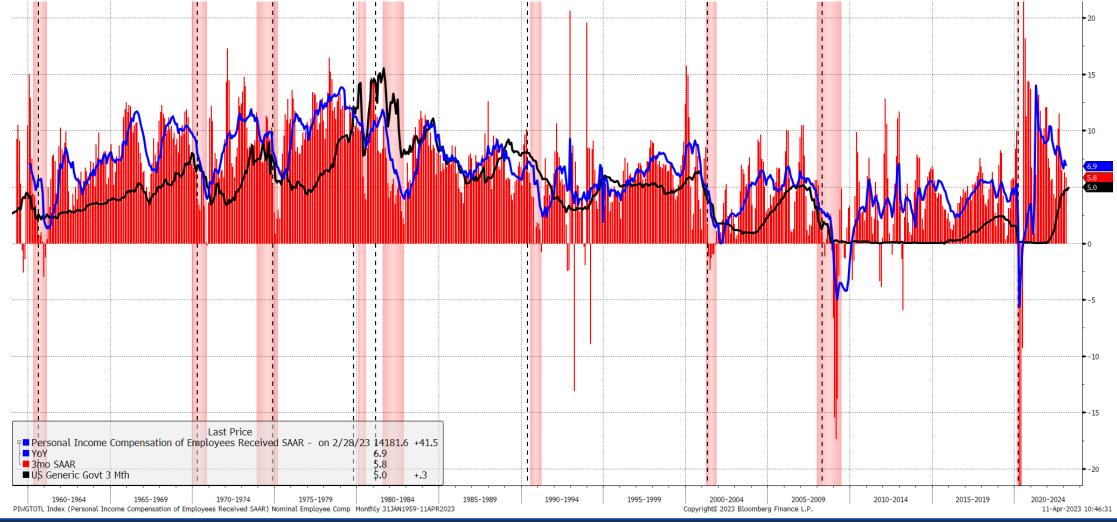


Our #Math On Cyclical Unemployment Inflections Suggest A Recession Is Most Likely To Commence Between Apr-23 And Sep-23

Date of +10% t3mo Rise Off Cyclical Low															
in the Total Number of Unemployed Due	Real GDP	Real GDP	Real GDP	Industrial Production	Industrial Production	Industrial Production	Nonfarm Payrolls	Nonfarm Payrolls	Nonfarm Payrolls	Unemployment Rate	Unemployment Rate	Unemployment Rate	Core PCE YoY	Core PCE YoY	Core PCE YoY
to Firings or Culmination of Temporary Work	0-6mos Forward	6-12mos Forward	12-18mos Forward	0-6mos Forward	6-12mos Forward	12-18mos Forward	0-6mos Forward	6-12mos Forward	12-18mos Forward	0-6mos Forward	6-12mos Forward	12-18mos Forward	0-6mos Forward	6-12mos Forward	12-18mos Forward
1/31/1970	-0.0%	-0.2%	3.3%	-0.6%	-0.5%	0.9%	-0.2%	-0.3%	0.6%	110bps	90bps	10bps	-16bps	49bps	4bps
1/31/1974	-0.6%	-1.3%	-0.5%	0.2%	-9.3%	-1.8%	0.7%	-1.7%	-0.7%	40bps	260bps	50bps	265bps	193bps	-195bps
8/31/1979	1.0%	-1.8%	1.7%	1.2%	-6.4%	4.3%	0.6%	-0.9%	1.1%	30bps	140bps	-30bps	156bps	26bps	24bps
10/31/1981	-2.6%	0.1%	1.4%	-3.8%	-3.3%	2.3%	-1.3%	-1.4%	0.5%	140bps	110bps	-20bps	-149bps	-58bps	-65bps
8/31/1990	-0.8%	0.3%	0.9%	-3.5%	1.8%	0.3%	-0.8%	-0.4%	0.0%	90bps	30bps	50bps	-42bps	-56bps	-13bps
1/31/2001	0.3%	-0.1%	1.4%	-2.9%	-0.9%	2.5%	-0.4%	-1.0%	-0.2%	40bps	110bps	10bps	12bps	-70bps	12bps
7/31/2008	-2.7%	-1.3%	1.4%	-11.1%	-3.0%	4.1%	-2.5%	-2.5%	-0.7%	200bps	170bps	30bps	-134bps	-28bps	106bps
3/31/2020	-1.3%	2.5%	2.4%	-1.9%	2.4%	0.9%	-6.1%	1.8%	2.4%	350bps	-180bps	-130bps	-15bps	59bps	187bps
3/31/2023															
MIN	-2.7%	-1.8%	-0.5%	-11.1%	-9.3%	-1.8%	-6.1%	-2.5%	-0.7%	30bps	-180bps	-130bps	-149bps	-70bps	-195bps
1st QUARTILE	-1.6%	-1.3%	1.2%	-3.6%	-4.1%	0.8%	-1.6%	-1.5%	-0.3%	40bps	75bps	-23bps	-65bps	-56bps	-26bps
MEDIAN	-0.7%	-0.1%	1.4%	-2.4%	-1.9%	1.6%	-0.6%	-0.9%	0.3%	100bps	110bps	10bps	-16bps	-1bps	8bps
3rd QUARTILE	0.1%	0.1%	1.9%	-0.4%	0.1%	2.9%	0.0%	-0.4%	0.8%	155bps	148bps	35bps	48bps	51bps	45bps
MAX	1.0%	2.5%	3.3%	1.2%	2.4%	4.3%	0.7%	1.8%	2.4%	350bps	260bps	50bps	265bps	193bps	187bps
PERCENT POSITIVE	25%	38%	88%	25%	25%	88%	25%	13%	63%	100%	88%	63%	38%	50%	63%
PERCENT NEGATIVE	75%	63%	13%	75%	75%	13%	75%	88%	38%	0%	13%	38%	63%	50%	38%
FED STILL HIKING w/in 3mo (n=2)	0.2%	-1.5%	0.6%	0.7%	-7.8%	1.2%	0.7%	-1.3%	0.2%	35bps	200bps	10bps	211bps	110bps	-85bps
FED PAUSE w/in 3mo (n=1)	-1.3%	2.5%	2.4%	-1.9%	2.4%	0.9%	-6.1%	1.8%	2.4%	350bps	-180bps	-130bps	-15bps	59bps	187bps
FED PIVOT w/in 3mo (n=5)	-0.8%	-0.1%	1.4%	-3.5%	-0.9%	2.3%	-0.8%	-1.0%	0.0%	110bps	110bps	10bps	-42bps	-56bps	4bps
MEAN OF BOLDED SCENARIOS	-0.3%	-0.8%	1.0%	-0.8%	-4.9%	1.4%	0.0%	-1.1%	0.2%	68bps	155bps	10bps	97bps	54bps	-39bps
			D	ata Source: Bloomberg. All	summary statistics featur	ed in the bottom clusters	of rows are MEDIAN	alues unless denoted	otherwise. Intellectual	Property of 42 Macro LLC.					



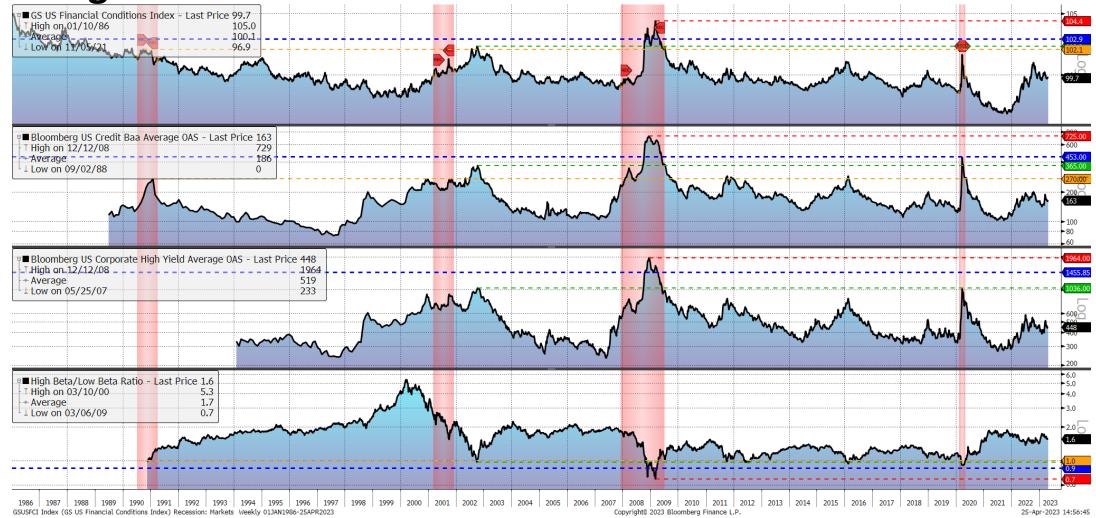
Nominal Employee Compensation Suggests Fed Policy Is Not Sufficiently Restrictive Now; It Should Be In 1-2 Quarters, However





© 42 Macro LLC. Data Source: Bloomberg.

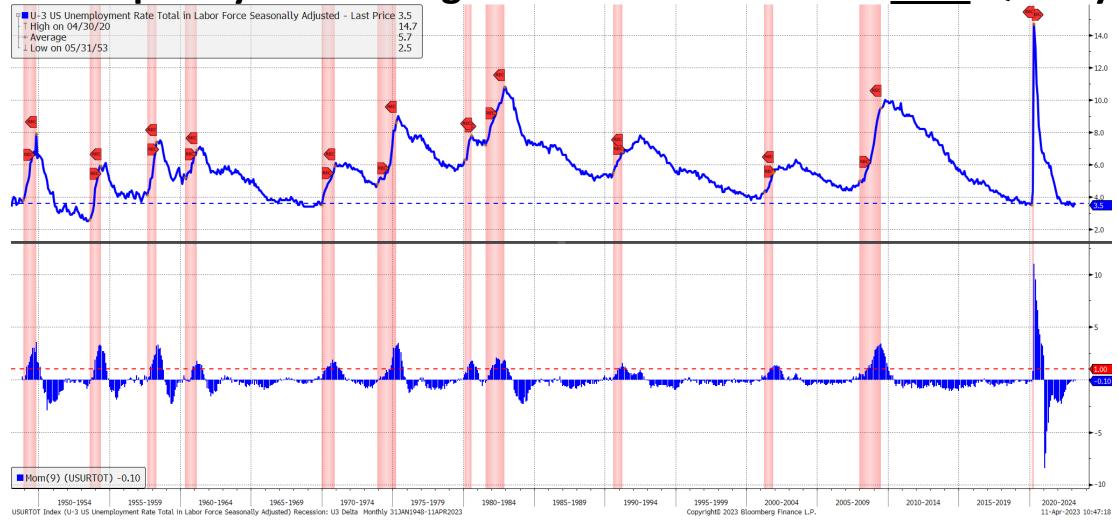
Every Recession Has A Phase 2 Credit Cycle Downturn And The Pending One Has NOT Been Priced In





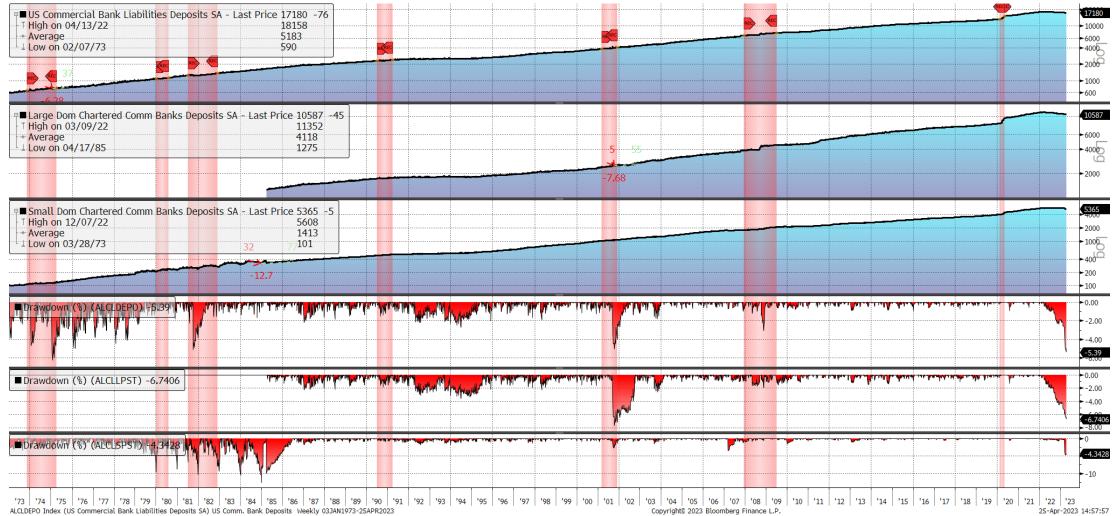
© 42 Macro LLC. Data Source: Bloomberg. Orange Line = 1990-91 recession peak/trough. Green Line = 2001 recession peak/trough. Red Line = GFC peak/tough. Blue Line = mean.

The FOMC Sees U3 At 4.5% By Yearend 2023, Which Suggests The Fed Is Implicitly Forecasting A Recession And Won't <u>Ease</u> Quickly



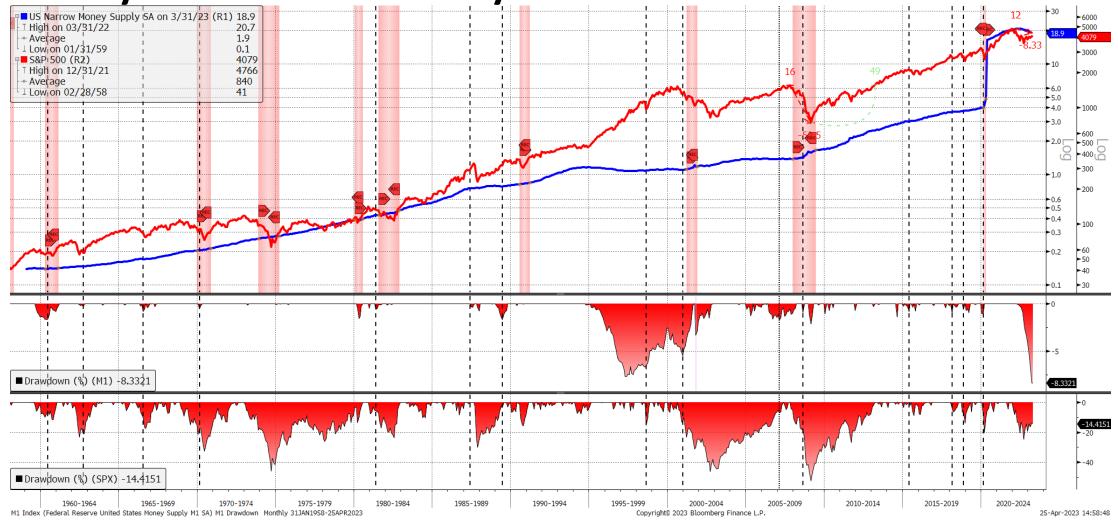


US Commercial Bank Deposits Are Declining At One Of Their Fastest Rates Ever



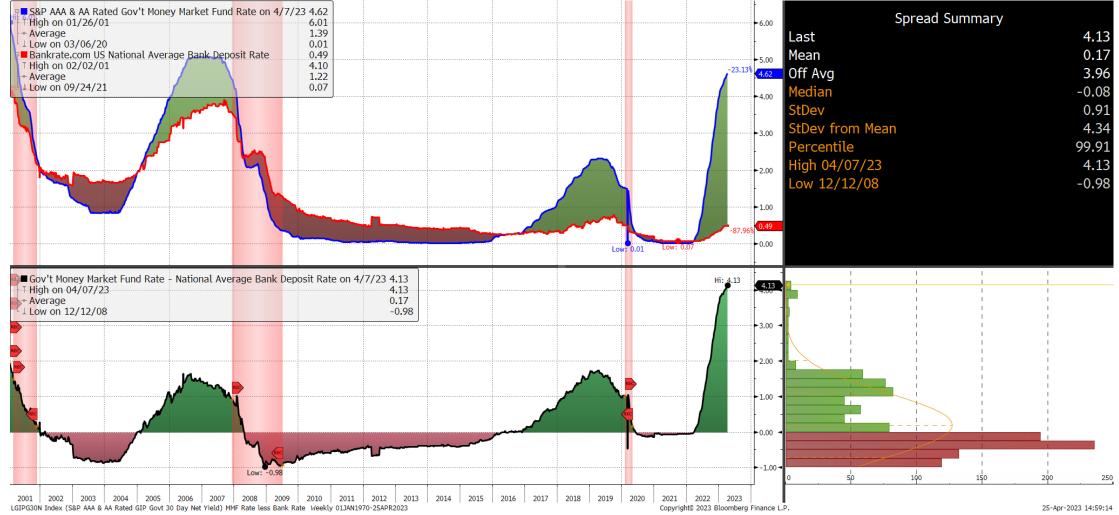


Bad Things Happen When Private Sector Money DEFLATION Is Not Offset By Public Sector Money REFLATION



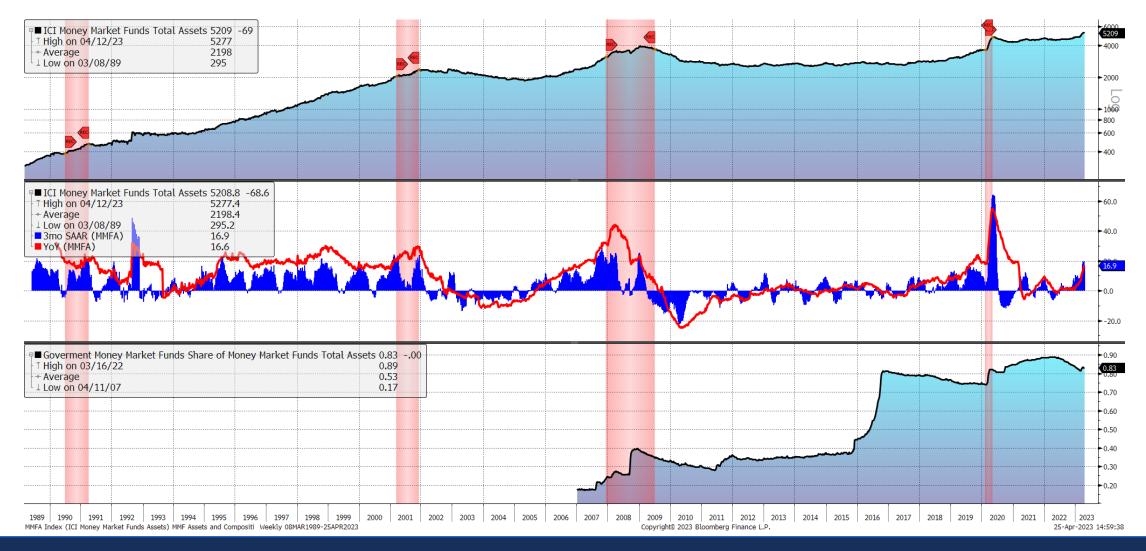


The Drawdown In US Commercial Bank Deposits Is Likely To Continue Amid The Competition For Capital And Mobile Banking



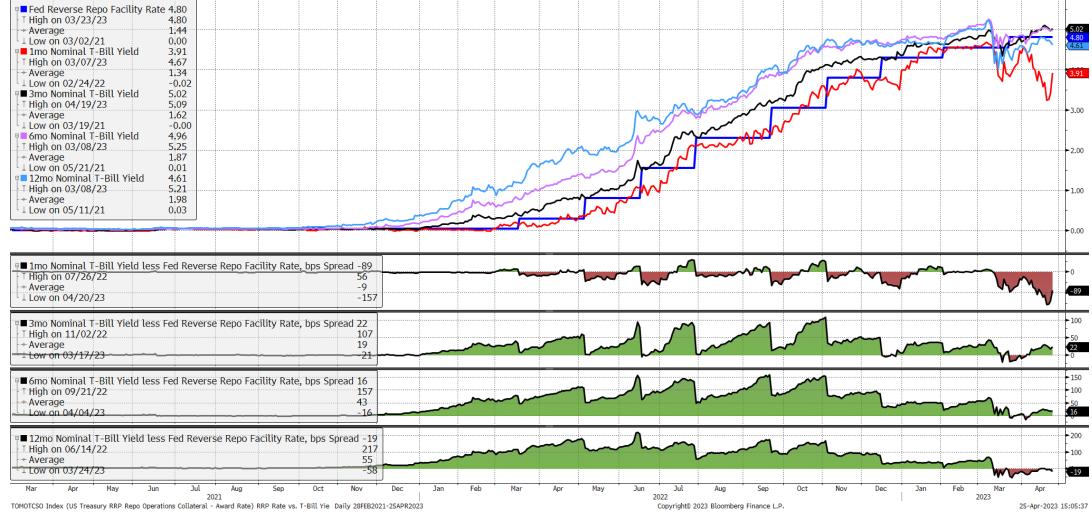


Money Market Fund Assets Are Exploding Higher



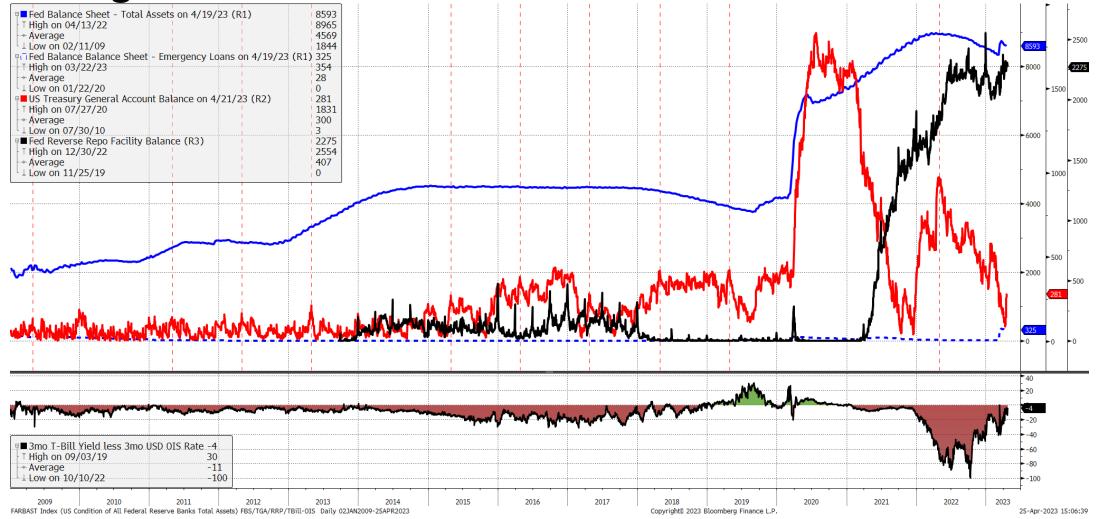


It Is Not Likely That Treasury Secretary Yellen Can Supply Enough T-Bills To Accommodate The Aggressive Increase In Demand



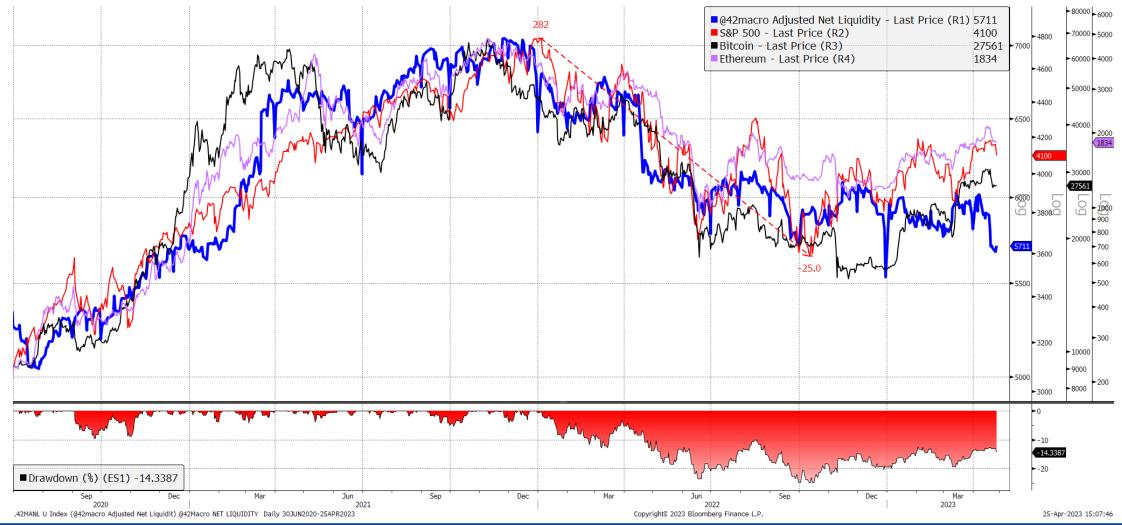


It Is Likely That Both The TGA And RRP Are Higher – Potentially Much Higher – In ~Six Months



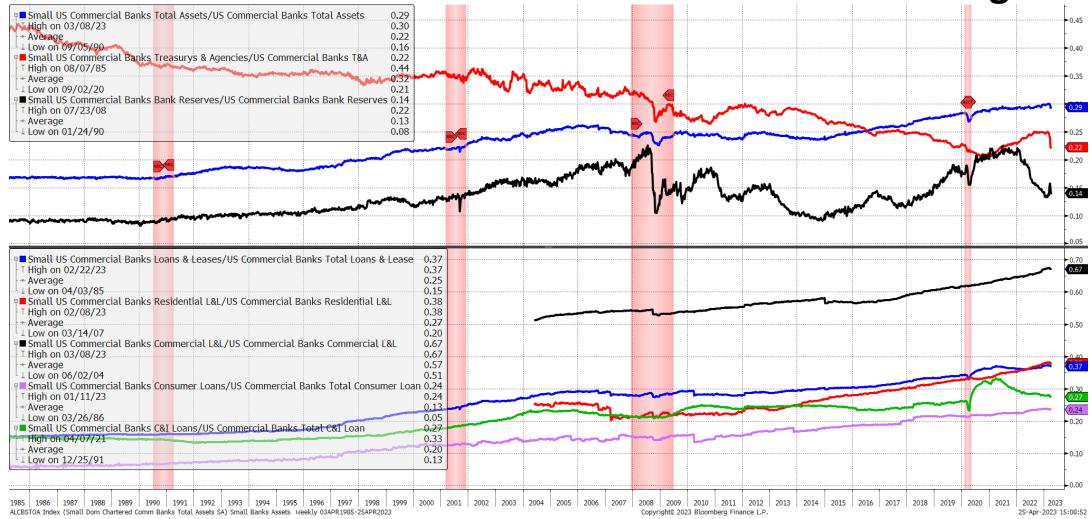


The Lack Of Unencumbered Liquidity Provision By The Fed Means @42Macro Adjusted Net Liquidity Is Likely To Still Be Trending Lower When Phase 2 Begins



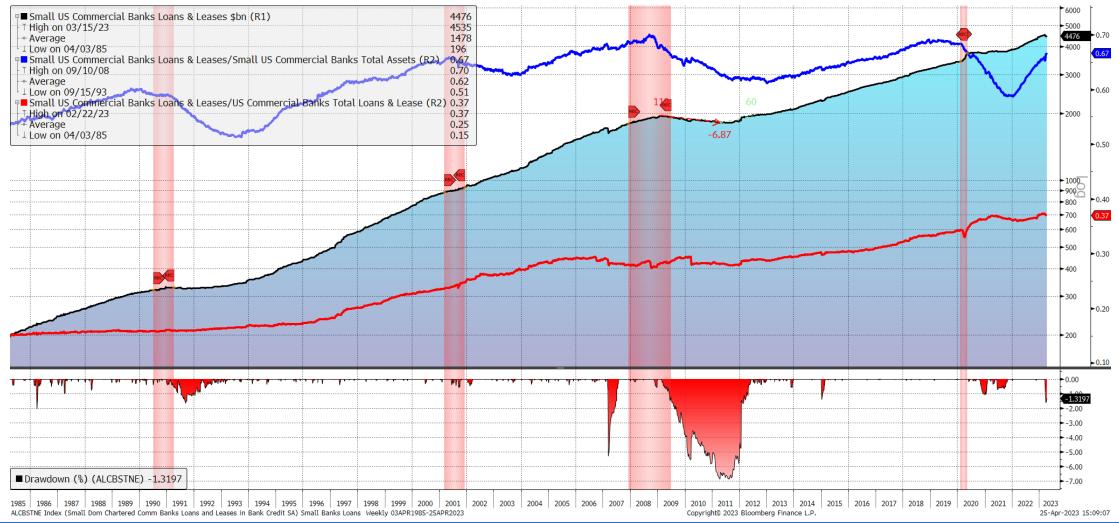


"Small" Banks Are A Meaningful Share Of The US Banking Sector's Total Assets And Dominate Commercial Real Estate Lending



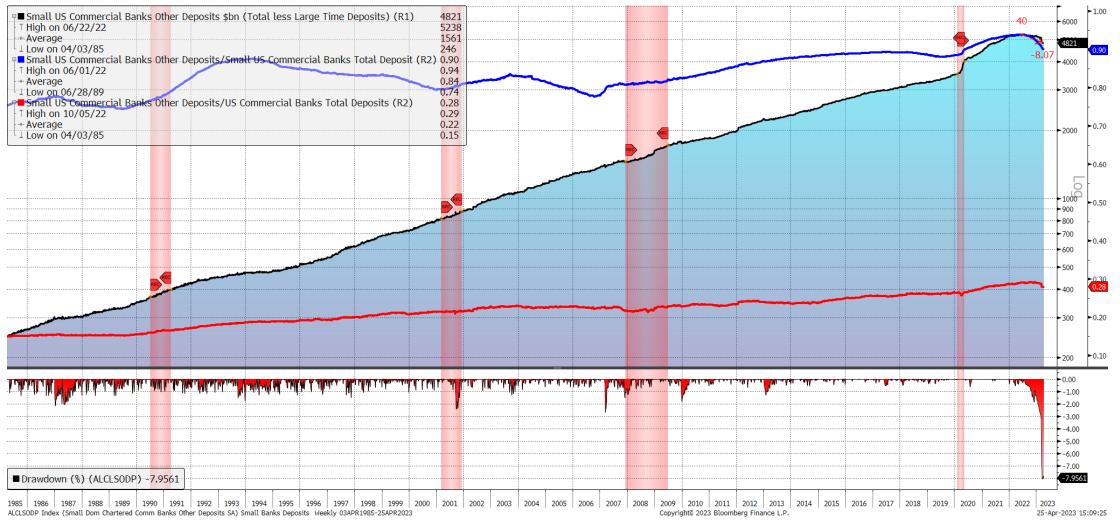


"Small" Banks Account For Nearly 40% Of Total US Commercial Bank Loans And Leases



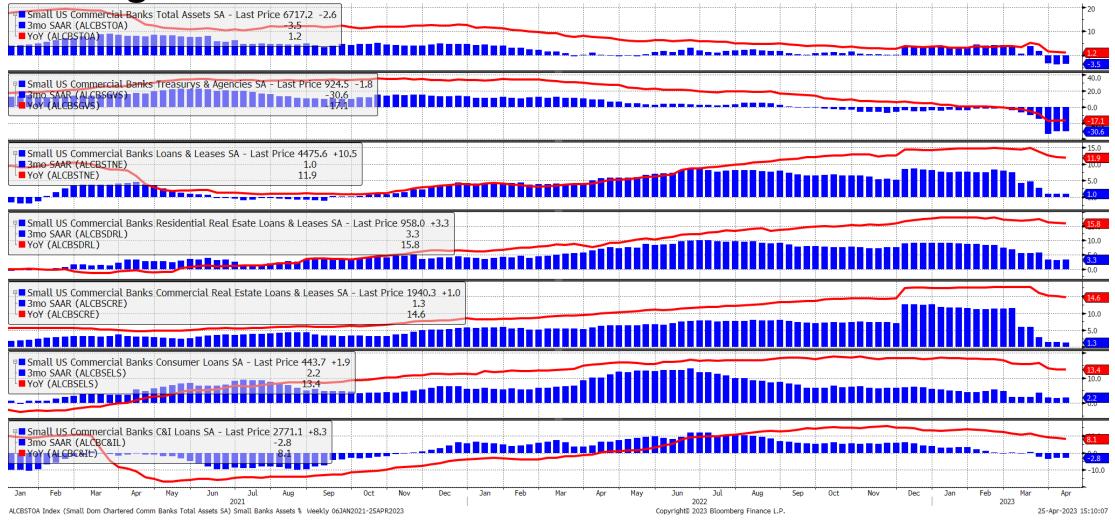


Liquid Deposits At "Small" Banks Account For Nearly 30% Of Total US Commercial Bank Deposits And They Are Declining At The Fastest Rate Ever



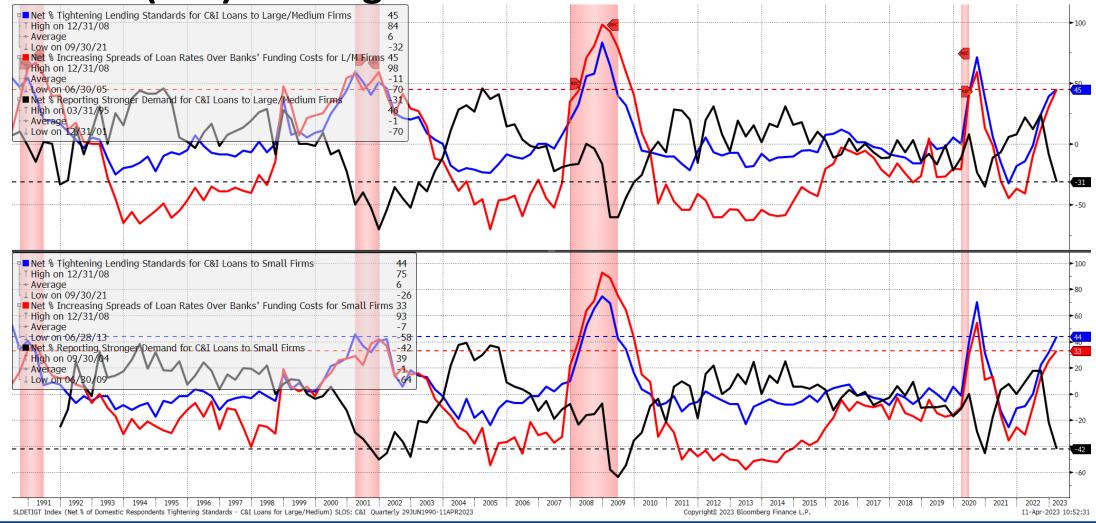


Largely As A Result Of Deposit Outflows, "Small" Banks Are Slamming On The Credit Intermediation Breaks



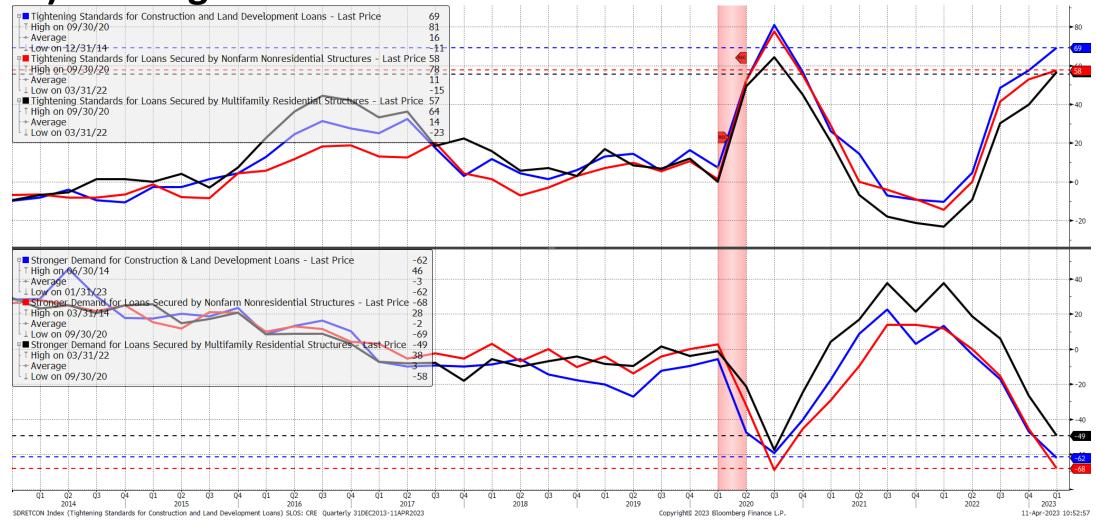


The Credit Crunch Is A Feature, Not A Bug: Commercial & Industrial (C&I) Lending Conditions



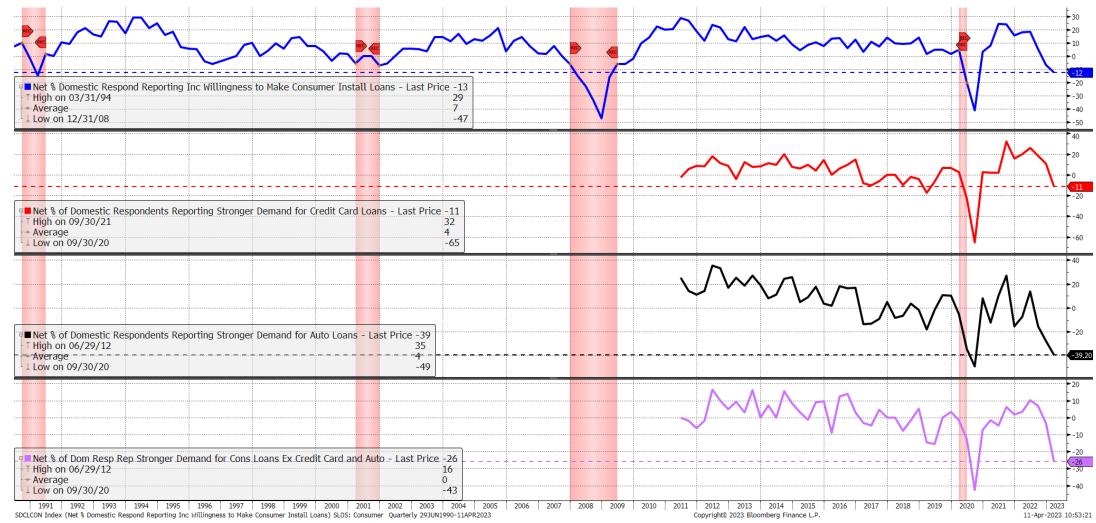


The Credit Crunch Is A Feature, Not A Bug: Commercial Real Estate (CRE) Lending Conditions



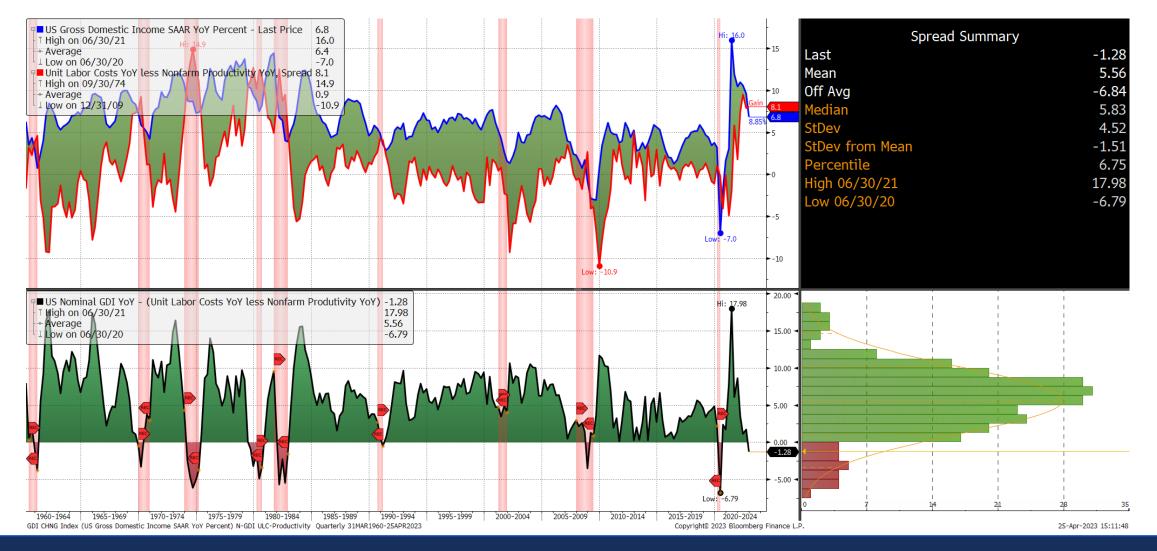


The Credit Crunch Is A Feature, Not A Bug: Consumer Lending Conditions



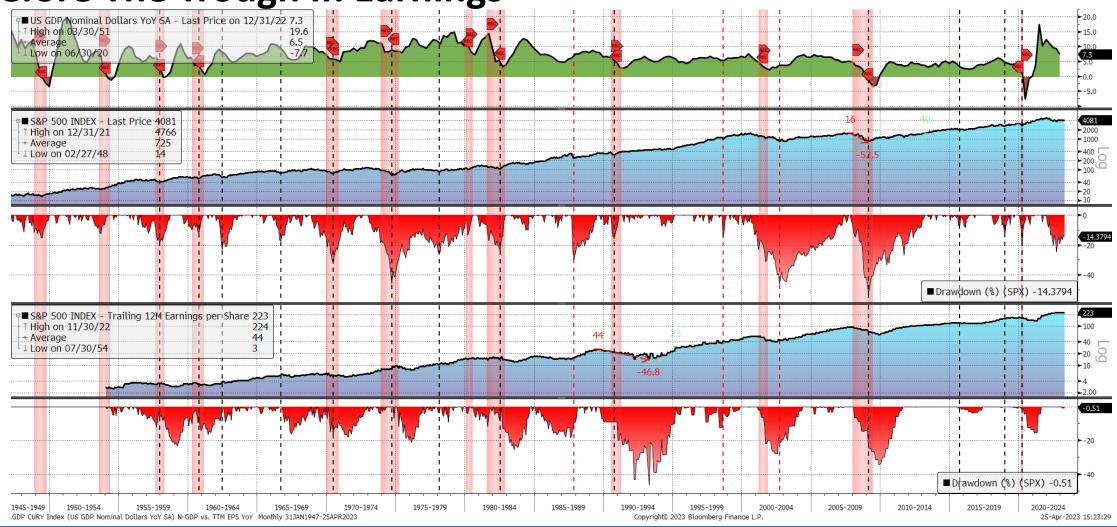


An Earnings Recession Is Likely Just Around The Corner





Contrary To Popular Opinion, Stocks Do Not Always Bottom Before The Trough In Earnings

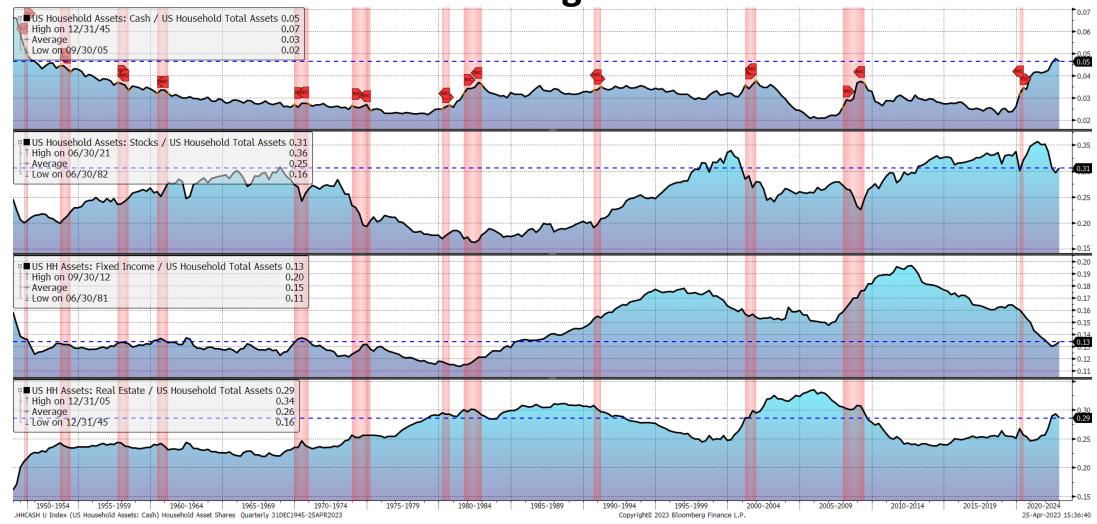


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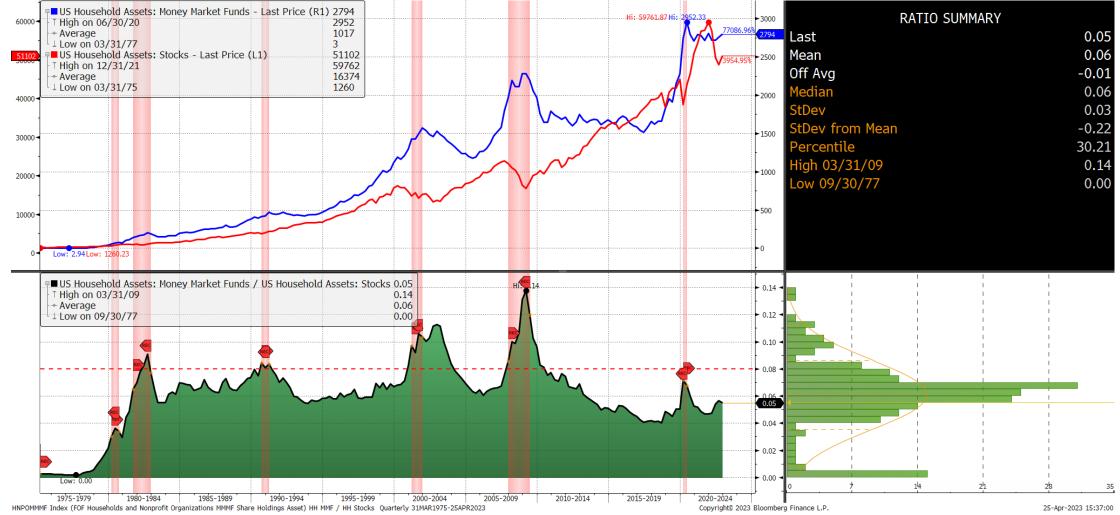
Black dotted lines = S&P 500 bottoms before the trough in YoY Corporate Profits (13 of 16; 81%). Red dotted lines = S&P 500 bottoms after the trough in YoY Corporate Profits (3 of 16; 19%).

"Everyone Is [NOT] Bearish": US Households' Allocation To Stocks Remains Near Dot-Com Bubble Highs





"Everyone Is [NOT] Bearish": US Households' Allocation To Money Market Funds Remains Well Shy Of Recession Liquidity Preferences



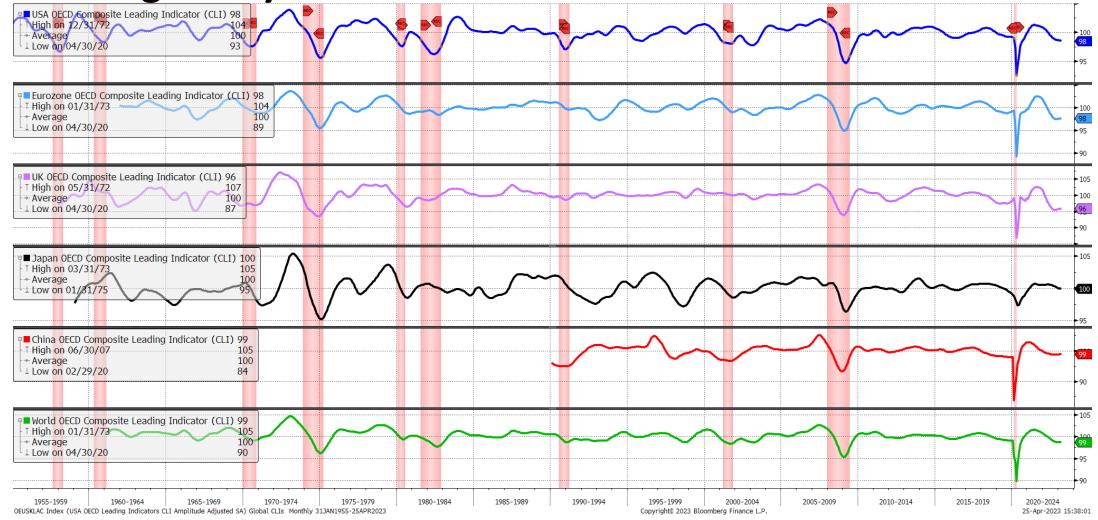


Right Tail Risk





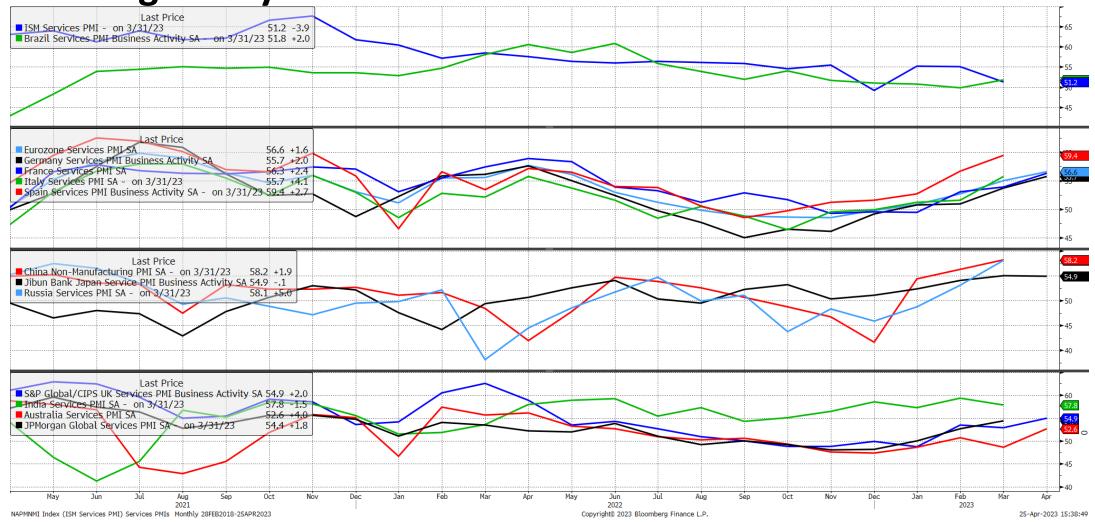
CLIs Suggest The Chinese And European Economies Are Recovering Nicely





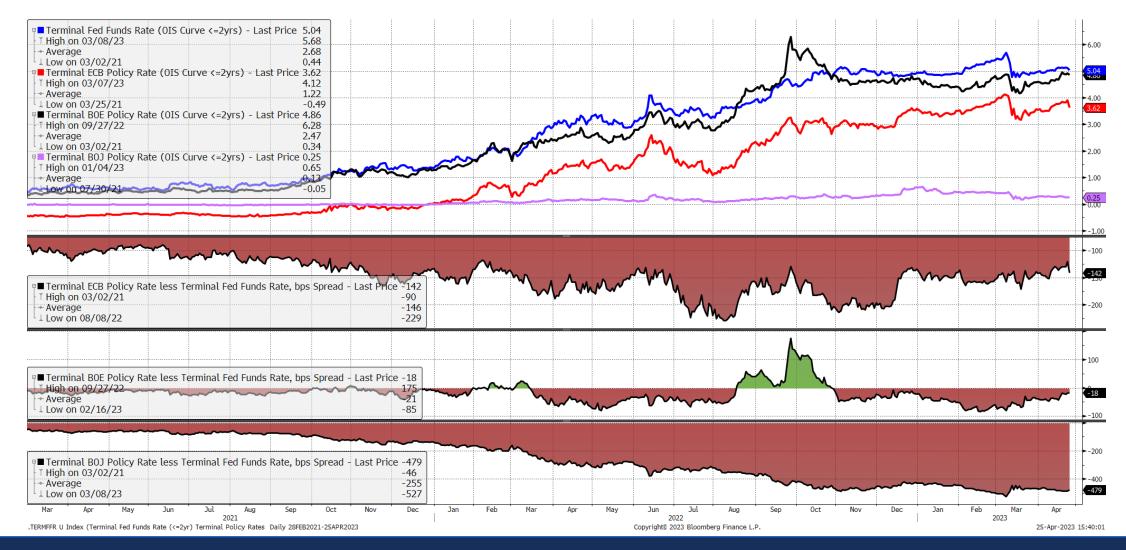
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PMIs Also Suggest The Chinese And European Economies Are Recovering Nicely





China's Recovery Is Explicitly Bearish For The US\$



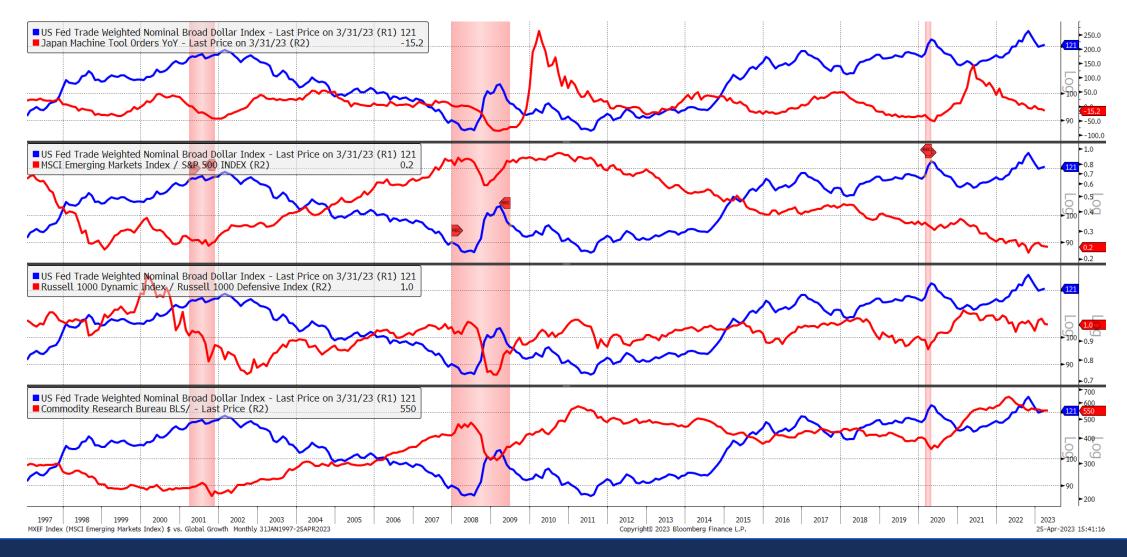


The US\$ Faces Structural Headwinds From Capital Outflows



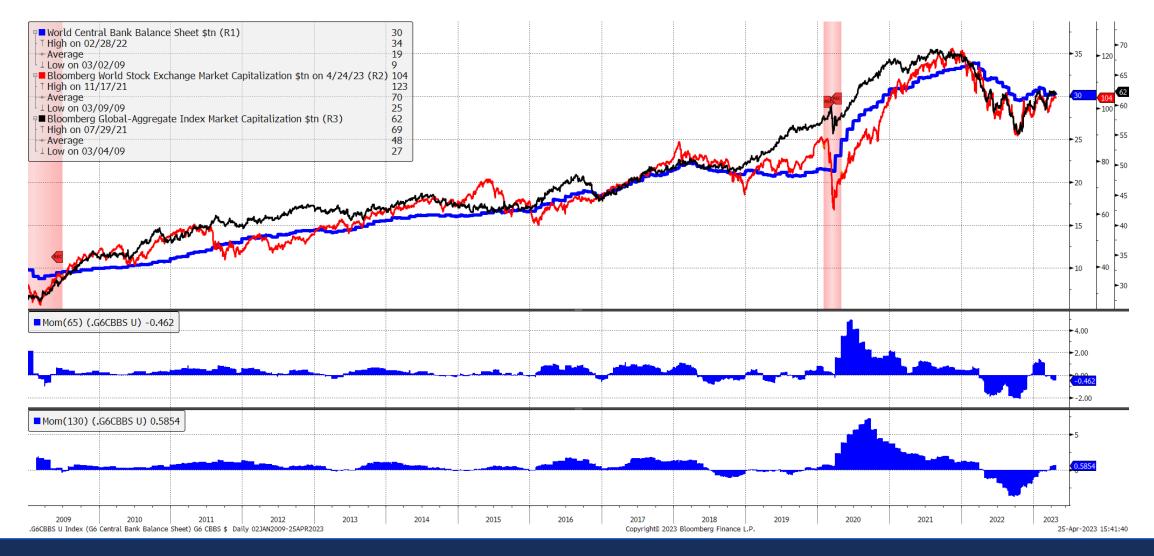


A Weak US\$ Is Supportive Of Global Growth And Carry Trades





Will The Surge In Global Central Bank Liquidity Be Sustained?



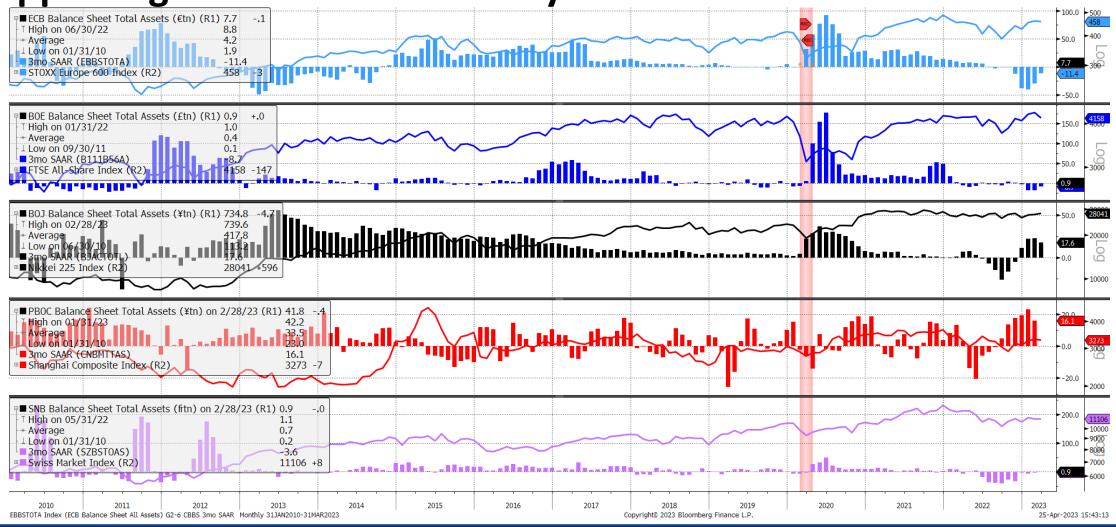


The Global Liquidity Cycle Appears To Have Peaked In Jan/Feb





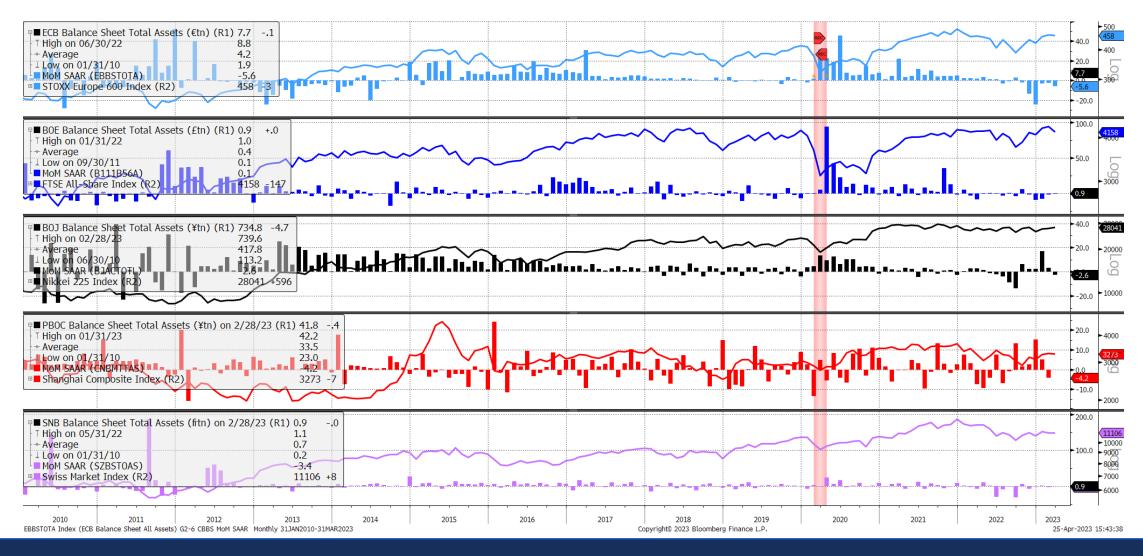
The BOJ And PBOC Were Aggressively Defending YCC And Supporting The Chinese Economy Post Zero COVID





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Neither The BOJ Nor PBOC Appear Inclined To Continue Easing





Bear Markets Tend To Bottom Right Around When The Fed Pivots

				S&P 500	S&P 500	S&P 500			Months From the Bear Market Trough	Months From the Inflection in the		Months From the Bear Market Trough	Month of Trough Industrial	Months From the Bear Market Troug
		Duration	S&P 500	Max Drawdown						Liquidity Cycle to the Peak	Month of Peak		Production YoY/ISM	to the Bottom of
	End Date	. ,	Max Drawdown		First 3mos	CAGR		t (Pause, Pivot, or Panic)	Liquidity Cycle	of the Inflation Cycle	Headline CPI	Inflation Cycle	Manufacturing PMI	the Growth Cycle
9/16/1929 6	5/1/1932	32	-86%	-40%	112%	27%	4/1/1932	Pivot	(2)	(32)	Jul-29	(34)	Jul-32	2
3/10/1937 4/	/28/1942	62	-60%	-17%	18%	-2%	7/1/1942	Pause	2	(1)	May-42	1	Jun-42	2
5/29/1946 5/	/19/1947	12	-28%	-12%	17%	3%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	Mar-47	(2)	Mar-48	10
6/15/1948 6/	/13/1949	12	-21%	-10%	16%	4%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	Jul-48	(10)	Oct-49	5
8/2/1956 10)/22/1957	15	-22%	-19%	7%	-13%	11/15/1957	Pivot	1	(8)	Mar-57	(7)	Jan-58	3
12/12/1961 6/	/26/1962	6	-28%	-25%	14%	-14%	7/19/1962	Pivot	1	(18)	Jan-61	(17)	Aug-62	2
2/9/1966 10	0/7/1966	8	-22%	-13%	18%	3%	9/22/1966	Pivot	(0)	1	Oct-66	1	Apr-67	7
11/29/1968 5/	/26/1970	18	-36%	-23%	18%	-9%	1/30/1970	Pivot	(4)	(1)	Dec-69	(5)	Nov-70	6
1/11/1973 10	0/3/1974	21	-48%	-25%	24%	-7%	7/1/1974	Pivot	(3)	6	Dec-74	3	Jan-75	4
11/28/1980 8/	/12/1982	20	-27%	-9%	40%	28%	6/1/1981	Pivot	(14)	(14)	Mar-80	(28)	May-82	(2)
8/25/1987 12	2/4/1987	3	-34%	-32%	21%	-17%	10/19/1987	Pivot	(2)	0	Oct-87	(1)	Mar-88	4
7/16/1990 10)/11/1990	3	-20%	-17%	16%	-3%	10/29/1990	Panic	1	0	Oct-90	1	Jan-91	4
3/24/2000 10	0/9/2002	31	-49%	-19%	21%	-2%	1/3/2001	Pivot	(21)	(9)	Mar-00	(30)	Oct-01	(11)
10/9/2007 3	3/9/2009	17	-57%	-28%	40%	1%	9/18/2007	Pivot	(18)	10	Jul-08	(7)	Dec-08	(2)
4/29/2011 10	0/3/2011	5	-19%	-15%	21%	3%	9/21/2011	Pivot	(0)	0	Sep-11	(0)	Oct-11	1
9/20/2018 12	2/24/2018	3	-20%	-20%	21%	-2%	1/4/2019	Pause	0	(5)	Jul-18	(5)	Dec-19	12
2/19/2020 3/	/23/2020	1	-34%	-34%	44%	-5%	3/3/2020	Panic	(1)	(1)	Jan-20	(2)	Apr-20	1
MIN		1	-86%	-40%	7%	-17%	n/a	n/a	(21)	(32)	n/a	(34)	n/a	(11)
1st QUARTIL	.E	5	-48%	-25%	17%	-7%	n/a	n/a	(3)	(8)	n/a	(10)	n/a	1
MEDIAN		12	-28%	-19 %	21%	-2 %	n/a	n/a	(1)	(1)	n/a	(5)	n/a	3
3rd QUARTIL	E	20	-22%	-15%	24%	3%	n/a	n/a	0	0	n/a	(0)	n/a	5
MAX		62	-19%	-9%	112%	28%	n/a	n/a	2	10	n/a	3	n/a	12
PERCENT POSIT	TIVE	n/a	0%	0%	100%	41%	n/a	n/a	33%	40%	n/a	24%	n/a	82%
PERCENT NEGA	TIVE	n/a	100%	100%	0%	59%	n/a	n/a	67%	60%	n/a	76%	n/a	18%
PEAK HEADLINE CPI >	> 5% (n=8)	17	-32%	-17%	18%	-0%	n/a	n/a	(3)	(0)	n/a	(3)	n/a	4
PEAK HEADLINE CPI <	< 5% (n=9)	6	-28%	-20%	21%	-2%	n/a	n/a	(0)	(5)	n/a	(5)	n/a	2
BOTTOM IN RECESSI	ION (n=9)	17	-34%	-23%	24%	-3%	n/a	n/a	(3)	(1)	n/a	(7)	n/a	3
BOTTOM OUT OF RECES	• •	7	-28%	-18%	20%	-2%	n/a	n/a	(0)	(1)	n/a	(1)	n/a	3
-20% to -30% (r	. ,	8	-22%	-15%	17%	3%	n/a	n/a	0	(5)	n/a	(5)	n/a	4
-30% to -50% (r		18	-36%	-25%	21%	-7%	n/a	n/a	(3)	(1)	n/a	(2)	n/a	4
-50%+ (n=3)		32	-60%	-28%	40%	1%	n/a	n/a	(2)	(1)	n/a	(7)	n/a	2
MEAN OF BOLDED SC	/	14	-29%	-28%	20%	-1%	n/a	n/a	(2)	(2)	n/a	(5)	n/a	4
THE WONDOLDED SC							,			(2) he bottom clusters of rows are M		17		*



"Pause Pivots" Have Historically Been Quite Bullish For Risk Assets

								10yr Nominal	10yr Nominal	10yr Nominal	Bloomberg	Bloomberg	Bloomberg			
Date of Fed Pivot	Style of Fed Pivot	S&P 500	S&P 500	S&P 500	Fed Funds Rate	Fed Funds Rate	Fed Funds Rate	Treasury Yield	Treasury Yield	Treasury Yield	Commodity Index	Commodity Index	Commodity Index	US Dollar Index	US Dollar Index	US Dollar Index
When Bayesian Prior = Bear Market	(Pause, Pivot, or Panic)	3mos Forward	6mos Forward	12mos Forward	3mos Forward	6mos Forward	12mos Forward	3mos Forward	6mos Forward	12mos Forward	3mos Forward	6mos Forward	12mos Forward	3mos Forward	6mos Forward	12mos Forward
4/1/1932	Pivot	-39%	11%	-20%												
7/1/1942	Pause	7%	18%	49%												
n/a (no observable pivot date for the 1946-47 bear)	n/a															
n/a (no observable pivot date for the 1948-49 bear)	n/a															
11/15/1957	Pivot	4%	12%	33%	-200bps	-250bps	-50bps									
7/19/1962	Pivot	1%	18%	23%	-25bps	-4bps	25bps	-10bps	-15bps	-2bps	1%	12%	13%			
9/22/1966	Pivot	3%	16%	24%	-75bps	-150bps	-125bps	-57bps	-71bps	10bps	-4%	-3%	-9%			
1/30/1970	Pivot	-5%	-9%	12%	-100bps	-150bps	-375bps	5bps	-39bps	-168bps	5%	8%	19%	-0%	-1%	-1%
7/1/1974	Pivot	-26%	-20%	11%	-375bps	-500bps	-650bps	30bps	-24bps	32bps	34%	22%	3%	2%	-3%	-4%
6/1/1981	Pivot	-7%	-5%	-16%	-450bps	-700bps	-700bps	191bps	-37bps	21bps	-11%	-17%	-26%	5%	-2%	7%
10/19/1987	Pivot	-9%	-8%	-1%	-62bps	-50bps	100bps	-188bps	-124bps	-149bps	-4%	-0%	-3%	-6%	-7%	-3%
10/29/1990	Panic	13%	23%	29%	-125bps	-225bps	-300bps	-62bps	-61bps	-117bps	-12%	-11%	-11%	-1%	10%	9%
1/3/2001	Pivot	-3%	-6%	-12%	-200bps	-275bps	-475bps	42bps	14bps	12bps	-2%	-8%	-21%	7%	8%	11%
9/18/2007	Pivot	-1%	-10%	-21%	-100bps	-300bps	-325bps	-44bps	-106bps	-64bps	6%	16%	-4%	-4%	-10%	-0%
9/21/2011	Pivot	5%	17%	20%	Obps	Obps	Obps	-6bps	27bps	-31bps	-9%	-9%	-4%	4%	3%	4%
1/4/2019	Pause	20%	22%	32%	Obps	-25bps	-75bps	-5bps	-54bps	-105bps	4%	2%	-3%	1%	2%	1%
3/3/2020	Panic	0%	9%	29%	-150bps	-150bps	-150bps	-51bps	-48bps	58bps	-10%	-2%	15%	0%	-4%	-4%
MIN	n/a	-39%	-20%	-21%	-450bps	-700bps	-700bps	-188bps	-124bps	-168bps	-12%	-17%	-26%	-6%	-10%	-4%
1st QUARTILE	n/a	-6%	-7%	-7%	-200bps	-275bps	-375bps	-52bps	-64bps	-108bps	-10%	-8%	-10%	-1%	-3%	-2%
MEDIAN	n/a	0%	11%	20%	-100bps	-150bps	-150bps	-8bps	-43bps	-16bps	-3%	-1%	-4%	1%	-1%	0%
3rd QUARTILE	n/a	4%	17%	29%	-62bps	-50bps	-50bps	11bps	-22bps	14bps	4%	9%	6%	4%	2%	7%
MAX	n/a	20%	23%	49%	0bps	Obps	100bps	191bps	27bps	58bps	34%	22%	19%	7%	10%	11%
PERCENT POSITIVE	n/a	53%	60%	67%	0%	0%	15%	33%	17%	42%	42%	42%	33%	60%	40%	50%
PERCENT NEGATIVE	n/a	47%	40%	33%	85%	92%	77%	67%	83%	58%	58%	58%	67%	40%	60%	50%
FED PAUSE (n=2)	n/a	13%	20%	40%	Obps	-25bps	-75bps	-5bps	-54bps	-105bps	4%	2%	-3%	1%	2%	1%
FED PIVOT (n=11)	n/a	-3%	-5%	11%	-100bps	-200bps	-225bps	-6bps	-37bps	-2bps	-2%	-0%	-4%	2%	-2%	-0%
FED PANIC (n=2)	n/a	7%	16%	29%	-138bps	-188bps	-225bps	-56bps	-55bps	-29bps	-11%	-7%	2%	-1%	3%	2%
FED PIVOT NOT IN RECESSION (n=9)	n/a	1%	16%	20%	-69bps	-100bps	-100bps	-8bps	-45bps	-16bps	-3%	-1%	-4%	3%	0%	2%
FED PIVOT IN RECESSION (n=6)	n/a	-2%	10%	20%	-150bps	-225bps	-300bps	-23bps	-43bps	-42bps	-3%	3%	9%	-0%	-2%	-3%
MEAN OF BOLDED SCENARIOS	n/a	5%	15%	27%	-56bps	-92bps	-108bps	-7bps	-48bps	-46bps	-1%	-0%	-4%	1%	0%	1%
			Data Sou	rce: Bloomberg. Al	summary statistics	featured in the bott	om three clusters o	f rows are MEDIAN	values. Intellectu	al Property of 42 Ma	cro LLC.					



ICYMI





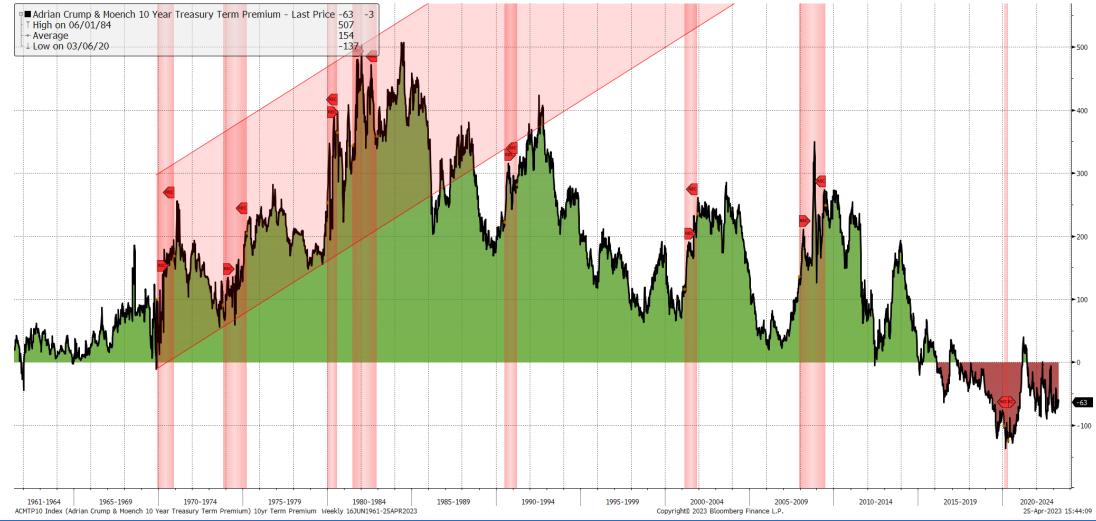
42 Macro Secular Inflation Model: Our **#Math** Suggests Core PCE Is Likely To Trend 90-130bps Higher Throughout This Decade; Will The Fed Accept 3%?

US SECULAR INFLATION MODEL FEATURES	Δ-ADJUSTED Z-SCORE (Latest Value vs. 2010-19 Sample)
Automation: Capex/Employee Compensation (Latest Value = 26%)	0.5
Commodities: CRB Index (Latest Value = 546)	2.4
Demographics: Share of Population ≥ 65 Years Old (Latest Value = 17%)	2.2
Fed Reaction Function: Fed Balance Sheet as a % of GDP (Latest Value = 33%)	3.6
Globalization: Imports of Goods and Services as a % of GDP (Latest Value = 15%)	1.2
Household Formation: Net Change in Domestic Households (Latest Value = 1881)	2.6
Income Inequality: Gini Coefficient (Latest Value = 0.49)	(3.3)
Labor Supply: Labor Force Participation Rate (Latest Value = 62.6)	1.0
Money Supply: M2 YoY (Latest Value = -2.4%)	(4.4)
Money Velocity: M2/Nominal GDP (Latest Value = 1.2)	(3.1)
Monopsony Power: S&P 100 Market Cap/S&P 500 Market Cap (Latest Value = 67%)	(4.1)
Populism: 25-54 Employment-to-Population Ratio (Latest Value = 78%)	(0.2)
Productivity: Output Per Hour of Nonfarm Labor YoY (Latest Value = -1.8%)	3.3
Public Debt: Federal Debt Held by the Public as a % of GDP (Latest Value = 107%)	6.0
Technology: NASDAQ 100 Market Cap/Russell 3000 Market Cap (Latest Value = 37%)	(3.5)
Wages: Employment Cost Index YoY (Latest Value = 5.1%)	8.1
Wealth Effect: Household Net Worth as a % of DPI (Latest Value = 772%)	2.5
Wealth Inequality: Top-10% Share of Household Wealth (Latest Value = 52%)	(0.4)
Mean Z-Score	0.8
Weighted Z-Score	2.1
2010-19 Trend of Core PCE YoY	1.6%
2020-29 Trend Projection - Mean Z-Score Model	2.4%
2020-29 Trend Projection - Weighted Z-Score Model	2.9%
2020-to-date Trend of Core PCE YoY	3.3%



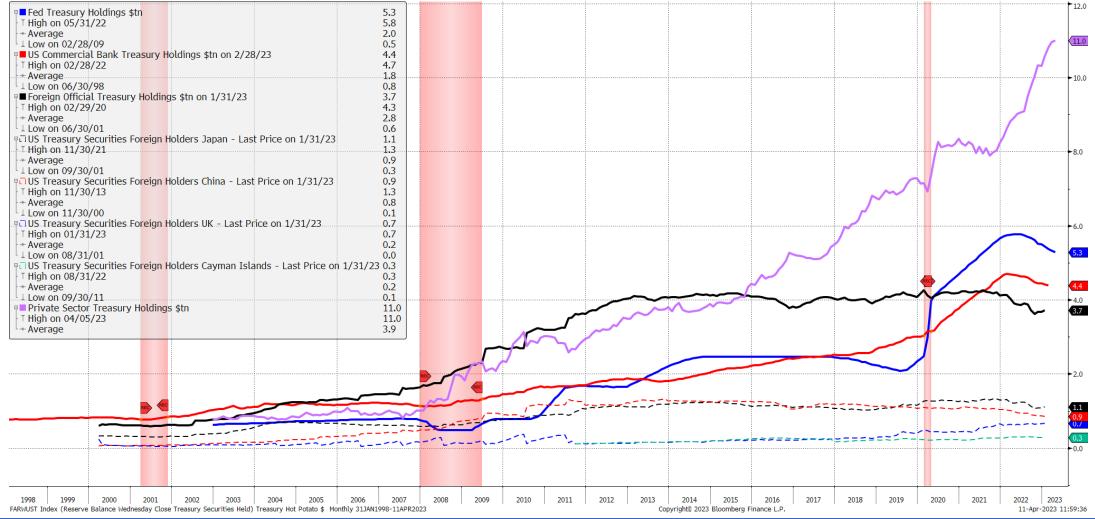
© 42 Macro LLC. Data Source: Bloomberg. Highest weighted features in **bold**.

Treasurys Are Grossly Mispriced In A World Where 3-5% Inflation Is The Norm



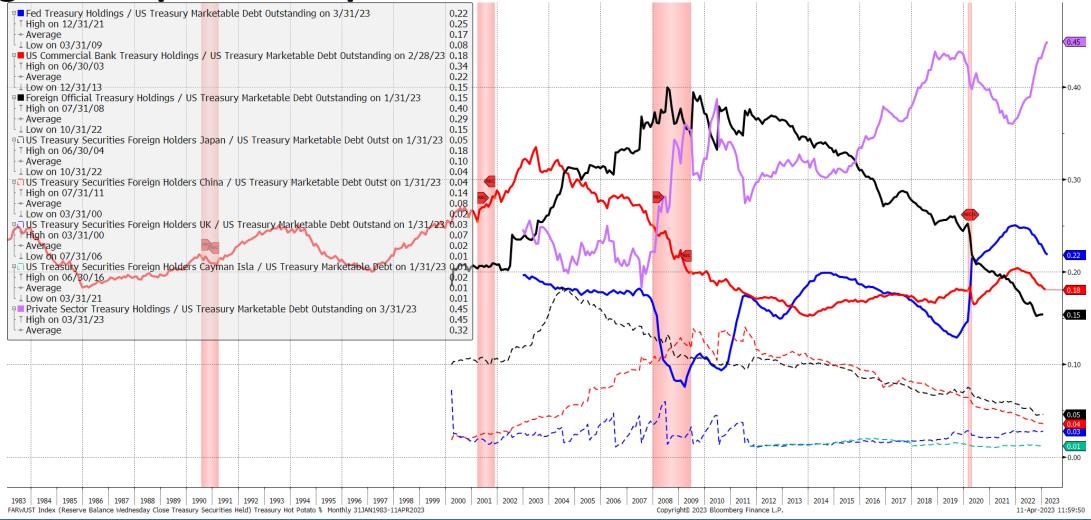


The US Treasury Cannot Afford For The Fed To Lose This Battle With Inflation





... Because Private Sector Creditors Will Demand Structurally Higher Coupons To Capitalize The US Government



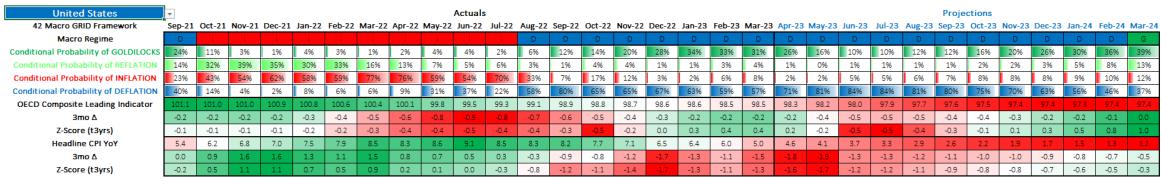


Blocking And Tackling





We Use The 42 Macro GRID Model To Measure And Map The Top Two Principal Components Of Asset Market Returns: Growth & Inflation

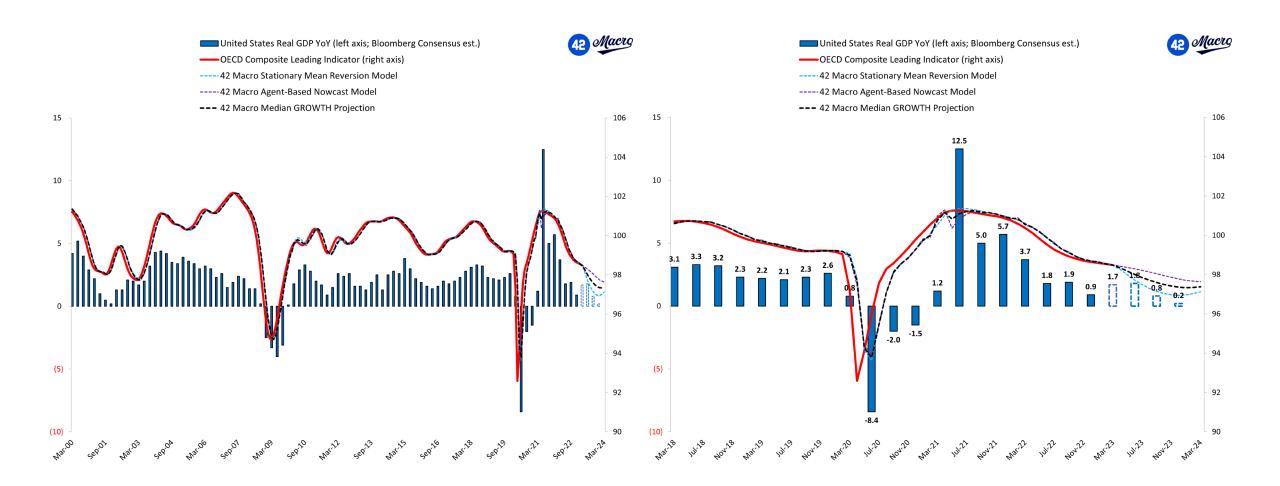






US GROWTH: Secular View

US GROWTH: Cyclical View





US GROWTH Agent-Based Nowcast Model

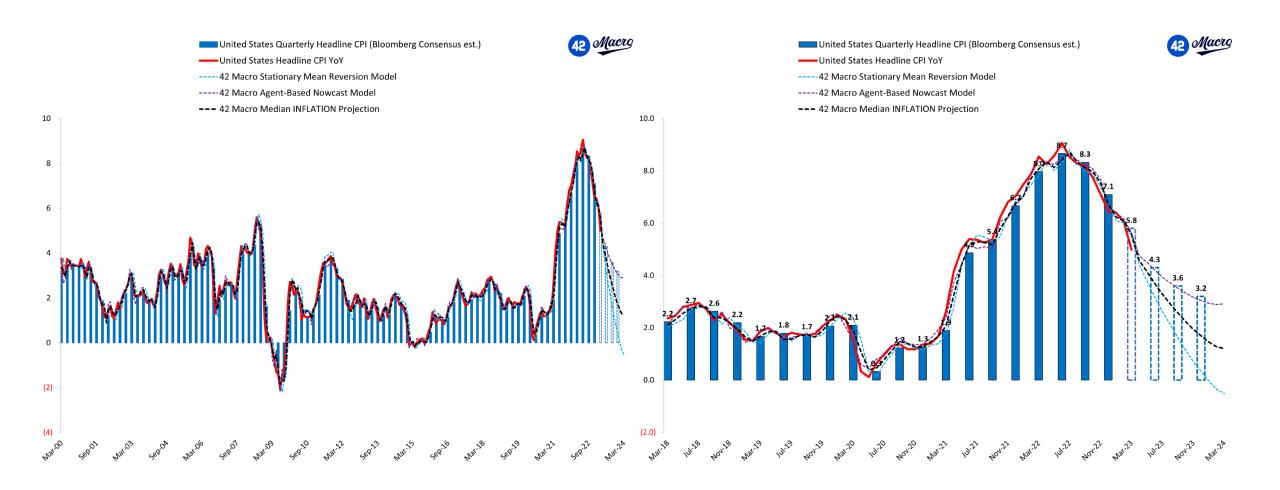
	_											42 Ma	icro Ag	ent-Ba	sed No	wcast	GROW	TH Mo	del Fea	atures											
United States	⊸ p-20	Oct-20	Nov-20	Dec-20	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21	Jan-22	Feb-22	Mar-22	Apr-22	May-22	Jun-22	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-2
USA OECD Leading Indicators CLI Amplitude Adjusted SA	98.6	99.0	99.4	99.8	100.2	100.5	100.9	101.2	101.3	101.3	101.2	101.2	101.1	101.0	101.0	100.9	100.8	100.6	100.4	100.1	99.8	99.5	99.3	99.1	98.9	98.8	98.7	98.6	98.6	98.5	98.5
US Industrial Production YOY SA (5%)	-6.3	-4.9	-4.9	-3.6	-2.0	-5.4	1.0	16.6	15.6	9.2	5.1	4.4	3.4	4.0	4.5	3.0	2.3	6.6	4.4	4.6	3.7	3.2	3.0	3.1	4.5	3.1	1.9	0.6	1.4	1.0	0.5
US Trade Balance of Exports YOY SA (4%)	-14.1	-12.3	-10.9	-8.3	-4.7	-6.9	9.8	37.7	43.8	32.6	24.4	22.4	16.7	21.9	21.1	19.8	15.1	20.1	17.6	21.7	21.5	22.3	22.0	21.5	22.5	13.6	10.5	7.1	13.5	8.1	
etail Sales Less Food Services Auto Dealers & Building Mat& Gas Station SA YoY (4%)	12.0	11.1	10.4	8.0	14.5	11.3	17.6	33.2	19.4	14.8	9.4	12.1	10.7	12.6	13.6	12.7	9.7	11.8	4.2	5.6	7.0	6.1	8.7	7.2	7.0	6.1	5.2	6.9	6.7	7.3	5.5
ISM Manufacturing PMI SA (7%)	55.5	58.7	57.3	60.2	59.3	60.8	63.8	61.0	61.9	61.1	60.0	59.6	60.7	60.4	60.8	58.6	57.6	58.4	57.0	55.9	56.1	53.1	52.7	52.9	51.0	50.0	49.0	48.4	47.4	47.7	46.
ISM Services PMI (8%)	57.1	56.1	56.1	57.5	58.7	56.4	62.3	63.0	63.9	61.2	64.0	61.7	62.1	66.6	67.6	61.7	60.4	57.2	58.4	57.5	56.4	56.0	56.4	56.1	55.9	54.5	55.5	49.2	55.2	55.1	51.
ISA Business Tendency Manufacturing Confidence Composite OECD Normalsd SA (3%)	1.9	2.2	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.8	3.5	3.8	3.4	2.4	1.5	1.1	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.0	-0.4	-0.8	-1.1	-1.3	-1.3	-1.5	-1.6	-1.8	-2.1	-2.3	-2.4	-2.2	-2.1	-2.1	-2.0
USA Consumer Opinion Confidence Composite OECD Normalised SA (3%)	-1.8	-1.9	-2.2	-2.4	-2.4	-1.8	-0.5	0.9	1.3	1.1	0.6	-0.1	-0.7	-1.1	-1.2	-1.3	-1.6	-2.0	-2.6	-3.0	-3.4	-3.6	-3.1	-2.3	-1.8	-1.5	-1.3	-0.9	-0.4	0.1	0.2
US Employees on Nonfarm Payrolls Total SA (6%)	-6.3	-5.9	-5.9	-6.1	-6.0	-5.8	-4.4	10.9	9.0	5.9	5.4	4.6	4.2	4.3	4.5	5.1	5.0	5.2	4.9	4.9	4.8	4.5	4.4	4.2	4.0	3.7	3.4	3.2	3.3	2.9	2.7
US Employees on Nonfarm Payrolls Total Private SA (6%)	-6.9	-6.3	-6.1	-6.4	-6.3	-6.0	-4.4	13.1	10.3	6.5	5.9	5.3	4.9	4.8	5.0	5.7	5.6	5.9	5.6	5.6	5.5	5.3	5.0	4.8	4.6	4.1	3.8	3.5	3.5	3.0	2.1
US Avg Weekly Hours Nonfarm Total Private Production and Nonsupervisory SA (0%)	1.8	1.8	2.4	1.8	2.7	1.2	3.0	2.7	1.2	0.9	0.9	0.0	0.3	0.0	-0.3	-0.3	-1.4	0.6	-0.9	-0.9	-0.9	-0.6	-0.9	-0.6	-0.9	-0.6	-0.9	-0.9	0.3	-0.9	-0.
Average Weekly Earnings Total (1%)	4.2	6.7	8.3	6.2	8.2	4.9	6.5	4.2	5.1	5.1	6.1	5.2	6.3	6.5	5.0	6.0	6.7	7.4	6.0	5.6	5.8	6.1	5.7	3.9	6.0	6.8	4.9	4.2	5.4	4.7	4.
US Job Openings By Industry Total SA (2%)	-9.1	-6.9	-0.6	2.2	-0.1	10.9	45.0	98.2	76.3	64.6	67.1	72.3	67.1	66.7	63.4	72.5	60.1	49.5	43.2	26.6	16.3	8.9	4.6	-7.0	-0.3	-7.9	-4.3	-5.0	-8.0	-14.4	
Bureau of Labor Statistics Employment Diffusion Nonfarm Payrolls +1 Month SA (4%)	72.6	71.2	63.6	68.0	59.2	64.0	78.0	70.2	67.6	69.2	72.2	74.8	71.4	74.4	78.6	78.8	66.6	84.6	79.0	68.8	70.6	69.2	72.2	62.0	63.4	65.2	63.4	64.0	64.6	57.4	60
US Personal Consumption Expenditures Chained 2012 Dollars SAAR (5%)	-0.8	-0.6	-1.4	-2.0	-0.1	-1.3	10.4	25.5	15.4	9.8	7.9	7.6	6.6	7.1	7.4	7.0	5.6	6.7	2.3	2.4	2.6	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.1	1.7	1.4	1.9	2.7	2.5	
Real Personal Consumption Expenditures of Goods (3%)	10.5	10.2	8.7	6.9	12.8	9.9	22.0	38.1	17.9	11.1	6.7	7.4	5.8	7.3	7.8	6.3	3.9	5.0	-4.6	-3.0	-1.8	-1.6	-0.3	0.0	-0.2	-0.6	-1.5	-0.2	0.5	1.6	
US Personal Consumption Expenditures Services Chained 2012 Dollars SAAR (6%)	-5.8	-5.4	-5.9	-6.1	-5.8	-6.2	4.8	19.5	14.1	9.1	8.5	7.8	7.0	6.9	7.3	7.4	6.4	7.6	6.1	5.3	5.0	4.1	3.5	3.5	3.4	2.9	2.9	3.1	3.9	3.0	
US Disposable Personal Income Chained 2012 Dollars SA (1%)	5.3	4.7	2.9	3.5	12.9	2.8	28.0	-5.7	-3.9	-3.5	-3.4	0.4	-1.4	-0.9	0.1	-0.3	-11.5	-3.4	-21.6	-7.4	-4.8	-4.7	-4.6	-4.1	-2.6	-2.0	-1.4	-0.8	3.0	3.3	
Adjusted Retail & Food Services Sales Total SA (3%)	6.6	5.9	4.2	3.2	9.3	6.9	30.3	53.7	29.0	19.8	15.5	15.7	14.4	16.4	18.8	17.7	13.6	17.3	7.4	7.8	8.7	8.8	10.0	9.7	8.4	8.0	5.9	6.2	7.6	5.9	2.9
MBA US Purchase Index SA (1%)	21.6	21.8	27.3	24.7	17.9	1.5	40.4	32.0	-11.7	-17.3	-17.7	-16.3	-12.6	-10.0	-9.4	-13.0	-6.7	-8.7	-10.2	-11.0	-14.3	-4.7	-15.8	-23.1	-37.9	-40.8	-41.7	-42.2	-39.0	-41.2	-37
US Auto Sales Total Annualized SAAR (1%)	-4.9	-2.1	-9.0	-2.6	-1.2	-6.9	56.1	115.7	39.1	17.7	1.6	-14.0	-25.5	-19.9	-17.3	-23.5	-9.6	-10.2	-24.9	-22.8	-25.4	-15.4	-9.5	0.9	10.8	14.7	10.0	7.0	4.7	5.8	11
US Capacity Utilization % of Total Capacity SA (5%)	-6.3	-4.6	-4.4	-2.8	-1.3	-4.7	2.3	18.5	17.9	11.2	7.9	6.9	5.8	6.3	6.6	4.9	4.0	8.1	5.6	5.5	4.2	3.4	3.0	2.8	3.9	2.3	0.9	-0.5	0.1	-0.4	-0
US Manufacturers New Orders Total SA (6%)	-3.9	-2.7	-0.2	0.6	1.5	1.1	12.9	31.2	26.3	18.9	13.0	13.0	11.4	12.2	13.2	11.9	11.7	12.1	12.9	14.4	14.2	14.0	12.4	11.4	12.0	10.4	7.1	8.4	3.8	2.7	
Capital Goods New Orders Nondefense Excluding Aircraft SA (4%)	-4.7	-3.7	-1.3	1.6	3.9	5.4	8.5	22.3	18.5	16.4	14.3	14.6	11.5	12.5	13.0	11.3	11.5	11.6	10.6	7.6	9.9	8.9	8.8	8.4	8.0	6.3	5.3	5.0	4.0	4.2	
US Durable Goods New Orders Industries SA (4%)	1.6	3.0	7.4	7.5	5.2	2.6	20.6	48.7	34.7	23.7	13.2	13.3	9.4	9.0	11.2	10.8	11.4	10.5	9.5	12.2	10.8	11.3	10.7	9.3	11.2	10.3	6.8	11.2	2.5	2.2	
US Trade Balance of Imports SA (4%)	-6.1	-2.3	1.3	0.4	3.8	4.3	17.8	34.7	38.0	35.6	22.7	21.0	20.6	18.8	20.8	21.3	20.4	23.5	27.2	23.9	23.1	20.0	16.8	13.8	14.4	13.5	2.1	1.6	3.8	0.7	
Association of American Railroads Total Traffic US Freight Carloads (2%)	-2.1	1.4	3.6	8.4	2.2	1.8	16.1	30.7	34.1	12.4	3.0	-0.7	-1.3	-2.0	-4.8	-3.2	-3.0	1.9	-0.7	-6.3	-2.9	-4.4	0.6	1.4	-3.1	0.8	-4.1	-6.8	-6.3	-7.4	-9
Census Bureau US Construction Spending Total SA (3%)	4.9	6.2	5.7	7.0	6.3	4.5	6.1	9.7	10.9	11.3	11.0	10.4	8.5	7.8	7.9	7.3	9.0	11.7	10.5	10.7	10.6	10.8	11.0	9.5	10.7	10.0	10.5	9.4	6.9	5.2	

Data Source: Bloomberg. Intellectual Property of 42 Macro LLC. Nowcast feature weights are dynamically retrained monthly according to the relative strength of the first difference regressions between the independent and the dependent variables.



US INFLATION: Secular View

US INFLATION: Cyclical View





US INFLATION Agent-Based Nowcast Model

	_											42 Ma	cro Ag	ent-Ba	sed INI		Now	cast M	odel Fe	atures											
United States	⇒ p-20	Oct-20	Nov-20	Dec-20	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21	Jan-22	Feb-22	Mar-22	Apr-22	May-22	Jun-22	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23
US CPI Urban Consumers NSA YoY	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.7	2.6	4.2	5.0	5.4	5.4	5.3	5.4	6.2	6.8	7.0	7.5	7.9	8.5	8.3	8.6	9.1	8.5	8.3	8.2	7.7	7.1	6.5	6.4	6.0	5.0
US CPI Urban Consumers Less Food & Energy YoY NSA (7%)	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.6	3.0	3.8	4.5	4.3	4.0	4.0	4.6	4.9	5.5	6.0	6.4	6.5	6.2	6.0	5.9	5.9	6.3	6.6	6.3	6.0	5.7	5.6	5.5	5.6
US PPI Final Demand YoY NSA (8%)	0.3	0.6	0.8	0.8	1.6	3.0	4.1	6.5	7.0	7.6	8.0	8.7	8.8	8.9	9.9	10.0	10.1	10.4	11.7	11.2	11.1	11.2	9.7	8.7	8.5	8.2	7.4	6.6	5.9	4.9	2.7
Commodity Research Bureau BLS/US Spot All Commodities (3%)	4.7	5.2	10.9	10.5	13.4	23.1	36.9	50.6	49.4	54.4	48.8	41.8	36.4	39.5	31.7	30.3	27.2	25.3	25.2	20.9	14.8	7.3	3.6	4.5	1.0	-3.8	0.0	-4.1	-4.4	-10.0	-13.2
Commodity Research Bureau BLS/US Spot Foodstuff (3%)	5.2	2.6	10.6	7.0	9.5	23.4	39.6	66.0	57.3	68.3	58.6	48.5	38.4	41.1	31.1	35.5	36.8	37.4	32.1	26.1	22.4	16.9	13.1	16.2	16.3	15.9	18.7	8.7	3.7	-4.5	-6.1
Commodity Research Bureau BLS/US Spot Raw Industrials (2%)	4.4	7.0	11.1	13.0	16.2	22.9	35.0	40.8	44.2	45.5	42.5	37.3	35.0	38.3	32.1	26.8	20.9	17.5	20.7	17.4	9.7	1.1	-2.5	-2.8	-8.4	-15.4	-11.2	-12.0	-9.7	-13.6	-17.8
US CPI Urban Consumers Food NSA (1%)	3.9	3.9	3.7	3.9	3.8	3.6	3.5	2.4	2.2	2.4	3.4	3.7	4.6	5.3	6.1	6.3	7.0	7.9	8.8	9.4	10.1	10.4	10.9	11.4	11.2	10.9	10.6	10.4	10.1	9.5	8.5
US CPI Urban Consumers Energy NSA (9%)	-7.7	-9.2	-9.4	-7.0	-3.6	2.4	13.2	25.1	28.5	24.5	23.8	25.0	24.8	30.0	33.3	29.3	27.0	25.6	32.0	30.3	34.6	41.6	32.9	23.8	19.8	17.6	13.1	7.3	8.7	5.2	-6.4
US CPI Urban Consumers Commodities Less Food & Energy NSA (4%)	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.7	1.7	1.3	1.7	4.4	6.5	8.7	8.5	7.7	7.3	8.4	9.4	10.7	11.7	12.3	11.7	9.7	8.5	7.2	7.0	7.1	6.6	5.1	3.7	2.1	1.4	1.0	1.5
US CPI Household Furnishings & Supplies NSA (1%)	2.1	1.9	2.9	2.9	2.4	2.3	2.8	3.2	3.7	3.4	3.0	3.3	4.8	6.1	6.0	7.4	9.3	10.3	10.8	10.6	9.7	10.2	10.8	10.6	9.9	8.8	8.3	7.3	6.4	6.3	5.8
US CPI Urban Consumers Apparel NSA (7%)	-6.0	-5.5	-5.2	-3.9	-2.5	-3.6	-2.5	1.9	5.6	4.9	4.2	4.2	3.4	4.3	5.0	5.8	5.3	6.6	6.8	5.4	5.0	5.2	5.1	5.1	5.5	4.1	3.6	2.9	3.1	3.3	3.3
US CPI Transportation Commodities Less Motor Fuel NSA (2%)	4.5	5.3	5.1	5.0	4.6	4.2	4.5	9.2	13.3	20.3	19.8	17.2	14.9	16.5	19.2	21.8	23.4	23.9	21.8	17.2	14.1	9.5	8.8	9.1	8.4	5.5	2.4	-0.9	-2.3	-3.2	-1.8
US CPI Urban Consumers Medical Care Commodities NSA (2%)	0.9	-0.8	-1.1	-2.5	-2.3	-2.5	-2.4	-1.7	-1.9	-2.2	-2.1	-2.5	-1.6	-0.4	0.2	0.4	1.4	2.5	2.7	2.1	2.4	3.2	3.7	4.1	3.7	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.4	3.2	3.6
US CPI Recreation Commodities NSA (5%)	-0.8	-1.3	-1.0	-0.2	-0.2	0.3	0.8	2.9	3.5	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.9	3.3	4.1	4.6	4.7	4.0	3.8	4.5	4.1	3.8	4.0	4.3	3.6	4.1	3.3	2.9	3.2
US CPI Education & Communication Commodities NSA (0%)	-6.0	-5.0	-4.3	-2.5	-1.9	-2.7	-4.9	-2.2	-1.4	-1.2	-0.2	-0.5	2.6	2.5	0.9	0.2	0.8	0.3	1.3	-4.0	-6.0	-5.7	-7.0	-7.3	-8.3	-9.1	-9.7	-10.1	-10.3	-10.5	-10.2
US CPI Urban Consumers Alcoholic Beverages NSA (3%)	1.8	2.3	3.0	2.8	2.4	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.6	1.9	2.4	2.6	2.8	2.2	1.9	2.3	2.7	3.5	3.7	3.9	4.0	4.0	4.2	4.3	4.1	5.0	5.5	5.8	5.8	4.9	4.5
US CPI Urban Consumers Services Less Energy Services NSA (6%)	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.3	1.3	1.6	2.5	2.9	3.1	2.9	2.7	2.9	3.2	3.4	3.7	4.1	4.4	4.7	4.9	5.2	5.5	5.5	6.1	6.7	6.7	6.8	7.0	7.2	7.3	7.1
US CPI Urban Consumers Shelter NSA (2%)	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.7	2.1	2.2	2.6	2.8	2.8	3.2	3.5	3.8	4.1	4.4	4.7	5.0	5.1	5.5	5.6	5.7	6.2	6.6	6.9	7.1	7.5	7.9	8.1	8.2
US CPI Urban Consumers Water and Sewer and Trash Collection Services NSA (0%)	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.4	3.6	3.7	3.5	3.7	3.7	3.5	3.5	4.0	4.2	4.0	4.2	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.6	4.9	4.8	5.0	4.9	5.0	5.2	5.4
US CPI Urban Consumers Medical Care Services NSA (0%)	4.9	3.7	3.2	2.8	2.9	3.0	2.7	2.2	1.5	1.0	0.8	1.0	0.9	1.7	2.1	2.5	2.7	2.4	2.9	3.5	4.0	4.8	5.1	5.6	6.5	5.4	4.4	4.1	3.0	2.1	1.0
US CPI Urban Consumers Transportation Services NSA (5%)	-5.1	-5.1	-3.4	-3.5	-4.1	-4.4	-1.6	5.6	11.2	10.4	6.4	4.6	4.4	4.5	3.9	4.2	5.6	6.6	7.7	8.5	7.9	8.8	9.2	11.3	14.6	15.2	14.2	14.6	14.6	14.6	13.9
US CPI Recreation Services NSA (0%)	2.7	2.6	2.6	1.6	0.3	1.1	1.2	1.8	0.6	1.9	3.7	3.5	3.5	3.8	2.8	3.3	5.0	5.1	4.8	4.4	4.9	4.7	4.5	4.2	4.1	3.9	5.4	5.7	5.8	6.3	5.9
US CPI Education & Communication Services NSA (0%)	2.8	2.7	2.4	2.3	2.0	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.4	1.2	1.3	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.3	2.2	2.4	2.8	2.9	3.3
US Personal Consumption Expenditures Chain Type Price Index SA (12%)	1.3	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.5	3.6	4.0	4.3	4.4	4.5	4.7	5.2	5.9	6.0	6.1	6.4	6.8	6.4	6.5	7.0	6.4	6.3	6.3	6.1	5.7	5.3	5.3	5.0	
US Personal Consumption Expenditures Ex Food & Energy Deflator SA (9%)	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.6	2.0	3.1	3.5	3.8	3.9	3.9	3.9	4.3	4.8	5.0	5.2	5.4	5.4	5.0	4.9	5.0	4.7	4.9	5.2	5.1	4.8	4.6	4.7	4.6	
NFIB Small Business Higher Prices (6%)	13.0	15.0	18.0	16.0	17.0	25.0	26.0	36.0	40.0	47.0	46.0	49.0	46.0	53.0	59.0	57.0	58.0	64.0	66.0	63.0	65.0	63.0	56.0	53.0	51.0	50.0	51.0	43.0	42.0	38.0	37.0
ISM Manufacturing Report on Business Prices Index NSA (2%)	62.8	65.5	65.4	77.6	82.1	86.0	85.6	89.6	88.0	92.1	85.7	79.4	81.2	85.7	82.4	68.2	76.1	75.6	87.1	84.6	82.2	78.5	60.0	52.5	51.7	46.6	43.0	39.4	44.5	51.3	49.2
ISM Services PMI Report on Business Prices SA (0%)	59.9	62.8	64.3	65.7	65.1	71.8	72.9	75.0	78.2	78.0	82.3	76.7	80.6	83.2	83.0				82.9	83.2	80.9	79.1	73.2	72.3	69.8	70.9	70.1	68.1	67.8	65.6	59.5

Data Source: Bloomberg. Intellectual Property of 42 Macro LLC. Nowcast feature weights are dynamically retrained monthly according to the relative strength of the first difference regressions between the independent and the dependent variables.



The **GRIDs** Are Global

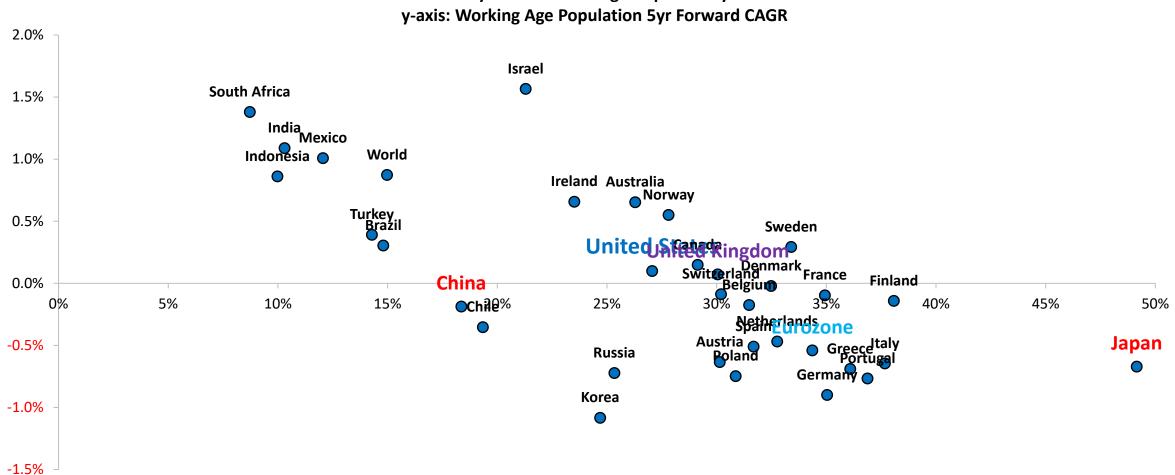


Data Source: Bloomberg, Intellectual property of 42 Macro LLC, GRID Regime backtests performed on monthly observations on a rolling out of sample basis beginning in Jan-98.



MEDIAN

Four Horsemen Of Economic Risk: DEMOGRAPHICS

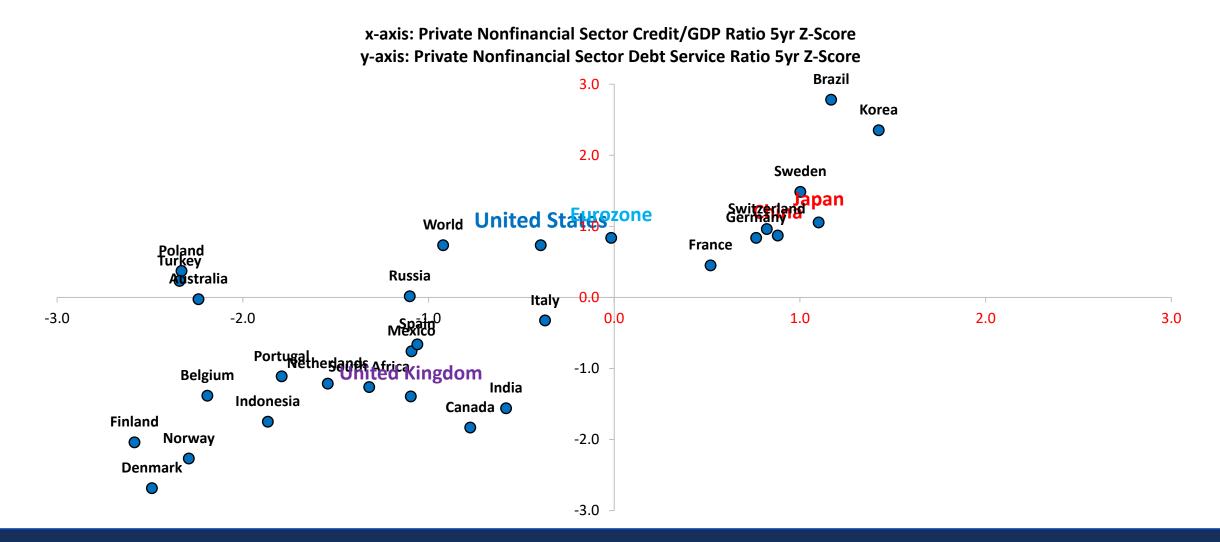


x-axis: 5yr Forward Old-Age Dependency Ratio



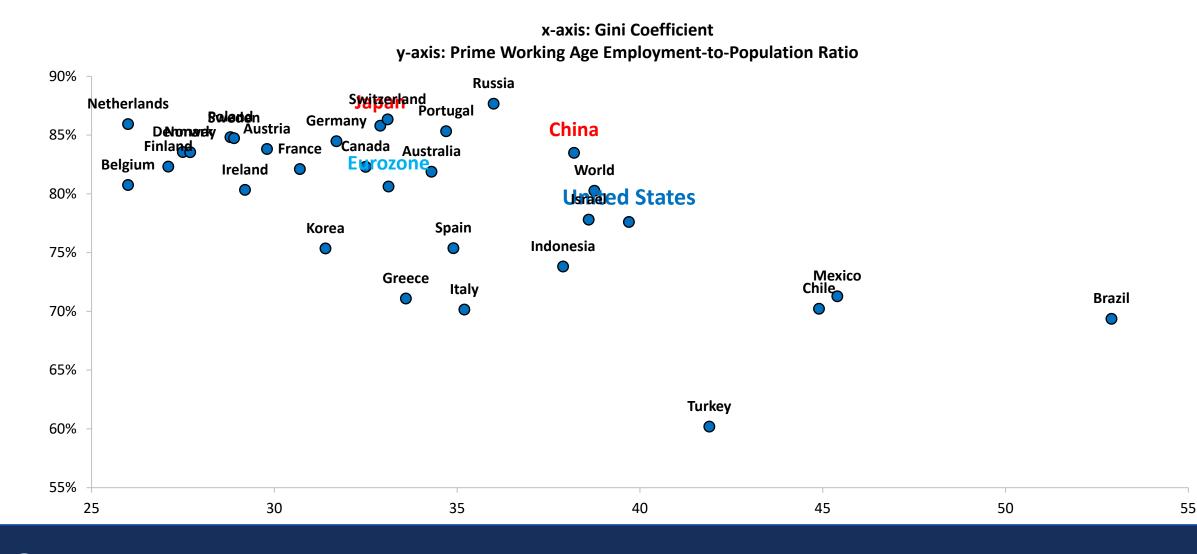
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Four Horsemen Of Economic Risk: LEVERAGE





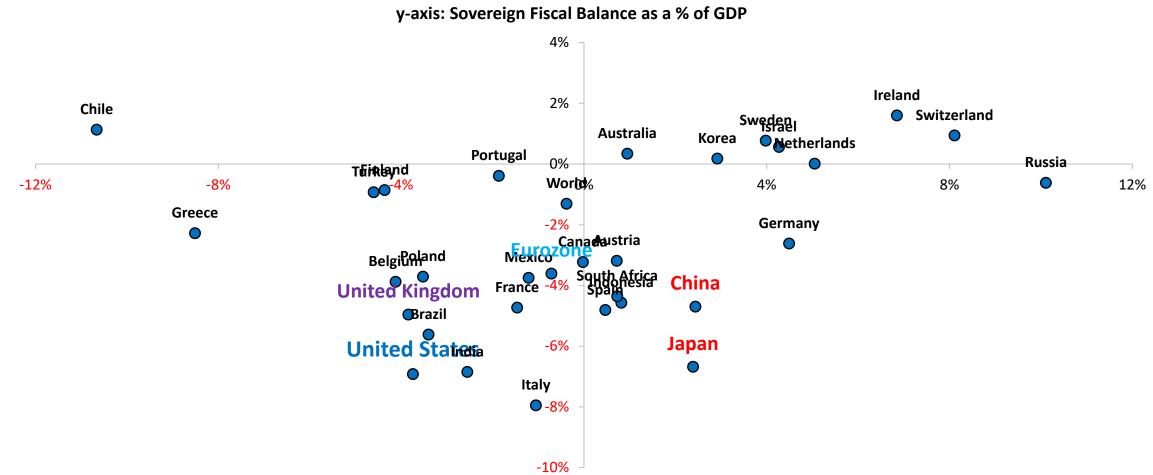
Four Horsemen Of Economic Risk: POLITICS



42 Macro

© 42 Macro LLC. Data Source: Bloomberg, OECD.

Four Horsemen Of Economic Risk: BALANCE OF PAYMENTS



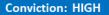




We Use The @42Macro Weather Model In Conjunction With Our GRID Model Framework To Anticipate Inflections In The Liquidity Cycle And Dispersion Within And Across Asset Markets

Ten Principal Co Real Econ	omponents o nomy Indicat				United Sta 4/25/20		Ten Principal Components of Macro: Financial Economy Indicators										
Growth	Previous Value Latest Value Previous Signal Latest Signal Stock Market									Monetary Policy							
OECD Composite Leading Indicator	98.5	98.5	•	•	Stock Warket		•	•	\$5,711	\$5,697	@42Macro Adjusted Net Liquidity \$bn						
Bloomberg Consensus NTM Real GDP Δ	-150bps	-140bps			3-Month Outlook				\$30,165	\$30,202	Global Central Bank Balance Sheet \$bn						
Inflation	Previous Value	e Latest Value I	Previous Sign	nal Latest Signal	Bond Market		Latest Signal	Previous Sign	al Latest Value	Previous Value	e Liquidity						
Headline CPI YoY	6.0%	5.0%			bonu warket				Domestic Narrow Money Supply YoY								
Bloomberg Consensus NTM Headline CPI Δ	-295bps	-170bps		Ψ	3-Month Outlook		Ψ		-1.3%	0.7%	Global PPP-Weighted Narrow Money Supply YoY						
Employment	Previous Value Latest Value Previous Signal Latest Signal US Dollar Latest Signal Previous Signal Latest Value Previous Signal Latest Value Previous Value P							Previous Value	lue Interest Rates								
Unemployment Rate	3.6%	3.5%	•	•	US Dollar		1	^	5.00%	5.00%	Benchmark Policy Rate						
Bloomberg Consensus NTM Unemployment Rate Δ	110bps	100bps	1	•	3-Month Outlook				-108bps	-91bps	2yr Nominal Yield Spread vs. Benchmark Policy Rate						
Corporate Profits	Previous Value	e Latest Value I	Previous Sign	nal Latest Signal	Commodities		Latest Signal	Previous Sign	al Latest Value	Previous Value	Fear						
Bloomberg Consensus NTM Sales Growth Rate	1.5%	1.5%	•	•	commodities		8		10%	14%	Extreme Aggregated US Dollar POSITIONING						
Bloomberg Consensus NTM EPS Growth Rate	-2.2%	-2.2%	♠	•	3-Month Outlook		0		-12%	-14%	Extreme Aggregated US Rates POSITIONING						
Fiscal Policy	Previous Value	e Latest Value I	Previous Sign	nal Latest Signal	Pitasin		Latest Signal	Previous Sign	al Latest Value	Previous Value	Greed						
Sovereign Fiscal Balance/Nominal GDP	-5.5%	-6.9%	^	•	Bitcoin		0		5%	-3%	Extreme Aggregated Commodities POSITIONING						
Real Effective Exchange Rate	106.2	106.7	JL		3-Month Outlook		0	0	-5%	-5%	Extreme Aggregated US Equities POSITIONING						

GRID Regime: DEFLATION

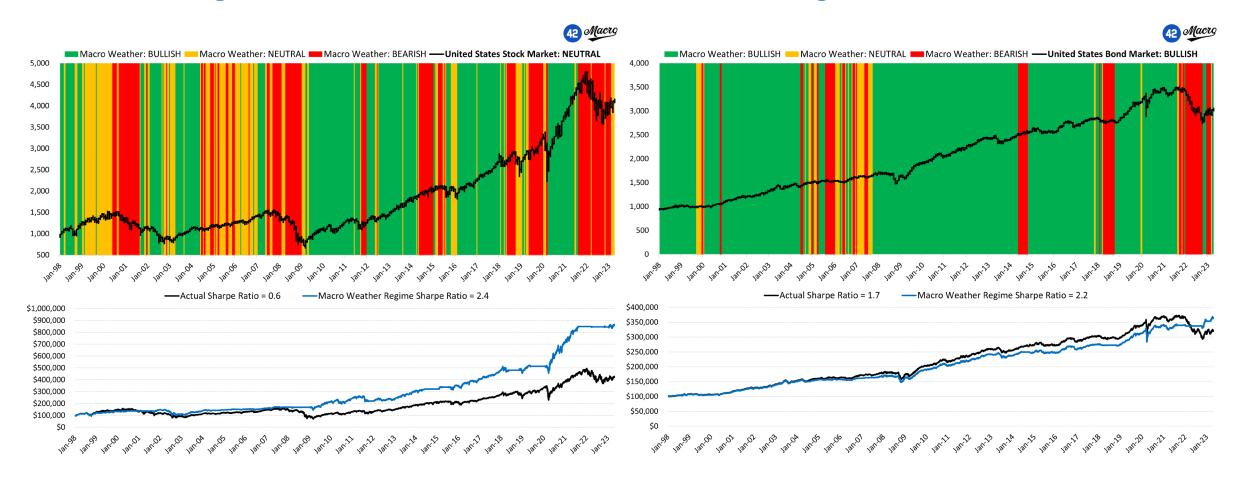




© 42 Macro LLC. Data Source: Bloomberg. How the model works: Each of the 20 features representing the Ten Principal Components of Macro contributes independently to the independent Composite Signals for each asset class. Each Composite Signal is designed to predict whether observed macroeconomic conditions – aka the "Macro Weather" – support buying, holding, or selling the asset class today with a 3-month investment horizon.

Composite @42Macro Weather Model Signal: Stock Market

Composite @42Macro Weather Model Signal: Bond Market

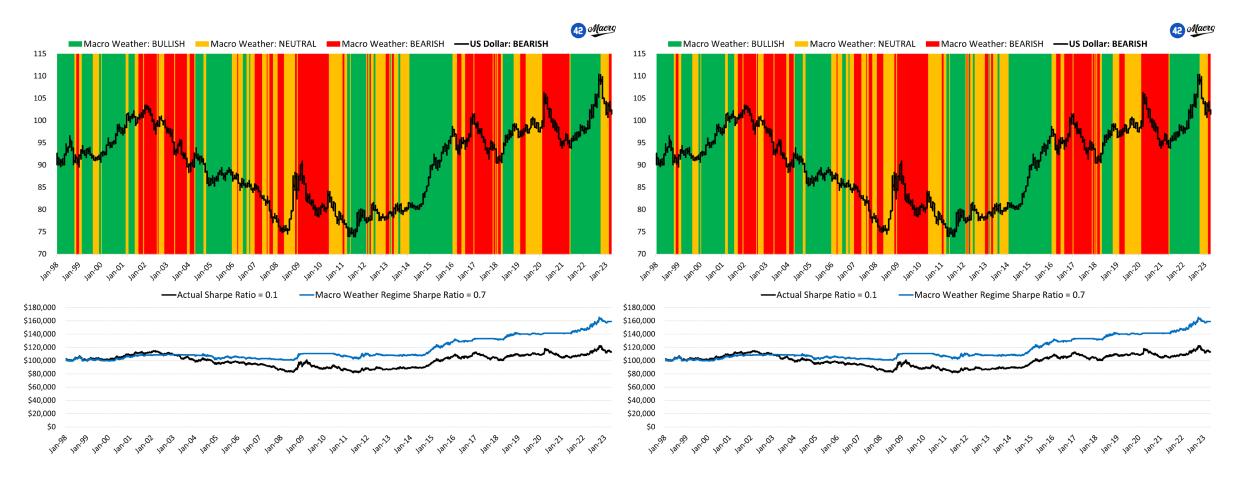


42 Macro

© 42 Macro LLC. Data Source: Bloomberg. Hypothetical growth of a \$100,000 investment made on 1/1/98. The backtest goes long the exposure at the close in the subsequent trading day following a fresh bullish signal, cuts the position in half at the close in the subsequent trading day following a fresh bullish signal, and closes the long position at the close in the subsequent trading day following a fresh bearish signal. The lag is designed to simulate real-world trading conditions. The process works in reverse when exiting bearish periods.

Composite @42Macro Weather Model Signal: US Dollar

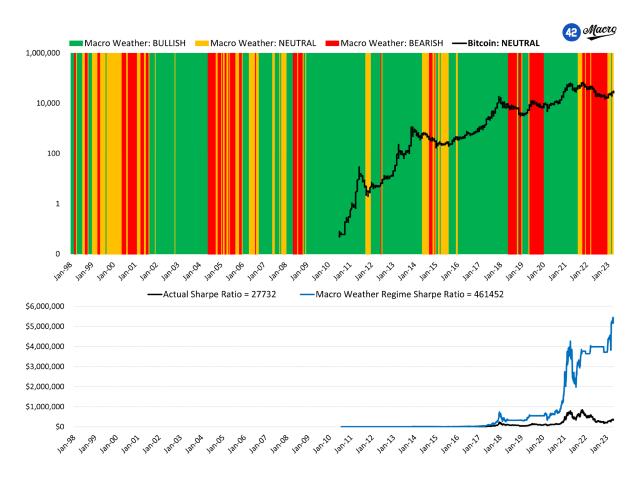
Composite @42Macro Weather Model Signal: Commodities



42 Macro

© 42 Macro LLC. Data Source: Bloomberg. Hypothetical growth of a \$100,000 investment made on 1/1/98. The backtest goes long the exposure at the close in the subsequent trading day following a fresh bullish signal, cuts the position in half at the close in the subsequent trading day following a fresh bullish signal, and closes the long position at the close in the subsequent trading day following a fresh bearish signal. The lag is designed to simulate real-world trading conditions. The process works in reverse when exiting bearish periods.

Composite @42Macro Weather Model Signal: Bitcoin

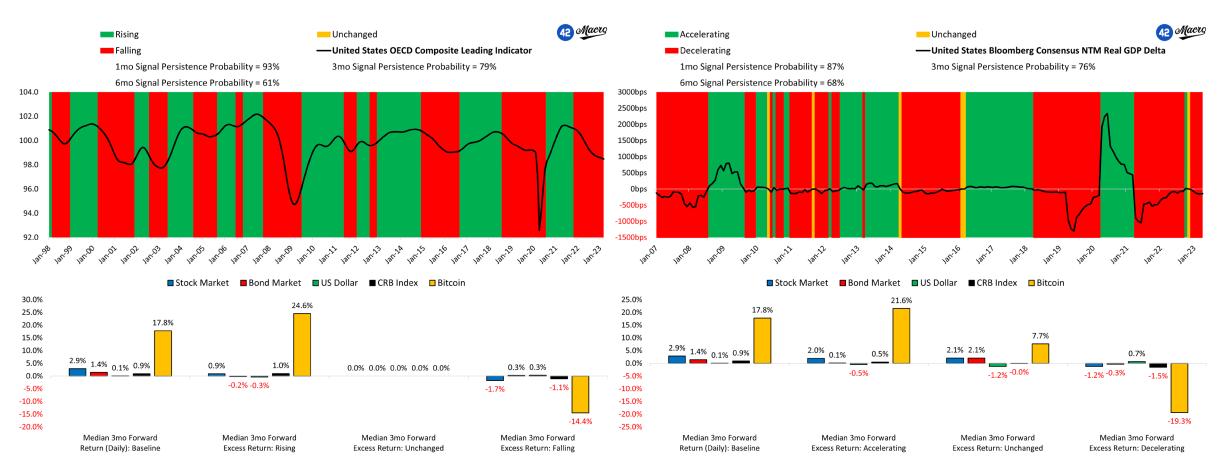




© 42 Macro LLC. Data Source: Bloomberg. Hypothetical growth of a \$1 investment made on 7/19/10 (first day of Bloomberg data). The backtest goes long the exposure at the close in the subsequent trading day following a fresh bullish signal, cuts the position in half at the close in the subsequent trading day following a fresh neutral signal, and closes the long position at the close in the subsequent trading day following a fresh bearish signal. The lag is designed to simulate real-world trading conditions. The process works in reverse when exiting bearish periods.

Growth: OECD Composite Leading Indicator

Growth: Bloomberg Consensus NTM Real GDP Δ





Inflation: Headline CPI YoY

Inflation: Bloomberg Consensus NTM Headline CPI Δ





Employment: Unemployment Rate

Employment: Bloomberg Consensus NTM Unemployment Rate Δ



42 Macro

Corporate Profits: Bloomberg Consensus NTM Sales Growth Rate

Corporate Profits: Bloomberg Consensus NTM EPS Growth Rate



42 Macro

Fiscal Policy: Sovereign Fiscal Balance/Nominal GDP

Fiscal Policy: Real Effective Exchange Rate

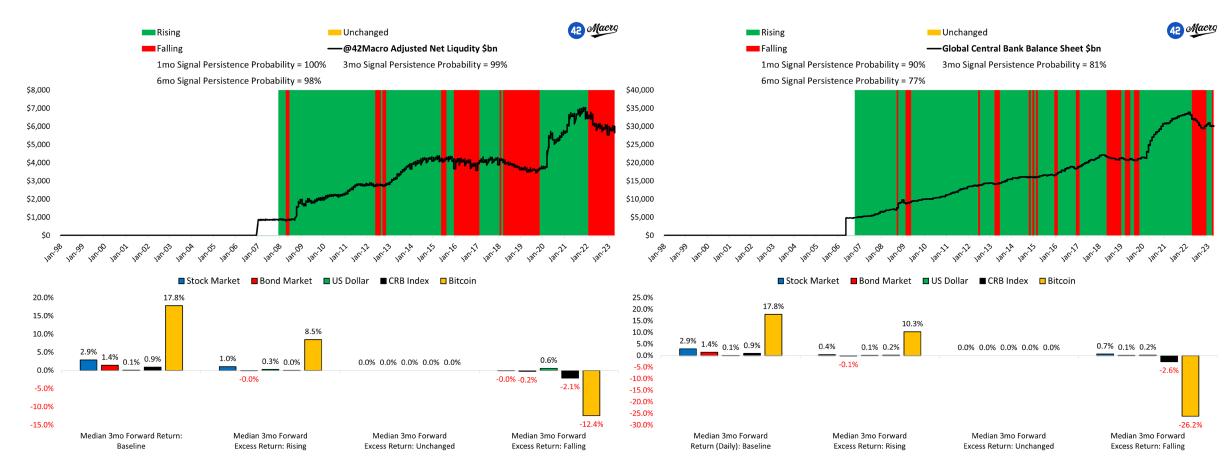




© 42 Macro LLC. Data Source: Bloomberg. The @42Macro Weather Model works by segmenting each feature into distinct regimes and conducting rolling out-of-sample backtests on indiscrete periods to quantify dispersion across regimes, for each liquid asset class. The dispersion identified by these independent out-of-sample backtests contribute independently to each independent Composite Signal.

Monetary Policy: @42Macro Adjusted Net Liquidity

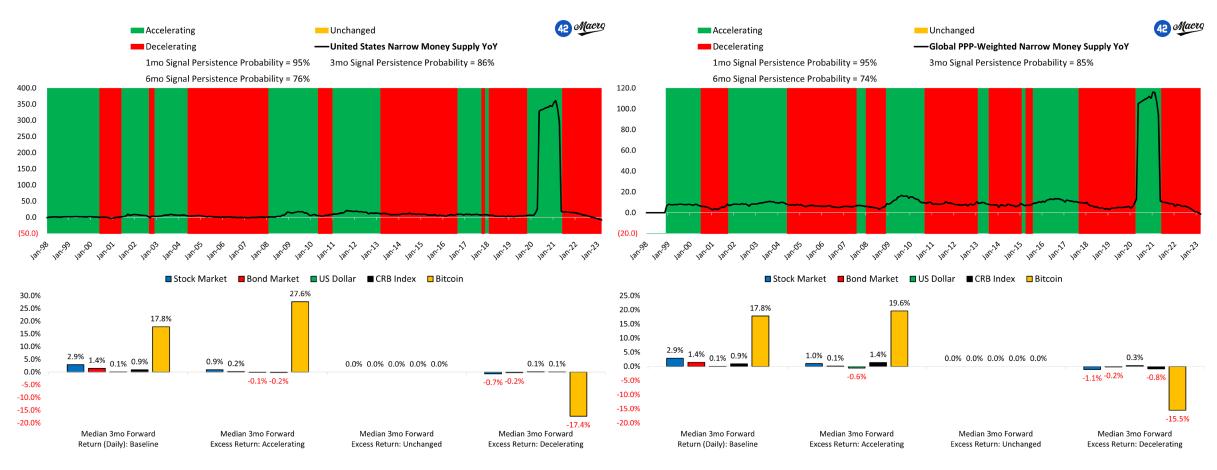
Monetary Policy: Global Central Bank Balance Sheet





Liquidity: Domestic Narrow Money Supply YoY

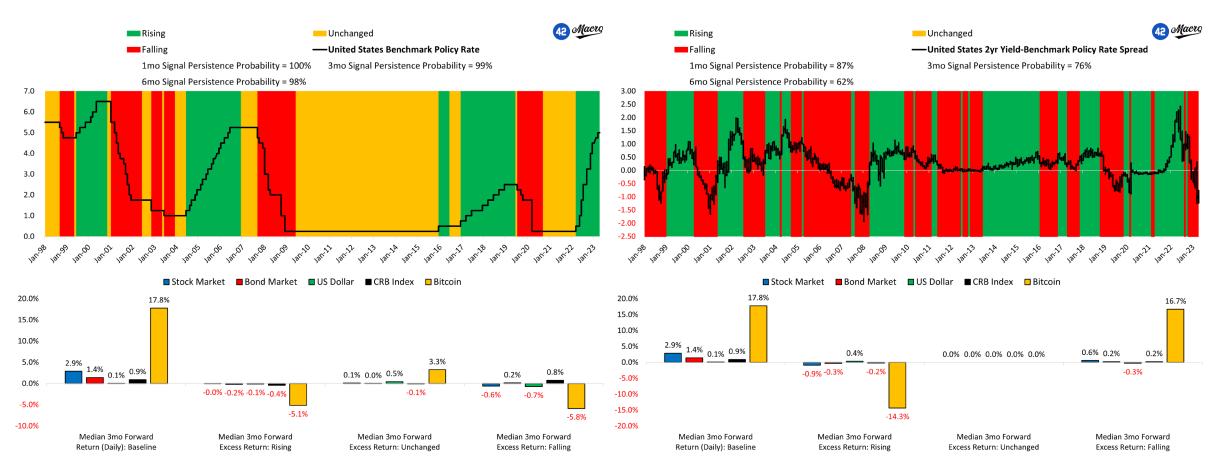
Liquidity: Global PPP-Weighted Narrow Money Supply YoY





Interest Rates: Benchmark Policy Rate

Interest Rates: 2yr Nominal Yield Spread vs. Benchmark Policy Rate

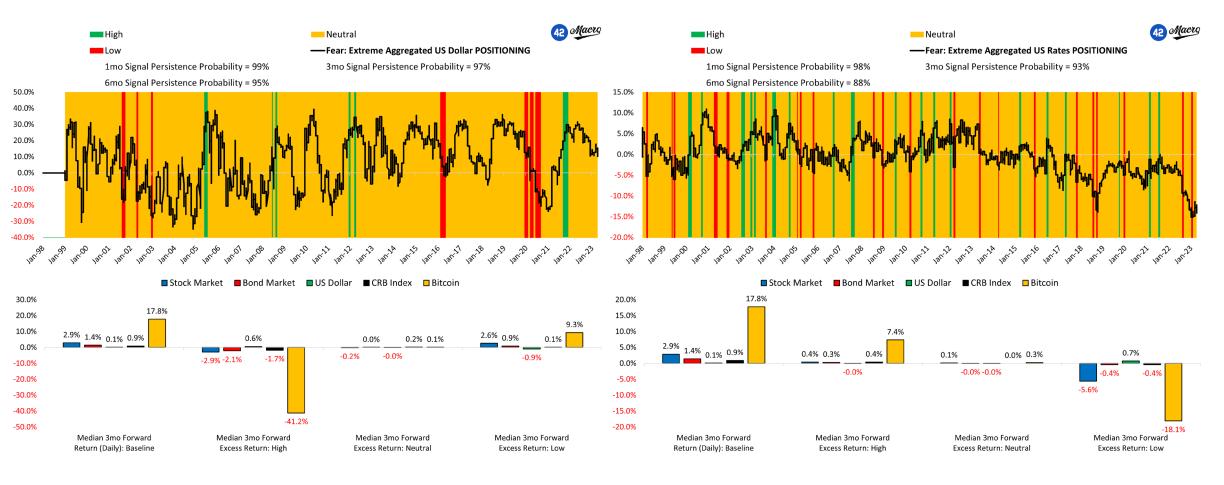




© 42 Macro LLC. Data Source: Bloomberg. The @42Macro Weather Model works by segmenting each feature into distinct regimes and conducting rolling out-of-sample backtests on indiscrete periods to quantify dispersion across regimes, for each liquid asset class. The dispersion identified by these independent out-of-sample backtests contribute independently to each independent Composite Signal.

Fear: Extreme Aggregated US Dollar POSITIONING

Fear: Extreme Aggregated US Rates POSITIONING

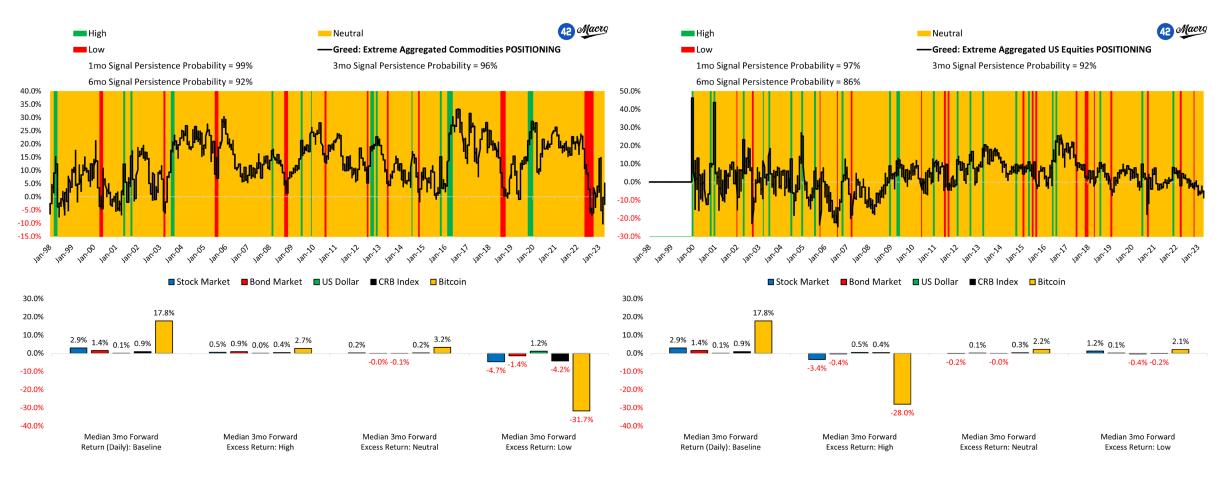




© 42 Macro LLC. Data Source: Bloomberg. The @42Macro Weather Model works by segmenting each feature into distinct regimes and conducting rolling out-of-sample backtests on indiscrete periods to quantify dispersion across regimes, for each liquid asset class. The dispersion identified by these independent out-of-sample backtests contribute independently to each independent Composite Signal.

Greed: Extreme Aggregated Commodities POSITIONING

Greed: Extreme Aggregated US Equities POSITIONING





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Thanks for reviewing. See you next month!

42 Macro Product Walkthroughs: https://42macro.com/walkthrough

42 Macro Playbook:

https://42macro.com/the-playbook/



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